



$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

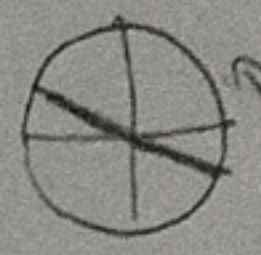
50

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{|\sin \alpha|}$$

$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\tan \alpha}{\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}} = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \text{ since } \cos \alpha > 0$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \text{...} \Rightarrow \text{...}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{m-1}{\epsilon} \quad -\frac{\pi}{12} < \alpha < \frac{5\pi}{12} \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{6}$$

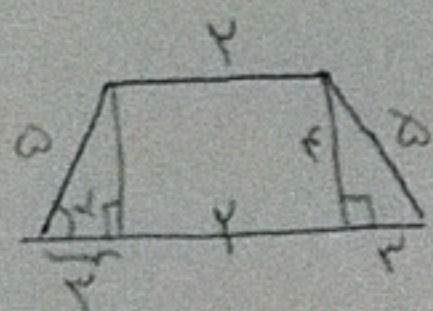


$$-\frac{1}{4} < \frac{m-1}{\epsilon} < 1 \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{6}$$

$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = -\sqrt{3} \quad \frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha} = -\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + 1}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha}$$

$$\frac{(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)(\cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha - \sin \alpha \cos \alpha)}{\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\epsilon}{\sqrt{3}}$$



$$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{triangle with hypotenuse } y \text{ and side } \frac{y}{2}$$

$$k \cos^2 \alpha$$

$$\tan(\pi/2) \tan(-\pi/2) - \sin(1.9\alpha) \cos(\pi/2)$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) \tan(\pi + \alpha) - (\sin(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) \cos(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha))$$

$$- \cot(\alpha) + \tan(\alpha) + \sin(\alpha) \sin(\alpha)$$

$$-1 + \sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha \rightarrow k = -1$$

$$\frac{A}{\cos(\pi/2)} = \frac{\Delta}{\sqrt{3}} \quad A = \sqrt{3} \cos(\pi/2) \sin(\pi/2) - \sqrt{3} \sin(\pi/2) \cos(\pi/2)$$

$$-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \sin(\frac{\pi}{2} - \pi/2) - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} \cos(\pi - \pi/2)$$

$$F(\alpha) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cos^2(\pi/2) \cos^2(\pi/2) \cos^2(\pi/2) \cos^2(\pi/2) + \cos(\pi/2)$$

$$F(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \frac{\cos^2(\frac{\pi}{4})}{\sqrt{3}} \cos^2(\frac{\pi}{4}) \cos^2(\frac{\pi}{4}) \cos^2(\frac{\pi}{4}) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cos^2(\frac{\pi}{4})$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1 + \cos 2\alpha}{2} \quad \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

... ..

$$\frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} = t$$

$$\frac{1 - \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\frac{\Delta}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{\omega}$$

$$\Delta \sin \alpha = -\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\Delta}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{1}{\omega} \Rightarrow \text{...}$$