

(ب) $R = [-1, 3]$	الف) $x + 2x - 4$ $R = [2, +\infty)$	۱
(ب) $R = [-2, 1]$	الف) $x + \frac{x}{ x }$ $R = [1, +\infty)$	۲
(ب) $R = [-1, 1]$	الف) $x + \frac{x}{ x }$ $R = [1, +\infty)$	۳
(ب) $R = [-1, 1]$	الف) $x + \frac{x}{ x }$ $R = [1, +\infty)$	۴
(ب) $R = [-1, 1]$	الف) $x + \frac{x}{ x }$ $R = [1, +\infty)$	۵

$$-\sqrt{4t+9} \leq r \sin x + r \cos x \leq \sqrt{4t+9}$$

$$R = [-a, a]$$

$$(-) \rightarrow -\sqrt{4t+9} \leq r \sin x + r \cos x \leq \sqrt{4t+9}$$

$$R = [-\sqrt{13}, \sqrt{13}]$$

$$0 \leq r \cos x - r \sin x \leq \sqrt{4t+9} \quad 0 \leq r \cos x + r \sin x \leq \sqrt{4t+9}$$

$$R = [0, \sqrt{4t+9}]$$

$$-\sqrt{4t+9} \leq r \sin x + r \cos x \leq \sqrt{4t+9}$$

$$[r \sin x + r \cos x] \rightarrow R = \{-4, -3, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4\}$$

$$r \sin x + r \sin x + r \begin{cases} x = \frac{b}{ra} = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow y = \frac{r}{r} \\ \sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = 1 \\ \sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = r \end{cases}$$

$$R = \left[\frac{r}{r}, r\right]$$

$$\sin^2 x + r \sin x + r \begin{cases} x = \frac{b}{ra} = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow y = 0 \\ \sin x = -1 \rightarrow y = 0 \\ \sin x = 1 \rightarrow y = r \end{cases}$$

$$R = [0, r]$$

$$\frac{r \cot x}{\frac{1}{\sin x}} = \frac{r \cos x}{\sin x} \times \sin x = r \cos x \sin x = \sin^2 x$$

$$-1 \leq \sin^2 x \leq 1$$

$$R = [-1, 1]$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + r \cos^2 x \rightarrow 1 + r \cos^2 x$$

$$0 \leq \cos^2 x \leq 1 \rightarrow 0 \leq r \cos^2 x \leq r$$

$$1 \leq r \cos^2 x + 1 \leq r \rightarrow R = [1, r]$$

$$r^{1-\frac{r}{r}} \leq \sin^{\frac{r}{r}} x + \cos^{\frac{r}{r}} x \leq \frac{1}{r} \leq \sin^{\frac{r}{r}} x + \cos^{\frac{r}{r}} x \leq 1$$

$$[\sin^{\frac{r}{r}} x + \cos^{\frac{r}{r}} x] \leq 1$$

$$R = \{0, 1\}$$

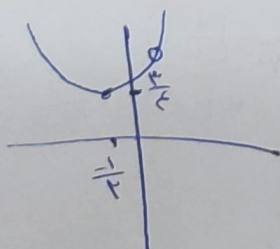
$$r^{1-\frac{r}{r}} \leq \sin^{\frac{r}{r}} x + \cos^{\frac{r}{r}} x \leq 1$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \leq \sin^{\frac{r}{r}} x + \cos^{\frac{r}{r}} x \leq 1$$

$$R = \left[\frac{1}{r}, 1\right]$$

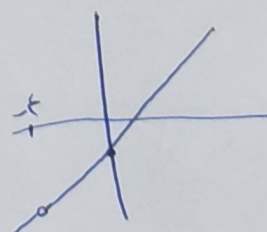
$$\frac{(x+1)(x^2+x+1)}{(x-1)} = x^2+x+1$$

$$x = \frac{b}{ra} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow y = \frac{r}{r}$$



$$R = \left[\frac{r}{r}, +\infty\right) - \{r\}$$

$$\frac{(x+1)(x^2+x+1)}{(x-1)} = x^2+x+1$$



$$R = \mathbb{R} - \{r\}$$