

$$S = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \alpha \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times \sqrt{3} \times \sin \alpha = \epsilon, \alpha$$

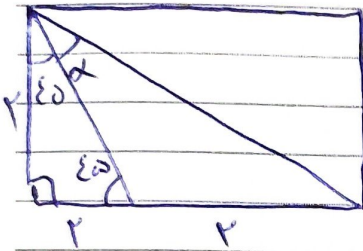
$$2\sqrt{3} \sin \alpha = \epsilon, \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\epsilon, \alpha}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\mu}{2\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

(۱)

$$\alpha = 60^\circ$$

$$\frac{120}{60} = \mu \text{ برابر } 2$$



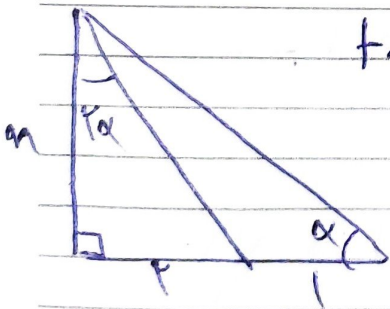
$$\cot(\alpha + \epsilon_a) = \frac{2}{1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

(۲)

$$\cot(\alpha + \epsilon_a) = \frac{1 - \tan \alpha \tan \epsilon_a}{\tan \alpha + \tan \epsilon_a} = \frac{1 - \tan \alpha}{\tan \alpha + 1}$$

$$\frac{1 - \tan \alpha}{\tan \alpha + 1} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow 2 - 2 \tan \alpha = \tan \alpha + 1$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \quad \cot \alpha = 2$$



$$\tan \alpha = \frac{m}{1}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{m}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1 \tan \alpha}{1 - \tan^2 \alpha} = \frac{1 \cdot \frac{1}{m}}{1 - \frac{1}{m^2}} = \frac{1}{m} \cdot \frac{m^2}{m^2 - 1} = \frac{m}{m^2 - 1}$$

(۳)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{m}{m^2 - 1} = \frac{1}{m} \rightarrow$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{m}{1} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{m}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m^2 = 1 - \frac{1}{m^2}$$

$$1 - m^2 = 1$$

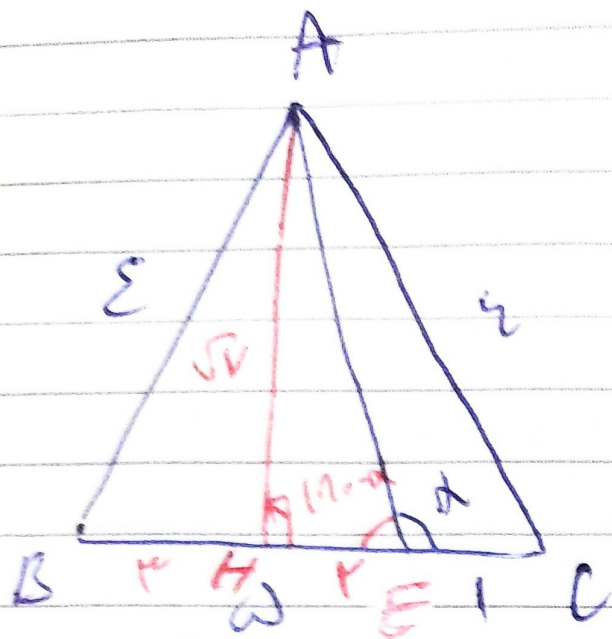
$$m^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

+ سه ضلعی

$$\cot \alpha = 2$$

شنبه	شنبه	شنبه	شنبه	شنبه	شنبه	شنبه
۵	۴	۳	۲	۱		
۱۲	۱۱	۱۰	۹	۸	۷	۶
۱۹	۱۸	۱۷	۱۶	۱۵	۱۴	۱۳
۲۶	۲۵	۲۴	۲۳	۲۲	۲۱	۲۰
			۲۰	۲۹	۲۸	۲۷



