

بازرسی و مقدر + $\frac{0}{0}$ یا $\frac{\infty}{\infty}$ + ∞ یا $-\infty$ + ∞ یا $-\infty$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{f(x)^r - v_{n+p}}{\Delta x^r - \Delta n + p} = \frac{f-v+p}{\Delta-n+p} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(f_n-p)}{(x-1)(\Delta n-p)} = \frac{f-p}{\Delta-p} = \frac{1}{p} \quad \text{ⓐ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{|x^n - 1| - |x^n + 1|}{x} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{-(x^n-1) - (x^n+1)}{x} = \frac{-4x}{x} = -4 \quad \text{ⓑ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{x-\varepsilon}{\sqrt{x}-r} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{(\sqrt{x}-r)(\sqrt{x}+r)}{\sqrt{x}-r} = \sqrt{x}+r = r+\varepsilon = \varepsilon \quad \text{ⓒ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow r} \frac{x-\sqrt{r}}{r^2-x-4} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{x-\sqrt{r}}{(x-r)(r+\sqrt{r})} \times \frac{x+\sqrt{r}}{x+\sqrt{r}} = \frac{x(x-r)}{(x-r)(r+\sqrt{r})(x+\sqrt{r})} = \frac{r}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \quad \text{ⓓ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{r-\sqrt{\Delta-n}} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{1-\sqrt{x}}{r-\sqrt{\Delta-n}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{x}}{1+\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{r+\sqrt{\Delta-n}}{r+\sqrt{\Delta-n}} = \frac{(1-x)(r+\sqrt{\Delta-n})}{-(1-x)(1+\sqrt{x})} = \frac{r}{-r} \quad \text{ⓔ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \varepsilon} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+\varepsilon} - \varepsilon}{\sqrt{\Delta n + v} - r} \times \frac{0}{0} \times \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r(n-\varepsilon)(\sqrt{\Delta n + v} + r)}{\Delta(n-\varepsilon)(\sqrt{x^2+\varepsilon} + \varepsilon)} = \frac{r}{r} \quad \text{ⓕ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x^2+\sqrt{x}} - r}{\sqrt{x}-1} \times \frac{0}{0} \times \frac{r}{r} = \frac{(\sqrt{x}-1)(\sqrt{x^2+\sqrt{x}} + r)}{(\sqrt{x}-1)(\sqrt{x}+1)} = \frac{r}{r} \quad \text{ⓖ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1+\cos^r x}{\sin^r x} = \frac{(1+\cos x)(\cos^r x + 1 - \cos x)}{(1-\cos x)(1+\cos x)(1-\cos x)} = \frac{1-(-1)+1}{1-(-1)} = \frac{r}{r} \quad \text{ⓗ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1-\tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{-1}{(\cos x)(\sin x - \cos x)} = \frac{1}{-\cos x} = \frac{-r}{r} = -\sqrt{r} \quad \text{Ⓢ}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan^r x - 1}{\cos^r x} = \frac{0}{0} = \frac{(\tan x - 1)(\tan x + 1)}{(\cos x - \sin x)(\cos x + \sin x)} = \frac{-(\sin x + \cos x)(\cos x - \sin x)}{\cos^r x (\cos x - \sin x)(\cos x + \sin x)} \quad \text{Ⓣ}$$

$$= \frac{-(\cos x + \sin x)(\cos x - \sin x)}{\cos^r x (\cos x - \sin x)(\cos x + \sin x)} = \frac{-1}{\cos^r x} = \frac{-1}{r} = -r \quad \text{Ⓤ}$$