



$$f(x) = 14 \cos^2(x) \cos^2(4x) \cos^2(16x) \cos^2(64x) \rightarrow f\left(\frac{\pi}{14}\right) = 14 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{14}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{7}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{14}{14} \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{14}\right) = \frac{14 + 14\sqrt{14}}{14}$$

$$\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{14}\right) = \frac{1 + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{7}\right)}{2} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sqrt{14}}{2}}{2} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{14}}{4}$$

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حل المسألة -9

$$\frac{1 - \sin x}{1 + \sin x} = F$$

$$1 - \sin x = F + F \sin x \rightarrow 1 - \sin x = 0 \rightarrow \sin x = -\frac{F}{1+F}$$

$$\cos x = -\frac{F}{1+F}$$

$$\tan \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x} = \frac{1 + \frac{F}{1+F}}{1 - \frac{F}{1+F}} = \frac{1+F}{1-F}$$

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$$1 - \sin x = F + F \sin x \rightarrow \sin x = -\frac{F}{1+F}, \cos x = -\frac{F}{1+F}, \cot \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos x}{\sin x} = \frac{1}{1-F}$$

$$1 + \tan \frac{x}{2} = \frac{1}{\cot \frac{x}{2}} \rightarrow \tan \frac{x}{2} = \pm \frac{1}{1-F}$$

$$\frac{\sin \theta + 1 + \cos \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} =$$

$$\frac{\cot \theta}{1} \rightarrow \frac{\sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} = \tan \frac{\theta}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{\cot \theta} = \frac{1}{1} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cot \theta} = 1$$

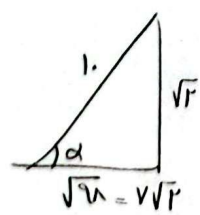
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حل المسألة -10

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{14}}{1}$$

$$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{14} + \alpha\right) = \cos\left(\frac{9\pi}{14} + \frac{2\pi}{14} + \alpha\right) = \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{14} + \alpha\right) = -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{7} + \alpha\right)$$

$$\frac{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sqrt{14}} = -\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{7} + \alpha\right) = \frac{1 + \sqrt{14}}{14} = \lambda$$



$$\cos\left(\frac{11\pi}{14} + \alpha\right) = -(\cos \alpha \cos \frac{\pi}{7} + \sin \alpha \sin \frac{\pi}{7})$$

$$\rightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{14}}{14} (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha)$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{14}}{14}$$

$$\hookrightarrow -\frac{\sqrt{14}}{14} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{14}}{14} + \frac{\sqrt{14}}{14}\right) = \frac{14}{14}$$

$$\mu) \frac{\sin^{\mu} x + \cos^{\mu} x}{\sin x \cos x} = -\mu \rightarrow \sin x \cos x = \frac{-1}{\mu} = A$$

$$\frac{1}{\sin^{\mu} x + \cos^{\mu} x} = \frac{1}{(\sin x + \cos x)(1 - \sin x \cos x)}$$

$$A^{\mu} = \sin^{\mu} x + \cos^{\mu} x + \mu \sin x \cos x = \frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\rightarrow A \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu}} \times \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{\mu}} \checkmark \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{-9}{\sqrt{\mu}} = -\frac{9}{\sqrt{\mu}}$$

$$\omega) \tan(\mu\alpha + \lambda) \tan(\lambda - \mu\alpha) - \sin(\mu\alpha + \lambda) \cos(\mu\alpha - \lambda)$$

$$- \cot \lambda \times \tan \lambda - \sin \lambda - \sin \lambda = -\cot \lambda \rightarrow k = -1$$