

$$S_{\square} = \frac{2x \times 3x \times \sin 120^\circ}{2} = 3\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow x^2 = \frac{3\sqrt{3} \times 2}{3} = 2\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow x_1 = \sqrt{6}, x_2 = -\sqrt{6}$$

$$P_{\square} = 2x \times 2x + 2x \times 3x = 10x = \boxed{10}$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{2 \times 1 \times \sin \hat{A}}{2} = 1 \times \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{2 \times 2 \times \sin \hat{A}}{2} = 2 \sin \hat{A}$$

$$S_{ABC} > S_{ADE} \Rightarrow \frac{2 \times 2}{2} \sin \hat{A} - 1 \times \sin \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow 1 \sin \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow \hat{A} = 90^\circ$$

$$\tan \hat{A} = \tan 90^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{|\cos \alpha|} = -\frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = -\tan \alpha = \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha \Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0 \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow -\tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow |\cos \alpha| = -\cos \alpha$$

$\Rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0 \quad (2)$ $(1), (2) \Rightarrow$ انتهای کمان α در ناحیه سوم می باشد

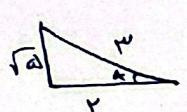
$$\sin \alpha = \sin(\pi - \alpha) = \sin \theta = \frac{4}{5} = \frac{4}{5} \quad \theta = \sqrt{\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^2 + 3^2} = \frac{5}{5}$$

$$\cos \alpha = -\cos(\pi - \alpha) = -\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{5}$$


$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right)} = \frac{1 \times \cos \alpha - 0}{0 + 1 \times \sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{-\frac{3}{5}}{\frac{4}{5}} = \boxed{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$\frac{3 \cos(180^\circ + 41^\circ) - 2 \sin(90^\circ + 41^\circ)}{\sin(270^\circ - 41^\circ) - \cos(360^\circ - 41^\circ)} \stackrel{91^\circ = \alpha}{=} \frac{3 \cos(\pi + \alpha) - 2 \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) - \cos(\pi - \alpha)} = \frac{-3 \cos \alpha - 2 \cos \alpha}{-\cos \alpha - \cos \alpha}$$

$$= \frac{-5 \cos \alpha}{-2 \cos \alpha} = \boxed{\frac{5}{2}}$$


 $\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r}$

$$\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha) - \sin(\alpha - \pi)}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\cos \alpha - (-\sin \alpha)}{|\frac{\Delta}{r} - 1|} = \frac{\frac{r}{r} + (-\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r})}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{r - \sqrt{\Delta}}{1} = \boxed{\frac{r - \sqrt{\Delta}}{r}}$$

$\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \tan \alpha = r \Rightarrow$


$$\Rightarrow |\cos \alpha| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Delta}} = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{\Delta} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{\Delta}}$$

$$y = \frac{-r m}{m^2 - 1} x + \frac{r}{m^2 - 1} \Rightarrow \frac{-r m}{m^2 - 1} = \tan \theta_0 = \sqrt{r}$$

$$\sqrt{r} m^2 - \sqrt{r} = -r m \Rightarrow \sqrt{r} m^2 + r m - \sqrt{r} = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = r + r^2 = 1 + r$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} m_1 = \frac{\sqrt{1+r} - r}{r\sqrt{r}} = \frac{r}{r\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \\ m_2 = \frac{-\sqrt{1+r} - r}{r\sqrt{r}} = \frac{-1}{r\sqrt{r}} = \frac{-r\sqrt{r}}{r} \end{cases} \Rightarrow m_1 - m_2 = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} + \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{r} = \boxed{\frac{\Delta\sqrt{r}}{r}}$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha) = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha)}{\cos(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha)} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \cos \alpha - \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \sin \alpha}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \cos \alpha + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha} = A$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} < \cos \alpha \leq 1, \quad -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} < \sin \alpha < \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \min: \cos \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}, \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow A = 0 \\ \max: \cos \alpha = 1, \sin \alpha = 0 \Rightarrow A = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 \leq A \leq 1$$

$$0 \leq \frac{1-m}{r+m} \leq 1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 \leq \frac{1-m}{r+m} \Rightarrow -r < m \leq 1 \quad \textcircled{1} \\ \frac{1-m}{r+m} - 1 \leq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-r m - 1}{r+m} \leq 0 \Rightarrow m \geq -\frac{1}{r} \cup m < -r \quad \textcircled{2} \end{cases} \quad \textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} = \boxed{[-\frac{1}{r}, 1]}$$

$$\tan(r\theta_0 - \theta_0) \times \cos(r\theta_0 - \theta_0) \times \tan \theta_0 \times \sin \theta_0 = (-\tan \theta_0) \times (-\cos \theta_0) \times (-\tan \theta_0) \times \sin \theta_0$$

$$= (-\sqrt{r}) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) (-\sqrt{r}) \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \boxed{-\frac{r}{r}}$$