

$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}}$  ,  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$

$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{|\sin \alpha|} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha > 0$

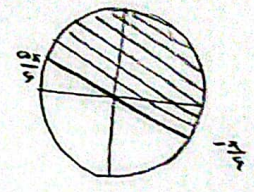
نوع اول همگونی برداری

1

$\sin^2 \alpha = \frac{m-1}{F}$  ,  $-\frac{\pi}{12} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{12}$

$-\frac{\pi}{12} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{12} \Rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{4} < 2\alpha < \frac{\pi}{4} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} < \sin 2\alpha \leq 1$

$-\frac{1}{2} < \frac{m-1}{F} \leq 1 \Rightarrow -2 < m-1 \leq F$   
 $\boxed{-1 < m \leq F}$



2

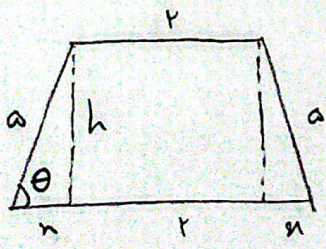
$\frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha} = -\frac{r}{F}$  ,  $\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = -\frac{r}{F}$

$\alpha < \pi < 2\pi \Rightarrow -\frac{r}{F} < \alpha < \pi \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = -\frac{r}{F} \Rightarrow 1 + \sin(\pi - \alpha) = \frac{1}{F}$

$= \cos^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha + r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{F} = (\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)^2 = \frac{1}{F} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{\sqrt{F}}{F}$

$\frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1}{(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \cos \alpha)}$   
 $\frac{1}{(-\frac{\sqrt{F}}{F})(\frac{F}{F})} = \frac{1}{\frac{F}{F} - \frac{1}{F}}$

برای آرزو شده و مسدود شدن اینها قاعده کرمک و هر زمان به ترتیب 2, 4 است. اگر  $\cos \theta = 0.4$  ،  $\theta$  از این حاصل بین 0 و  $\pi/2$  و یکی از آنها باشد. وقت نزدیکه لطیفه



$\cos \theta = \frac{4}{10}$  ,  $\cos = \frac{4}{10} = \frac{n}{a} \Rightarrow n = 4$

$\sin \theta = \frac{8}{10} \Rightarrow \frac{8}{10} = \frac{h}{a} \Rightarrow h = 8$

$S = \frac{(r+n) \times h}{2} = \boxed{13}$

4

صورتی  $\cos(10^\circ) \tan(-10^\circ) - \sin(10^\circ) \cos(10^\circ)$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{4} + 10^\circ) \times (-\tan(\pi - 10^\circ)) - \sin(\pi + 10^\circ) \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} - 10^\circ) =$

$= -\cot 10^\circ \times \tan 10^\circ - \sin 10^\circ \times (-\sin 10^\circ) = -1 + \sin^2 10^\circ = -\cos^2 10^\circ$

$\cos^2 10^\circ = -\cos^2 10^\circ \Rightarrow \boxed{k = -1}$

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؟  $\cos(\pi) = \sqrt{r} \cos(\pi_0) \sin(\pi r) - \sqrt{r} \sin(\pi r) \cos(\pi r) = \dots$

$$\frac{\sqrt{r} \times \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) \times \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \pi\right) - \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) \times \cos\left(\pi - \pi\right)}{\cos \pi} = \frac{-\frac{r}{r} \times (-\cos \pi) - \frac{r}{r} \times (-\cos \pi)}{\cos \pi}$$

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$$\frac{\frac{r}{r} \cos \pi + \cos \pi}{\cos \pi} = \frac{\frac{r}{r} \cos \pi}{\cos \pi} = \left| \frac{r}{r} \right|$$

؟  $f(\frac{\pi}{r}) = \dots$

$$f(\pi) = 19 \times \frac{(1 + \cos 9\pi)}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos 17\pi)}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos 25\pi)}{r} \times \frac{(1 + \cos 33\pi)}{r}$$

$$f(\pi) = (1 + \cos 9\pi) \times (1 + \cos 17\pi) \times (1 + \cos 25\pi) \times (1 + \cos 33\pi)$$

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$$f(\pi) = \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) \left(1 + \frac{1}{r}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{r}\right) \left(1 - \frac{1}{r}\right) = \sqrt{\frac{9 + 3\sqrt{r}}{19}}$$

؟  $\tan(\frac{\pi}{r}) = \dots$

$$1 - \sin u = r + r \sin u$$

$$\cos u = -r \rightarrow \sin u = -\frac{r}{10}$$

$$\cos u = -\frac{r}{10}$$

$$\tan u = \frac{r \tan \frac{\pi}{r}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{r}} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{10} = \frac{r \tan \frac{\pi}{r}}{1 - \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{r}}$$

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$$r - r \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{r} = 10 \tan \frac{\pi}{r} \Rightarrow r \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{r} + 10 \tan \frac{\pi}{r} - r = 0 \Rightarrow \tan^2 \frac{\pi}{r} + 10 \tan \frac{\pi}{r} - 10 = 0$$

$$\left(\tan \frac{\pi}{r} - \frac{1}{r}\right) \left(\tan \frac{\pi}{r} + 10\right) \Rightarrow \tan \frac{\pi}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \times \left| \tan \frac{\pi}{r} = -\frac{r}{10} \right|$$

؟  $k \cot(\frac{\theta}{r}) = \dots$

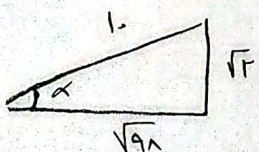
$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \tan\left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} = \cot\left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right)$$

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$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} = \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \cot\left(\frac{\theta}{r}\right) + \cot\left(\frac{\theta}{r}\right) = 2 \cot\left(\frac{\theta}{r}\right) = k \cot\left(\frac{\theta}{r}\right) = r \cot\left(\frac{\theta}{r}\right)$$

$$\boxed{k = r}$$

؟  $\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = \dots$



$$\cos \alpha = \pm \frac{\sqrt{1-r}}{1}$$

$$f(\pi) \Rightarrow \left| \cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{1-r}}{1} \right|$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\pi - \frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\pi - \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right)\right)$$

$$= -\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = -\left(\cos \frac{\pi}{2} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{\pi}{2} \sin \alpha\right) =$$

$$= -\left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times -\frac{\sqrt{1-r}}{1} + \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{1}\right) = -\left(-\frac{1-r}{r}\right) = \left|\frac{r}{10}\right|$$

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