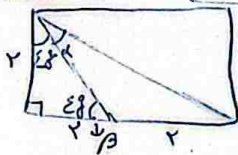


از این استفاده می‌کنیم:  $\cot \beta = 1$   $\Rightarrow \beta = 45^\circ$   $\Rightarrow \alpha = 45^\circ$

$$S = \sqrt{r} \times \frac{1}{r} \times \sin \alpha = r \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{3\pi}{4} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{\alpha_{\max}}{\alpha_{\min}} = \sqrt{r}$$



$$\cot \beta = \frac{r}{r} = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = 45^\circ \quad \cot(45^\circ + \alpha) = \frac{\cot \alpha \cot 45^\circ - 1}{\cot \alpha + \cot 45^\circ} \quad (2)$$

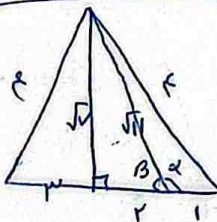
$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{\cot \alpha - 1}{\cot \alpha + 1} \Rightarrow r(\cot \alpha - 1) = \cot \alpha + 1$$

$$\cot \alpha = r$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = 45^\circ \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{r}{r} = \frac{r \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow r = \frac{r \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow r(1 - \tan^2 \alpha) = r \tan \alpha \Rightarrow 1 - \tan^2 \alpha = \tan \alpha$$

$$\tan \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \cot \alpha = 1$$



$$\alpha + \beta = 180^\circ \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\tan \beta$$

$$\tan \beta = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow 1 + \cot^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \quad (4)$$

$$\cot^2 \alpha = r - 1 = r \Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\frac{\sin^r + {}^r \cos^r \alpha}{1 + \cos^r \alpha} = \frac{(1 - \cos^r \alpha)^r + {}^r \cos^r \alpha}{1 + \cos^r \alpha} = \frac{\cos^r \alpha + {}^r \cos^r \alpha + 1}{1 + \cos^r \alpha} \quad (4)$$

$$= 1 + \cos^r \alpha \left/ \frac{\cos^r \alpha + {}^r \sin^r \alpha}{1 + \sin^r \alpha} = \frac{(1 - \sin^r \alpha)^r + {}^r \sin^r \alpha}{1 + \sin^r \alpha} \right.$$

$$\frac{\sin^r \alpha + {}^r \sin^r \alpha + 1}{1 + \sin^r \alpha} = 1 + \sin^r \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \cos^r \alpha - 1 - \sin^r \alpha = \cos^r \alpha - \sin^r \alpha = \cos^r \alpha$$

$$(\cos \alpha)(-\sin \alpha) + \cos \alpha = \dots \quad (4)$$

$$\left(-\frac{r}{10}\right)\left(-\frac{r}{10}\right) + \frac{r}{2} = \frac{-\varepsilon + 10}{100} = \frac{rV}{100}$$

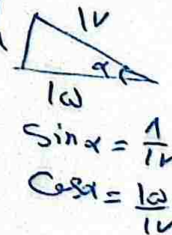
$\sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{10}$   
 $\cos \alpha = -\frac{r}{10}$   
 $\tan \alpha = +\frac{r}{2}$

$$r \cos \frac{\pi}{r} + \sqrt{r} \sin \frac{\pi}{r} - \sqrt{r} \cos \frac{\pi}{r} = \frac{r}{r} + \sqrt{r} \left( \sin \frac{\pi}{r} - \cos \frac{\pi}{r} \right) \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{r}{r} = 1 = \frac{1}{r} \quad \sqrt{r} \times \frac{1}{r} = \sqrt{r} \sin \left( \frac{\pi}{r} + \frac{\pi}{8} \right)$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 + \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{2}}{1 + \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{10} = \tan \alpha \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{10}}{\frac{1}{10} - \frac{10}{10}} = -\frac{14}{100}$$



$$r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \Rightarrow r \sin \alpha (1 - \cos \alpha) < 0 \quad (10)$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > 0 \Rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

$\frac{r \cos \alpha}{r \sin \alpha} > 0 \Rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$