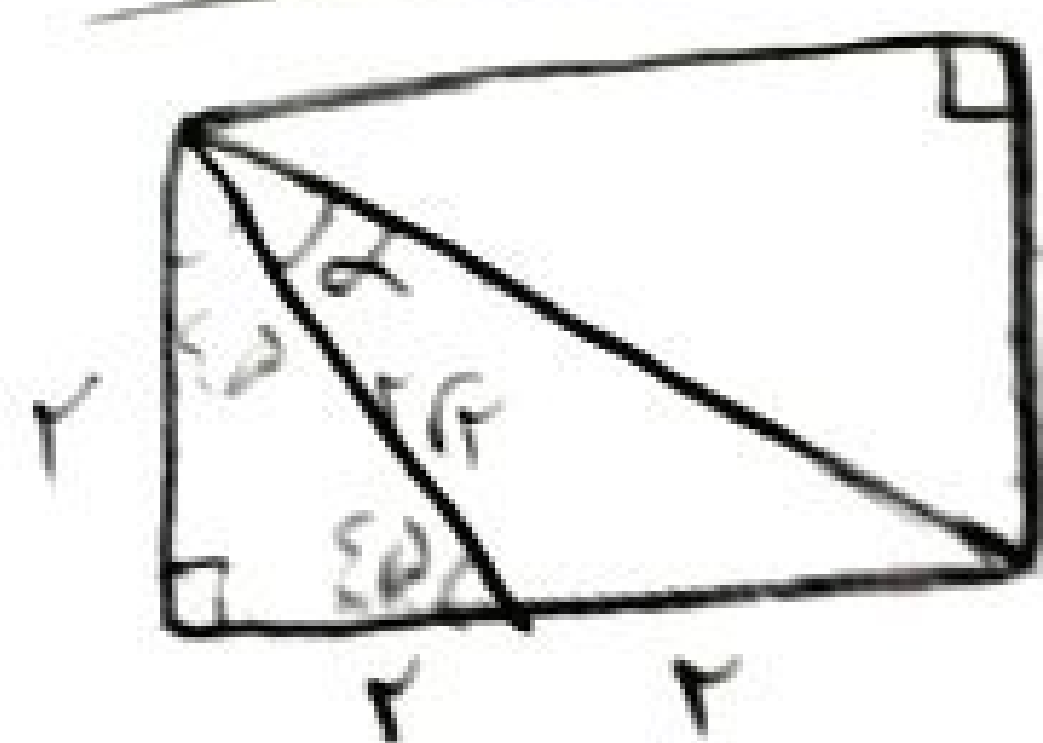
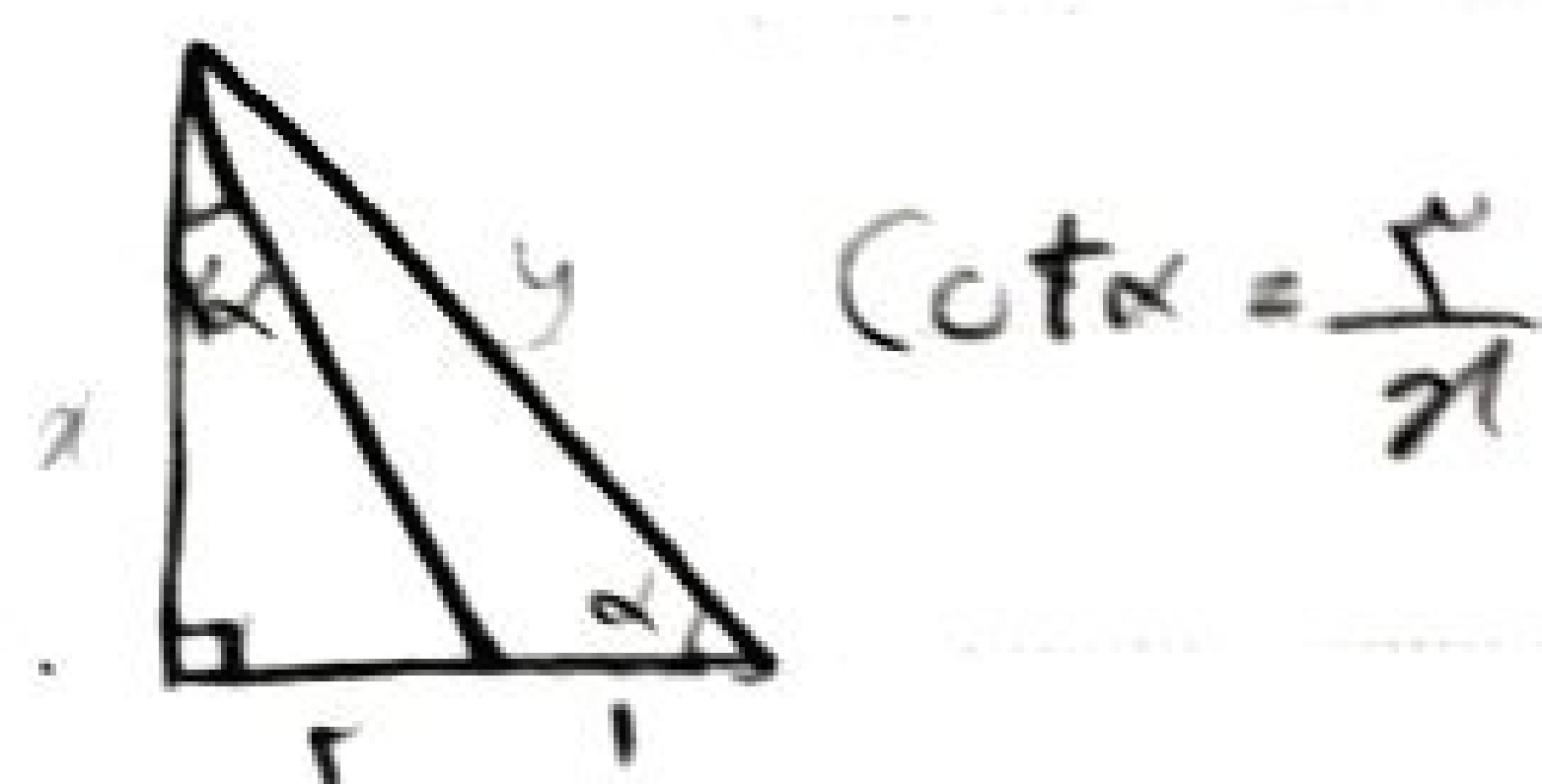


