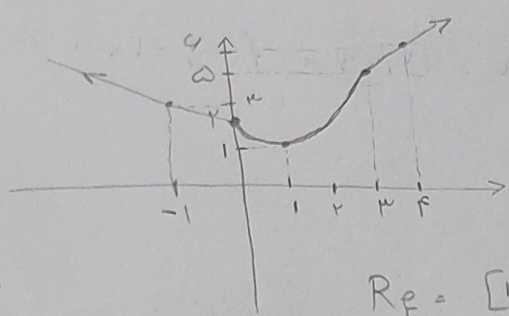


$y = \frac{n^2 + 2n + m}{n+1}$ بر حسب m مرتب کن
 $y(n+y) = n^2 + 2n + m$ $n^2 + (2-y)n + m - y = 0$
 $\Delta = (2-y)^2 - 4(m-y) = y^2 - 10y + 12 - 4m + 4y = y^2 - 6y + 12 - 4m$
 $y^2 - 6y + 12 - 4m \geq 0 \Rightarrow 3y - 2(12 - 4m) \leq 0$
 $3y - 24 + 8m \leq 0 \Rightarrow 14m \leq 24 - 3y$
 $14m \leq 24 \Rightarrow m \leq \frac{12}{7}$

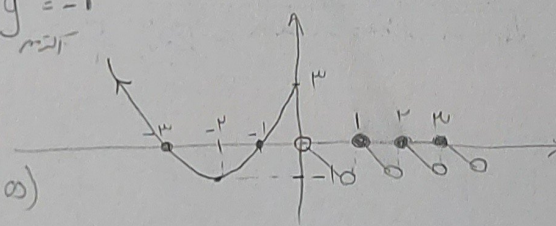


$f(n) = \begin{cases} n+2 & ; n \geq 3 \\ n^2 - 2n + 2 & ; 0.5 \leq n < 3 \\ |n| + 2 & ; n < 0 \end{cases}$
 بر حسب n مرتب کن
 استریم: $\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2}{2} = 1$
 $\frac{-\Delta}{4a} = 1$

n	μ	κ
y	Δ	ϕ
n	μ	ϕ
y	Δ	ϕ
n	ϕ	-1
y	ϕ	μ

$f(n) = \begin{cases} n^2 + 2n + 3 & ; n < 0 \\ [2n] - 2n & ; n \geq 0 \end{cases}$ بر حسب n مرتب کن

$n^2 + 2n + 3 \rightarrow \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-2}{2} = -1$
 $(n+1)(n+1) = 0 \Rightarrow n = -1$



$R_f = (-1, 0] \cup [-1, +\infty) \Rightarrow [-1, +\infty)$

اگر $y = a + 1 - \sqrt{2n+3}$ به ترتیب بازه ها $(-\infty, \Delta]$ و $[b, +\infty)$ باشند حاصل ab را محاسبه کنید

$2n+3 \geq 0 \Rightarrow n \geq -\frac{3}{2}$
 $b = -\frac{3}{2}$
 $a+1 - \sqrt{2(-\frac{3}{2})+3} = \Delta \Rightarrow a+1 - \sqrt{-3+3} = \Delta \Rightarrow a+1 = \Delta \Rightarrow a = \Delta - 1$
 $ab = (\Delta - 1)(-\frac{3}{2}) = -\frac{3}{2}\Delta + \frac{3}{2}$

$y = \frac{f(n)}{4} - \frac{g(n)}{n}$ $D_f = D_g$ $f(n) + g(n) = 3\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-n^2}}$ $f(n) = 2\sqrt{n+1} + 2\sqrt{1-n}$

$f(1) = 2\sqrt{2}, f(-1) = 2\sqrt{2}, f(0) = 4$
 $f(1) + g(1) = 3\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-(1)^2}} \Rightarrow g(1) = 3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$
 $f(-1) + g(-1) = 3\sqrt{2+2\sqrt{1-(-1)^2}} \Rightarrow g(-1) = 3\sqrt{2} - 2\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$
 $y(1) = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \sqrt{2} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $y(-1) = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{4} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{-1} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \sqrt{2} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $R_f = [-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}]$

(تلفیف ۸)

(فاصله شکرانی)

ایزد هم دفتر (B)

$$f(m) = \sqrt{1-m^2}$$

$$g(m) = \{(-1,1), (0,4), (2,0), (1,2)\}$$

$$1-m^2 \geq 0$$

$$1 \geq m^2$$

$$1 \geq m \geq -1$$

$$D_{g \cap f} = \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

$$m^2 = \{(-1,0), (0,4), (1,0)\}$$

$$2g = \{(-1,2), (0,8), (2,0), (1,4)\}$$

$$2g - m^2 = \{(-1,2), (0,4), (1,4)\}$$

$$2g - m^2 = 2+0+4=11$$

امنه تابع $f(m) = 2m-1$ ، $g(m) = \frac{1}{m}n+3$ ، $(-\infty, 3] \leftarrow g(m)$ باشد (مجموعه f, g) ؟

$$f(m) = 2m-1 \rightarrow D_f = [3, +\infty) \rightarrow R_f = [5, +\infty)$$

$$R_f \cup R_g = (-\infty, 5] \cup [5, +\infty)$$

$$g(m) = \frac{1}{m}n+3 \rightarrow D_g = (-\infty, 3] \rightarrow R_g = (-\infty, 4]$$

بوی نذرار $m = -\frac{1}{p}n^2 + n + 3$ ، (a, b) از $\frac{3}{p}$ به $\frac{3}{p}$ مقدار $\sqrt{b-a}$ ؟

$$-m^2 + 2m + 9 > 3$$

$$-m^2 + 2m + 3 > 0$$

$$m^2 - 2m - 3 < 0$$

$$(m-3)(m+1) < 0$$

$$\frac{n}{-1} + \frac{3}{p} \rightarrow (-1, 3) \rightarrow \begin{cases} a = -1 \\ b = 3 \end{cases}$$

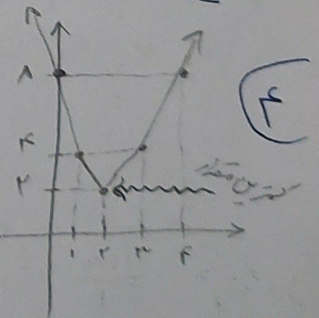
$$\sqrt{b-a} = \sqrt{3-(-1)} = 2$$

کمترین مقدار $y = |m-1| + |m-3| + |2m-4|$ ، امشغری کنه ؟

۱	۲	۳
$-m+1-m+3+2m+4$	$m-1-m+3-2m+4$	$m-1-m+3+2m-4$
$-4m+8$	$-2m+6$	$m-1$

m	0	1	2	3	4
y	8	4	2	4	8

$$\text{Min} = 2$$



بر تابع $y = |m| - 2|m+1|$ ، یک رسم شکل شغری کنه

$$R_f = (-\infty, 1]$$

-1	0
$-m+m+2$	$-m-2m-2$
$m+2$	$-3m-2$

m	-2	-1	0	1
y	0	1	-2	-3