$ABC \rightarrow AH$  ارتفاع  $AH$   
 متوازي  $BC$

ع

$AHC \rightarrow AH = \sqrt{V}$   
 متوازي

$$AEH \rightarrow \tan(180^\circ - \alpha) = \frac{\sqrt{V}}{r}$$

$$\tan(180^\circ - \alpha) = -\tan \alpha$$

$$\rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{V}}{r}$$

$$\sin^2 m + \sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = \frac{\epsilon}{r}$$

(۵)

$$\sin^2 m = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \sin m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\sin^2 m + \cos^2 m = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{r} + \cos^2 m = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 m = \frac{r-1}{r} \quad \cos m = \frac{\sqrt{r-1}}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$\tan^2 = \left( \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}}{\frac{\sqrt{r-1}}{\sqrt{r}}} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{r-1} \rightarrow \tan = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r-1}}$$

توان  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{r-1}}$  را می توان به این شکل نوشت  
 $\frac{1}{\sqrt{r-1}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r-1}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{r-1}}{\sqrt{r-1}} = \frac{\sqrt{r-1}}{r-1}$

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \epsilon(1 - \sin^2 \alpha)}{1 + (1 - \sin^2 \alpha)} - \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \epsilon(1 - \cos^2 \alpha)}{1 + (1 - \cos^2 \alpha)}$$

(۶)

$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \epsilon - \epsilon \sin^2 \alpha}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} - \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + \epsilon - \epsilon \cos^2 \alpha}{r - \cos^2 \alpha}$$

$$\frac{(r - \sin^2 \alpha)^{\epsilon}}{r - \sin^2 \alpha} - \frac{(r - \cos^2 \alpha)^{\epsilon}}{r - \cos^2 \alpha} = r - \sin^2 \alpha - r + \cos^2 \alpha$$



جمعه

$$= \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha = \cos(2\alpha)$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{9\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) \cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{r} - \alpha\right) + \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{10\pi}{r}\right) \rightarrow$$

(۷)

$$\cos(\alpha) \times -\sin(\alpha) + \cot(\alpha)$$

$$-\frac{r}{\omega} \times \frac{\epsilon}{\omega} + \frac{r}{\epsilon} = \frac{r\epsilon}{\omega^2} + \frac{r}{\epsilon}$$

$$1 + \tan^2 = \frac{1}{\cos^2} \xrightarrow{\text{De Moivre}} \cos^2 = \frac{r}{\omega}$$

$$\sin^2 + \cos^2 = 1 \xrightarrow{\text{De Moivre}} \sin^2 = \frac{\epsilon}{\omega}$$

$$\mu \cos \epsilon m + \sqrt{r} (\sin m - \cos m)$$

(۸)

$$\mu \cos \frac{\pi}{4} + \sqrt{r} (\sqrt{r} \sin (\frac{\pi}{4} - \frac{\pi}{4}))$$

$$\frac{\mu}{r} + r \sin (-\frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\mu}{r} - 1 = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{\frac{10}{19}} = \frac{19}{10}$$

(۹)

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{19}}{1 + \frac{1}{19}} = \frac{10}{19}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{r \tan \frac{\alpha}{r}}{1 + \tan^2 \frac{\alpha}{r}} = \frac{\frac{1}{r}}{1 + \frac{1}{19}} = \frac{1}{19}$$

$$\frac{\tan \alpha - \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{19}{10} - \frac{1}{19}}{\frac{1}{19} - \frac{10}{19}} = \frac{19}{109}$$

$$\left\langle \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \right\rangle \rightarrow \left\langle \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \right\rangle \rightarrow \left\langle \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha} \right\rangle \rightarrow \cos \alpha \rightarrow +$$

(۱۰)

$$r \sin \alpha \left\langle \sin \alpha \right\rangle \rightarrow \cancel{\sin \alpha} \left\langle \cancel{\sin \alpha} \cos \alpha \right\rangle \rightarrow \sin \alpha \rightarrow -$$

(۱۱) نو