Date: / /

Sat Sun Mon Tue Thu Wed Fri

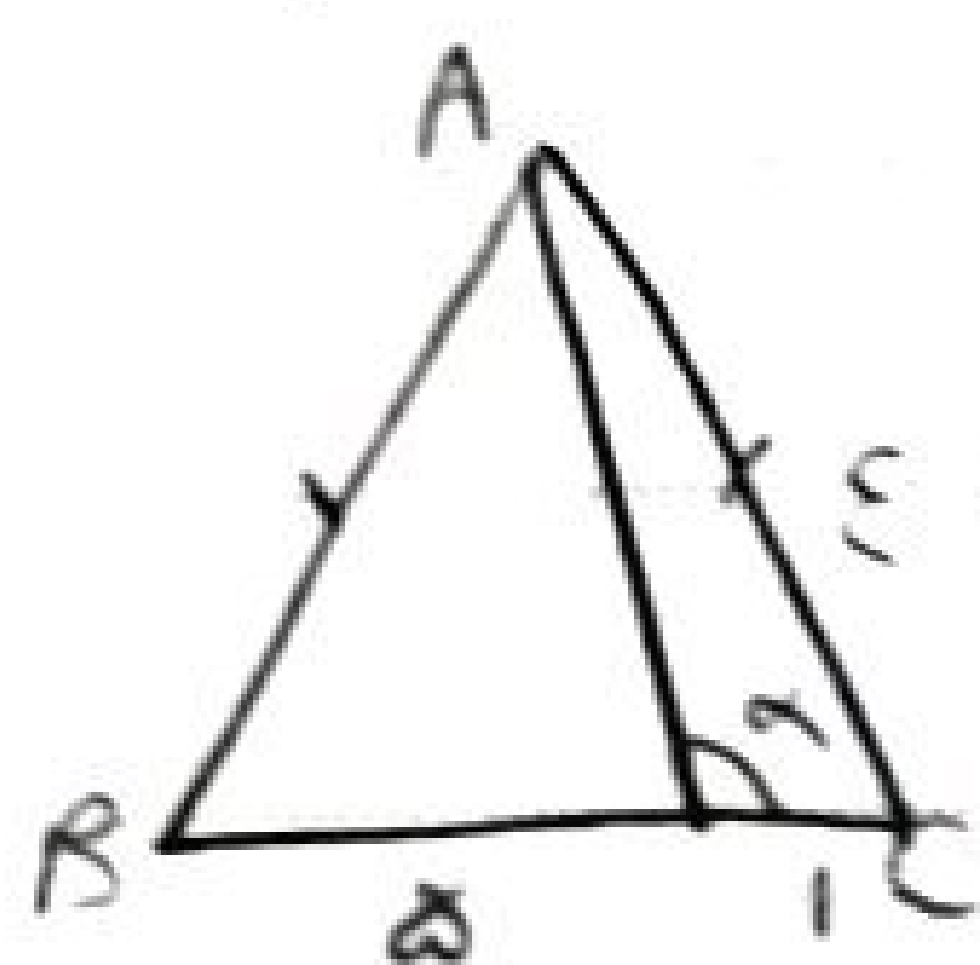


-r



$$\cot \alpha = \frac{y}{x}$$

-r



-ε

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \underbrace{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}_1 = \frac{\varepsilon}{r} \quad -d$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$1 + \cot^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + \cot^2 \alpha = r \Rightarrow \cot^2 \alpha = r$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} \Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cot^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{r}$$

-y

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \varepsilon \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \varepsilon \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \sin^2 \alpha} \rightarrow \left(\frac{1 + \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right) + \varepsilon \left(\frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right) + \varepsilon \left(\frac{1 + \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right) \quad \frac{r - \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \left(\frac{1 + \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{r + \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \left(1 + \frac{1 + \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right)$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right) + \varepsilon + \varepsilon \cos^2 \alpha}{r + \cos^2 \alpha} - \frac{\left(\frac{1 + \cos^2 \alpha}{r} \right) + \varepsilon - \varepsilon \cos^2 \alpha}{r - \cos^2 \alpha}$$

