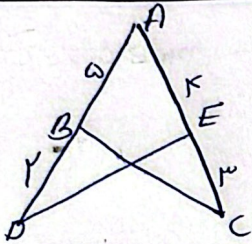


$S = ab \sin \alpha \rightarrow 2K = 2K \times 2K \times \sin \frac{120^\circ}{2} \rightarrow 4K^2 = 10A$
 $K = 9\sqrt{F} \rightarrow K^2 = 81A \rightarrow K = 9\sqrt{F}$
 $\frac{1}{2} = 2(9\sqrt{F} + 4\sqrt{F}) \neq 30\sqrt{F}$



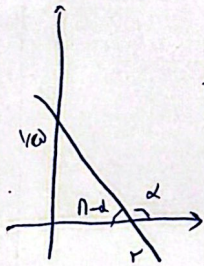
$(\frac{1}{r} \times c \times \sqrt{c} \times \sin A - \frac{1}{r} \times a \times \sqrt{a} \times \sin A) = 1, \sqrt{a}$
 $\frac{\sqrt{c}}{r} \sin A = \frac{1\sqrt{a}}{100} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r} \rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \hat{A} = 30^\circ$
 $\tan \hat{A} = \tan 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$

$-\tan \alpha = \frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$

$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha - 1}{|\cos \alpha|}$

$\frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$

$\sin \alpha < 0$
 $\cos \alpha < 0$ } α در ربع سوم



$\tan(180^\circ - \alpha) = \frac{1 \cdot a}{r} \rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\frac{r}{a}$

$\tan(\frac{180^\circ}{r} - \alpha) = \cot \alpha = \frac{1}{\tan \alpha} = \frac{1}{-\frac{r}{a}} = -\frac{a}{r}$

$\frac{r \cos(180^\circ - 2\alpha) - r \sin(180^\circ - 2\alpha)}{\sin(180^\circ + 2\alpha) - \cos(180^\circ + 2\alpha)} = \frac{-r \sin 2\alpha - r \sin 2\alpha}{-\sin 2\alpha - \sin 2\alpha} = \frac{-2r \sin 2\alpha}{-2 \sin 2\alpha} = \frac{r}{1}$

$\frac{r}{1}$

$$\frac{\sin(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}) - \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4})}{\tan^2(\alpha) - 1} = \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{\tan^2(\alpha) - 1} = \frac{\frac{r}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{a}}{r}}{\frac{a}{r} - 1} = \frac{r - \sqrt{a}}{a - r} = \frac{r - \sqrt{a}}{r} = \frac{r - \sqrt{a}}{r}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \sin^2 \alpha \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \sqrt{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{a}} = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{a}$$

$$\tan 45^\circ = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \frac{-ym}{m^2 - 1} = \sqrt{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{3}m^2 - \sqrt{3} + ym = 0$$

$$\rightarrow m = \frac{-y \pm \sqrt{y^2 + 4\sqrt{3}}}{2\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow |m_1 - m_2| = \frac{2\sqrt{4\sqrt{3}}}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{3\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{4} > -\alpha > \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{4} > \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha > 0 \rightarrow 0 < \tan(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha) < 1$$

$$\frac{1 - m}{1 + m} \rightarrow 0 < \frac{1 - m}{1 + m} < 1$$

$$m \in (-1, 1)$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{4}) \times (\cos \frac{\pi}{4}) + \tan(\frac{\pi}{4}) \times \sin(\frac{\pi}{4}) =$$

$$-\sqrt{3} \times \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} + (-\sqrt{3} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{3}{2} = 0$$