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5.12.18

$$f(n) = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} - 1 \quad g: \sqrt{n^r f(n+1)} \quad D_g?$$

$$f(n) \geq 0 \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} \geq 1 \quad n-1 \leq 0 \Rightarrow n \leq 1$$

$$f(n+1) \geq 0 \rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{n-1} \geq 1 \quad n-1 \leq 0 \Rightarrow n \leq 1$$

$$n^r \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq 0 \quad n^r f(n+1) \geq 0 \xrightarrow{\star} 0 \leq n \leq 1 \quad D_f = [0, 1]$$

$$f(n) = \sqrt{n+1} - n \quad f(n)?$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, 1]$$

$$f(-n) \stackrel{n=-n}{\Rightarrow} \sqrt{-n+1} - (-n) \geq 0 \Rightarrow -n+1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \leq 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \checkmark & \times \\ \hline -n-1 = -n-1 & n-1-n = -1 \Rightarrow -n+1 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

$$-n \geq -1 \Rightarrow n \leq 1$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{n-1}{f(n)}}$$

$$\frac{n-1}{f(n)} \geq 0$$

	-1	0	1	2	3
n-1	-	-	0	+	+
f(n)	+	0	-	0	+
	-	0	+	0	+

$$D_f = (-\infty, 1] \cup (2, \infty)$$

$$\frac{1}{9x^2 - 7x^2 - 5x - 3} = y_1$$

$$y_2 = \frac{1}{7x^2 + ax + b}$$

$$D_1 = D_2$$

عبارت اول و عبارت دوم را مساوی می‌کنیم
 $9x^2 - 7x^2 - 5x - 3 = 7x^2 + ax + b$
 $2x^2 - 5x - 3 = 7x^2 + ax + b$
 $0 > \Delta \Rightarrow 1 = d = c$

$$(7x^2 + ax + b)(7x^2 + cx + d)$$

$$9x^2 + 7(a+c)x^2 + (ac + 7(b+d))x + (ad + be) + bd$$

$$a + c = 0 \rightarrow a = -c$$

$$\frac{ac}{-c} + 7b + 7d = -7$$

$$\begin{cases} -c + 7(b+d) = -7 \\ ad + bc = -7 \\ -cd + bc = -7 \end{cases} \Rightarrow c(b-d) = -7$$

$$c = 1 \rightarrow -1 + 7(b+d) = -7 \rightarrow 7(b+d) = -6$$

$$\begin{cases} b+d = -1 \\ b-d = -2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow 2b = -3 \rightarrow b = -1.5$$

$$-1.5 + d = -2 \rightarrow d = -0.5$$

$$c = -a \Rightarrow a = -1$$

$$\sqrt{-(a+b)} = \sqrt{-(-1-1.5)} = \sqrt{2.5} = \sqrt{\frac{5}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}$$

$$f(n) = n^2 - 4n + 1 = n - 1 + 1$$

$$= (n-1)^2 + 1$$

(V)

$$g(n) = n^2 + 4n + 5 = (n+2)^2 + 1$$

$$g(\sqrt{n^2 - 4n + 1})^2 - 1$$

$$\frac{g(\sqrt{n^2 - 4n + 1})^2 - 1}{f(\sqrt{n^2 - 4n + 1})^2 + 1} = \frac{V - 1V}{V^2 + 1} = \frac{-10}{10} = -1$$

$$f(n^2 + n) = n^2 - 1$$

(4)

$$f(r) \rightarrow n^2 + n = r \rightarrow n^2 + n - r = 0 \Rightarrow (n-1)(n+r)$$

$$\Rightarrow f(r) = 1$$

$$f(n^2 + n) \xrightarrow{n=r} f(10) \xrightarrow{n=r} f(10) = r(r) - 1 = V$$

$$f(r) + f(10) = V + 1 = 1$$

$$\sqrt{f(n) - f\left(\frac{r}{n}\right)} \quad \sqrt{n^2 + n - \frac{r}{n} - \frac{r}{n}}$$

(a)

$$\frac{n^4 + n^2 - 4n^2 - 4n}{n} \geq 0 \quad y = n^4 + n^2 - 4n^2 - 4n \geq 0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} n \geq 0 \quad n^2 + 4n + 14 = 0 \\ n = r \rightarrow y = 0 \\ n = -r \rightarrow y = 0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{discriminant } (n^2 - r)$$

$$(n^2 - r)(n^2 + 4n + 14)$$

$$DA = \left[-\frac{r}{4}, 0\right) \cup \left[r, +\infty\right)$$

الف) $f(x) = \left\{ \left(\frac{1}{x}, 2\right) \left(\frac{x}{2}, -1\right) (2, 2) \left(-\frac{1}{x}, 9\right) \right\}$

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ب) $f(x) = \left\{ (1, 2) (\sqrt{3}, -1) (2, 2) (-1, 2) (-\sqrt{3}, -1) (-2, 2) \right\}$

ج) $2g^2(x) + 1 \Rightarrow \left\{ (-2, 19) (1, 3) (3, 9) (-1, 1) \right\}$

د) $\frac{xf}{g} \Rightarrow \left\{ \left(1, \frac{5}{4}\right) (2, -1) (-1, \frac{4}{5}) \right\}$

$f(x) = \frac{x+2}{x^2-5x+2}$

مثلاً $f(x) = \left\{ (2, 9-5) (1, 2) \right\}$

$f(x)$

$\left\{ (2, -5) \left(1, \frac{5}{2}\right) \left(1, \frac{5}{2}\right) \left(0, \frac{2}{5}\right) \right\}$

$\frac{g}{f} = \left\{ \left(2, \frac{1}{-5}\right) \left(2, \frac{1}{-5} = 9\right) \right\}$

$f(x) = \sqrt{x+5} \sqrt{x-5} \pm (\sqrt{x-5} + 2) = |\sqrt{x-5} + 2|$

$g(x) = \sqrt{x-5} \sqrt{x-5} \pm (\sqrt{x-5} - 2)$

$f(x) + g(x) = \sqrt{x-5} + \sqrt{x-5} \pm \sqrt{x-5}$

$\Rightarrow a=0, b=2, c=-5 \quad \frac{a+b}{c} = \frac{2}{-5} \left[\frac{1}{5} \right]$