

$$f(f(\frac{\pi}{3})) \Rightarrow f(\frac{\pi}{3}) = \cot \frac{\pi}{3} \times \frac{\pi}{3} = \cot \frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$f(\sqrt{3}) = \sqrt{(\sqrt{3})^2 + 1} = \sqrt{3+1} = \sqrt{4} = 2 \Rightarrow f \circ f(\frac{\pi}{3}) = 2$$

$$f(g(\frac{\pi}{4})) \Rightarrow g(\frac{\pi}{4}) = 2 \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{4} = 2 \times (\frac{1}{2})^2 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(\frac{1}{2}) = \sqrt{\frac{2(1/2) - 1}{1/2}} = \sqrt{\frac{1-1}{1/2}} = \sqrt{\frac{0}{1/2}} = 0 \Rightarrow f \circ g(\frac{\pi}{4}) = 0$$

$$f(g(\sqrt{2})) \Rightarrow g(\sqrt{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{1+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{(\sqrt{2}+2)}{1-2} = -(\sqrt{2}+2) \sim -\sqrt{2}-2$$

$$f(-\sqrt{2}-2) = [-\sqrt{2}-2] \approx [-1.4-2] = [-3.4] = -4$$

$$g(f(\frac{\pi}{4})) \Rightarrow f(\frac{\pi}{4}) = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$g(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sqrt{1 - (\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2})^2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \sqrt{1 - \frac{2}{4}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f \circ g(a) = \{(4, 5), (2, 5), (6, 12), (8, 12)\}$$

$$g \circ f(a) = \emptyset$$

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$$g \circ g(a) = \{(4, 8), (2, 6), (6, 4)\}$$

$$\text{if } a=4 \rightarrow g(4)=3 \rightarrow f(3)=2 \Rightarrow f \circ g = (4, 2) \Rightarrow \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow a=4 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$\text{if } b=4 \rightarrow g(4)=1 \rightarrow f(1)=7 \Rightarrow f \circ g = (4, 7) \Rightarrow \times$$

$$g(f(4))=1 \rightarrow g(a)=1 \Rightarrow b=a \quad \textcircled{2} \quad \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}, \textcircled{2}} (a, b) = (4, 4)$$

$$f(4) = 5$$

$$f(f(x)) = 3x + 3 \rightarrow \text{if } f(x) = ax + b \Rightarrow f(f(x)) = a(ax + b) + b = 3x + 3 \quad (6)$$

$$\hookrightarrow a^2x + ab + b = 3x + 3 \rightarrow a^2 = 3 \rightarrow a = \pm \sqrt{3}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{if } a = \sqrt{3}, \quad 2b + b = 3 \Rightarrow b = 1 \Rightarrow f(x) = \sqrt{3}x + 1 \\ \text{if } a = -\sqrt{3}, \quad -2b + b = 3 \Rightarrow b = -3 \Rightarrow f(x) = -\sqrt{3}x - 3 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow f(-1) = -1$$

$$g(3x + 3) = 3x - 2 \rightarrow \text{if } g(x) = cx + d \rightarrow g(3x + 3) = c(3x + 3) + d = 3x - 2$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 3c + 3c + d = 3x - 2 \rightarrow 3c = 3 \rightarrow c = \frac{3}{3} \\ d = -2 - \frac{9}{3} = -\frac{11}{3} \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow g(x) = \frac{3}{3}x - \frac{11}{3}$$

$$g(f(-1)) = g(-1) = -\frac{3}{3} - \frac{11}{3} = -\frac{14}{3}$$

$$g(f(x)) = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{x+|x|})^2 - \sqrt{x+|x|}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\underbrace{|x+|x||}_{\text{مقدار مثبت}} - \sqrt{x+|x|}} = \frac{1}{x+|x| - \sqrt{x+|x|}} \quad (7)$$

$$\hookrightarrow D_{g \circ f} = \mathbb{R} - \{x \mid x+|x| = 0\}$$

$$x+|x| - \sqrt{x+|x|} = 0 \quad \xrightarrow{t = \sqrt{x+|x|}} \quad t^2 - t = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} t = 1 \Rightarrow x+|x| = 1^2 \Rightarrow x = 1 \\ t = 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 0 \end{array} \right. \quad \begin{array}{l} x \leq 0 \Rightarrow 0 = 1 \times \\ x = 1 \end{array}$$

$$\hookrightarrow D_{g \circ f} = (0, +\infty) - \{1\}$$

$$x \in D_f \Rightarrow x \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$(f+g) \circ f \Rightarrow f(f(x)) + g(f(x)) \Rightarrow D_{f \circ f} = 1 - x^2 > 0 \rightarrow x^2 \leq 1 \Rightarrow [-1, 1] \quad (8)$$

$$\hookrightarrow f(f(x)) = \sqrt{1 - |1 - x^2|} \quad \xrightarrow[\text{تعیین می شود}]{\text{در بازه } [-1, 1]} \quad (1)$$

$$\hookrightarrow g(f(x)) = \sqrt{\sqrt{1 - x^2}} = \sqrt[4]{1 - x^2} \Rightarrow x^2 \leq 1 \text{ or } x \leq 1 \text{ or } x \geq -1 \rightarrow [-1, 1] \quad (2)$$

$$f(f(x)) + g(f(x)) \Rightarrow (1), (2) \Rightarrow D_{(f+g) \circ f} = [-1, 1]$$

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$$\text{الف) } f\left(\frac{y_{n+1}}{x-y}\right) = f_{n+1} \quad \frac{y_{n+1}}{x-y} = t \rightarrow tx - yt = y_{n+1} \quad (9)$$

$$\Rightarrow (y-t)x = -yt - 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{-yt - 1}{y-t} = \frac{yt+1}{t-y}$$

$$f\left(\frac{yt+1}{t-y}\right) = f\left(\frac{yt+1}{t-y}\right) + \omega \rightarrow f(x) = \frac{1}{x-y} \Rightarrow (x \neq y)$$

$$\text{ب) } f\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = x^y + \frac{1}{x^y} \Rightarrow f(t) = t^y - y t \Rightarrow f(x) = x^y - y x$$
$$\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^y = x^y + \frac{1}{x^y} - y\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$g(f(x)) = g(x\sqrt{x}) \xrightarrow{x=y} g(y\sqrt{y}) \quad (1)$$

$$g(x\sqrt{x}) \xrightarrow{x=1} g(1) \xrightarrow{\quad} y-1 = 1$$