Date: / /

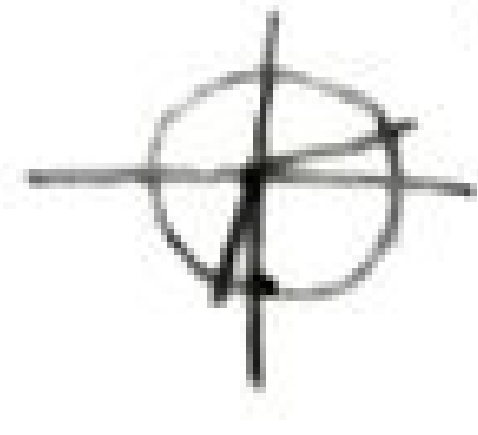
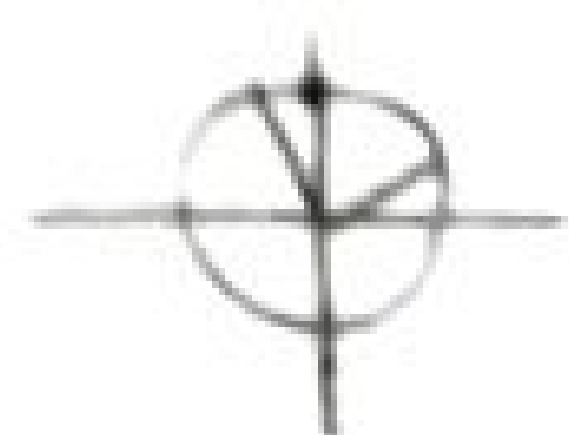
Sat Sun Mon Tue Thu Wed Fri

Subject:

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{r}{3r} \quad -v$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\frac{r}{3}} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{3}$$

$$\sin(\frac{3\pi}{4} + \alpha) \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha) - \tan(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4}) = -(\frac{-r}{3})(\frac{r}{3}) + \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{3} + \frac{r}{3} = \frac{2r}{3}$$



$$r \cos \frac{40^\circ}{r} + \sqrt{r} \sin \frac{10^\circ}{r} - \sqrt{r} \cos \frac{10^\circ}{r} = \frac{r}{r} + \frac{\sqrt{r-1}}{r} - \frac{\sqrt{r+1}}{r} = \frac{r + \sqrt{r-1} - \sqrt{r+1}}{r} = \frac{r + \sqrt{r-1} - \sqrt{r+1}}{r} \quad -1$$

$$\sin^2 10^\circ = \frac{1 - \cos 20^\circ}{2} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}}{2} = \frac{r - \sqrt{r}}{2r} \Rightarrow \sin 10^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{r - \sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{2r}}$$

$$\cos^2 10^\circ = \frac{1 + \cos 20^\circ}{2} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}}{2} = \frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{2r} \Rightarrow \cos 10^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{r + \sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{2r}}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{r \times \frac{1}{r}}{1 - \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{\frac{r-1}{r}} = \frac{r}{r-1}$$