

$y = \sqrt{2^x f(x+1)} \rightarrow f(x+1) \geq 0$
 $f(x+1) = \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{x+1}{x-1} - 1$
 $\frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{x+1}{x-1} - 1 \geq 0$
 $\frac{x+1}{x-1} - 1 \geq 0$
 $\frac{x+1 - (x-1)}{x-1} \geq 0$
 $\frac{2}{x-1} \geq 0$
 $x-1 > 0$
 $x > 1$
 $D_f = [1, +\infty)$

$f(x) \geq \sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow f(-x) = \sqrt{-x+1-x+1}$
 $\sqrt{-x+1-x+1} \geq x$
 $\sqrt{1-2x} \geq x$
 $1-2x \geq x^2$
 $-x^2 - 2x + 1 \geq 0$
 $x^2 + 2x - 1 \leq 0$
 $(x+1)^2 - 2 \leq 0$
 $(x+1)^2 \leq 2$
 $|x+1| \leq \sqrt{2}$
 $-\sqrt{2} - 1 \leq x \leq \sqrt{2} - 1$
 $D_f = [-\sqrt{2}-1, \sqrt{2}-1]$

$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-1}{f(x)}}$
 $\frac{x-1}{f(x)} \geq 0$
 $x-1 \geq 0$
 $x \geq 1$
 $D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup (1, +\infty)$

$\sqrt{a^2 - a - 2} = \sqrt{a^2 + a + b}$
 $a = -1, b = -2$
 $\sqrt{-(a+b)} = 1$

$y = \sqrt{f(x) - f(\frac{x}{2})} \rightarrow f(x) - f(\frac{x}{2}) \geq 0$
 $x^2 + x - \frac{x^2}{4} - \frac{x}{4} \geq 0$
 $\frac{3x^2}{4} + \frac{3x}{4} \geq 0$
 $3x^2 + 3x \geq 0$
 $3x(x+1) \geq 0$
 $x \leq -1$ or $x \geq 0$
 $D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [0, +\infty)$

$$f(2^r + 2) = 2^r - 1 \quad f(r) \Rightarrow 2^r + 2 = r \quad r(1)^r - 1 = 1$$

$$f(1) + f(1) = ? \quad 2(2^r + 2) = r \rightarrow r=1$$

$$f(1) \Rightarrow 2^r + 2 = r \quad 2(2^r + 2) = r \rightarrow r=2$$

$$r(r)^r - 1 = 1$$

$$\frac{g(\sqrt[3]{v}-r)}{f(\sqrt[3]{r}+r)} = \frac{-r_0}{1} = r \quad f(x) = x^r - 4x^r + 12x$$

$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{v}-r}{-\sqrt[3]{v}+r} = r \quad x(x^r - 4x^r + 12 - r + r)$$

$$x \times ((x-r)^r + r)$$

$$g(x) = x^r + 4x^r + 12x$$

$$2(2^r + 4x + 12 - r + r)$$

$$x((x+1)(x+8)+v)$$

$$x=0 \quad f(x) = r \quad g(x) = 1$$

$$f(x) + g(x) = a + b\sqrt{x+c}$$

$$r \pm r = a + b\sqrt{x+c}$$

$$0 = a + b\sqrt{r+c}$$

$$r = b\sqrt{a+c} - b\sqrt{r+c}$$

$$\frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x+r}{(x-1)(x-3)}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(r, \frac{1}{r} \right), (0, 4) \right\}$$

$$x=r \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} \quad x=0 \rightarrow \frac{r}{r}$$

$$x=1 \rightarrow \frac{0}{0} \quad x=3 \rightarrow \frac{0}{0}$$

$$f(x) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{r}, r \right), \left(\frac{r}{r}, -1 \right), (r, r), \left(-\frac{1}{r}, r \right) \right\}$$

$$f(x^r) = \left\{ (1, r), (\sqrt{r}, -1), (r, r), (-1, r) \right\}$$

$$g(x) = \left\{ (1, 4), (r, r), (r, r), (-1, 4) \right\}$$

$$g(x) = \left\{ (1, 4), (r, -1), (-1, 4) \right\}$$

$$10. \text{ب.} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} a^r = 1 \rightarrow a = \pm 1 \\ a^r = r \rightarrow a = \pm r \\ a^r = r \rightarrow a = \pm r \\ a^r = -1 \rightarrow x \end{array} \right. \rightarrow \left\{ (\pm 1, r) (\pm \sqrt{r}, -1) (\pm r, r) \right\}$$

$$\frac{(a^r, r)(a^r, r+14)}{a^r}, \quad Df = [-r, 0) \cup [r, +\infty)$$

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$$\begin{array}{c} -r \quad 0 \quad r \\ -\phi + \phi - \phi + \end{array}$$