

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{2n^2 - 7n + 3}{n^2 - 8n + 3} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{2n^2 - 7n + 3}{n^2 - 8n + 3} = \frac{(n-1)(2n-3)}{(n-1)(n-3)} = \frac{2n-3}{n-3}$$

$$n=1 \rightarrow \frac{2-3}{1-3} = \frac{-1}{-2} \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{2}} = \text{جواب}$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{|2n-1| - |2n+1|}{n} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{0^+}{0^+} = \frac{-2n+1 - 2n-1}{n} = \frac{-4n}{n} = -4$$

$$\frac{0^-}{0^-} = \frac{-2n+1 - 2n-1}{n} = \frac{-4n}{n} = -4$$

جواب در هر دو صورت  $-4$  است

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 4} \frac{n-4}{\sqrt{n}-2} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{n-4}{\sqrt{n}-2} = \frac{(\sqrt{n}-2)(\sqrt{n}+2)}{\sqrt{n}-2} = \sqrt{n}+2$$

$$\sqrt{4}+2 \rightarrow n=4 \rightarrow \sqrt{4}+2 = 4$$

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 2} \frac{n - \sqrt{n}}{n^2 - n - 4} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \text{hop} \rightarrow \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}}{n-1} \rightarrow n=2 = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$  = جواب

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$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \sqrt{n}}{2 - \sqrt{5-n}} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{1 - \sqrt{n}}{2 - \sqrt{5-n}} \times \frac{1 + \sqrt{n}}{1 + \sqrt{n}} = \frac{(1-n)(1)}{(2-\sqrt{5-n})(1+n)}$$

$$\frac{(1-n)(1)}{(2-\sqrt{5-n})(1+n)} = \frac{(1-n)(1)}{(n-1)(1+n)}$$

جواب  $-\frac{1}{2}$

جواب

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow f} \frac{\sqrt{ax+b} - f}{\sqrt{ax+b} - f} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{ax+b} - f}{\sqrt{ax+b} - f} \times \frac{f}{f} = \frac{(a+1)(f)}{(ax+b-f)(f)}$$

$$\frac{(a+1)(f)}{(ax+b-f)(f)} = \frac{f(a+1)(f)}{0(a-f)(f)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{ax+b} - f}{\sqrt{ax+b} - 1} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \cdot \frac{f}{f} = \frac{(a+b-f)(f)}{(a-f)(f)}$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{ax+b}-f)(f)}{(\sqrt{ax+b}-1)(f)} = \frac{(f)(f)(f)}{(f)(f)} \rightarrow \frac{1}{1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} = \frac{(1 + \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 x - \cos^2 x)}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{(1 + \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 x - \cos^2 x)}{(1 - \cos^2 x)(1 + \cos^2 x)}$$

$$\frac{1 + \cos^2 x - \cos^2 x}{1 - \cos^2 x} = \frac{1 + 1}{1 - (-1)} = \frac{2}{2} \rightarrow \text{Jawab}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} = 1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{-1}{\cos x}$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{1}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{2}{1} = -2$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan x - 1}{\cos x} = \frac{0}{0} \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} = \frac{\sin x - 1}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\cos x} = \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\cos x \cdot \sin x}$$

$$\frac{-1}{\cos \frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{2}} = -2$$