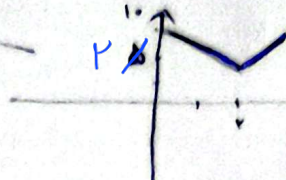
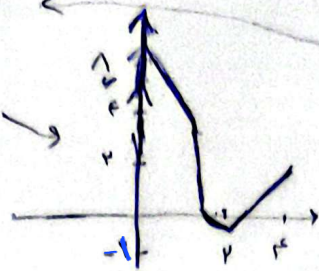


۱۸/۲۵

الف) $y = x + |2x - 4|$

مقطع بار دوم B سانس سه شنبه



① $R = [2, +\infty)$

نوشتن فاصله دبر

$R = [-1, +\infty)$

$|3x - 3| - |x + 2| \leq K$

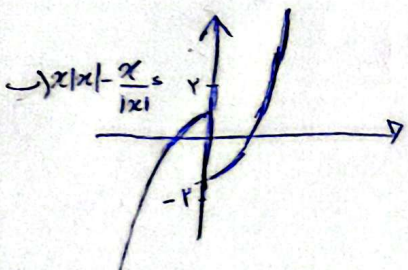
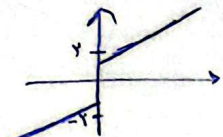
$x \leq 2 \rightarrow K = 9$

$x > 2 \rightarrow 3(1) - 3 - |x + 2| \leq K \rightarrow K \geq -3$

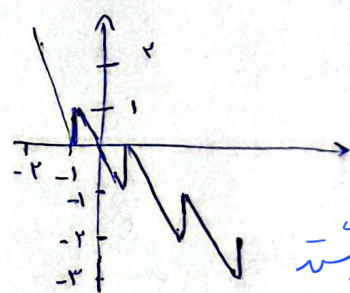
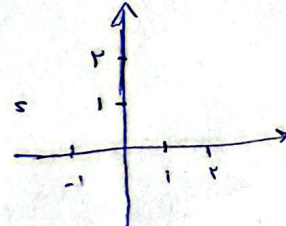
کمترین مقدار

② $\begin{cases} K > -3 \rightarrow y = K \rightarrow \text{خطی و موازی محور xها} \\ K \leq -3 \rightarrow \text{یک خط} \rightarrow x = 1 \rightarrow K \leq -3 \\ K < -3 \rightarrow \text{هیچ کاری} \end{cases}$

الف) $x + \frac{x}{|x|}$

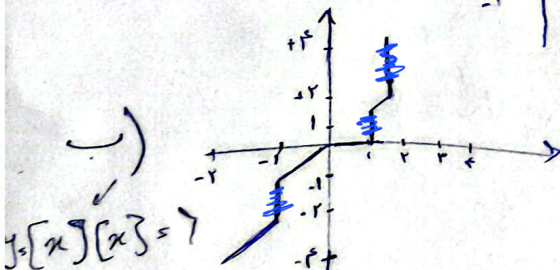


الف) $y = [x] - 2x$



④ در بازه $[-2, 4]$
 ۱,۷۵

فاصله ها نوشته شود



① $y = 3x - [3x] \rightarrow 0 \leq y < 1 \rightarrow R_F = [0, 1)$

② $y = 4x - 4[x] \rightarrow 0 \leq y < 4 \rightarrow R_F = [0, 4)$

③ $y = x - 5[\frac{x}{5}] \rightarrow 0 \leq y < 5 \rightarrow R_F = [0, 5)$

④ $[2x] - 2x \rightarrow 0 \leq y < 2 \rightarrow R_F = [0, 2)$

$$y = r \sin x + r \cos x$$

$$a = r \quad b = r$$

$$[-\sqrt{r^2 + r^2}, \sqrt{r^2 + r^2}] \rightarrow R_F [-\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}, \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}]$$

$$y = a \sin(x) + b \cos(x)$$

$$R_F [-\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}, \sqrt{a^2 + b^2}]$$

(4)

$$y = r \sin x - r \cos x \rightarrow [-\sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}, \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2}]$$

$$R_F -\Delta \leq y \leq \Delta \rightarrow [-\Delta, \Delta]$$

5

$$y = [r \sin x + \Delta \cos x]$$

$$R = \sqrt{r^2 + \Delta^2}, \sqrt{r^2 + \Delta^2} \rightarrow \sqrt{r^2 + \Delta^2} \leq r \sin x + \Delta \cos x \leq \sqrt{r^2 + \Delta^2}$$

$$[-\Delta, r, \Delta, r]$$

الحاصلات = $\{-\Delta, -r, -r, -\Delta, -1, 0, 1, r, r, \Delta, \Delta\}$

$$y = \sqrt{\cos x - r \sin x} \rightarrow \cos x - r \sin x$$

$$R = \sqrt{1^2 + (-r)^2} = \sqrt{\Delta} \rightarrow -\sqrt{\Delta} \leq \cos x - r \sin x \leq \sqrt{\Delta}$$

$$0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{\Delta} \rightarrow R_F [-\sqrt{\Delta}, \sqrt{\Delta}]$$

$$y = \sin^2 x + r \sin x + r \rightarrow y = t^2 + r t + r, (t+1)(t+r) \rightarrow t = -\frac{r}{2}$$

$$y(-1) = (-1)^2 + r(-1) + r = 0, y(1) = 1 + r + r = 2 \rightarrow [0, 2]$$

5

$$y = r \sin^2 x + r \sin x + r$$

$$y = t^2 + r t + r \rightarrow t = -\frac{r}{2}$$

$$y(-\frac{r}{2}) = r(\frac{r^2}{4}) + r(-\frac{r}{2}) + r = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{r}{2} + r = \frac{1}{4} + \frac{r}{2}$$

$$y(-1) = r(1) + r(-1) + r = 1, y(1) = r(1) + r(1) + r = 3 \rightarrow R_F [\frac{1}{4}, 3]$$

1

$$y = \sin^2 x + \epsilon \cos^2 x$$

$$\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x \rightarrow y = \sin^2 x + \epsilon - \epsilon \sin^2 x$$

$$0 \leq \sin^2 x \leq 1 \rightarrow [1 - \epsilon, 1] \rightarrow [1 - \epsilon, 1]$$

5

$$y = \frac{r \cot x}{1 + \cot x} \rightarrow 1 + \cot x \leq \csc x \rightarrow \csc x \leq \frac{1}{\sin x} \cot x \leq \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$$

$$y = \frac{r \cos x}{\frac{1}{\sin x}} \rightarrow y = \frac{r \cos x}{\sin x} \times \sin x = r \cos x \times \sin x$$

$$r \sin x \cos x = \sin^2(x) \rightarrow [-1, 1]$$

الف) $y = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = (\sin^2 x)^r + (\cos^2 x)^r$

$$a = \sin^2 x \rightarrow 0 \leq a \leq 1 \rightarrow \cos^2 x = 1 - \sin^2 x$$

$$y = r a^r - r a + 1, 0 \leq a \leq 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{(-r)}{4} = \frac{r}{4} \leq \frac{1}{4}$$

$$y = r(\frac{1}{4})^r - r(\frac{1}{4}) + 1 = \frac{r}{4} - \frac{r}{4} + 1 = 1$$

$a = 0 \rightarrow y = 1$
 $a = 1 \rightarrow y = 1$
 $R_F = [1, \frac{1}{4}]$

1, 1/4

