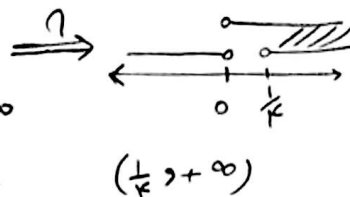


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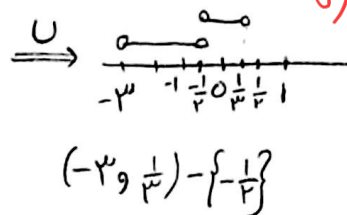
$$\frac{1}{x-1} = |x-1| \Rightarrow \begin{cases} (x-1)^2 = -1 \text{ غلط} \\ (x-1)^2 = 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x = 0 \rightarrow x = 2, 0 \Rightarrow x = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{-1} = -1 \end{cases}$$

بسیار ساده فقط سه خط دارد

$$-2 < \frac{x-1}{x} < 2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{x-1}{x} < 2 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{x} < 0 \rightarrow x > 0 \\ \frac{x-1}{x} > -2 \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x} > 0 \end{cases}$$



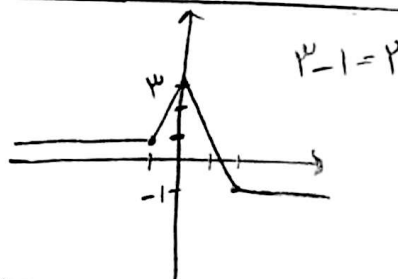
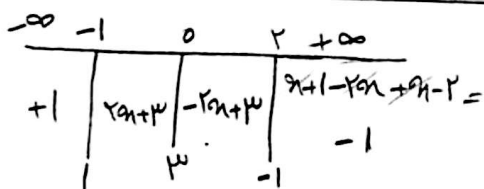
$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{x-2}{x^2+1} > 1 \Rightarrow \frac{x-2-x^2-1}{x^2+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2-3}{x^2+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2-3}{x^2+1} > 0 \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{cases} \frac{x-2}{x^2+1} < -1 \Rightarrow \frac{x-2-x^2-1}{x^2+1} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2-3}{x^2+1} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2-3}{x^2+1} < 0 \end{cases}$$

امتحان عدد $x^2+1 > 0$ $\rightarrow x = 2, 1, 0, -1, 9, 3, -3 \Rightarrow x \in (-2, 3) \rightarrow$ بازه دو طرفه فاصله یکسانی داشته باشد

$$|x-\alpha| < \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \Rightarrow \frac{-\alpha}{\beta} < x < \frac{\alpha}{\beta} + \alpha \rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} + \alpha = \frac{\alpha}{\beta} \\ x = \frac{\alpha}{\beta} - \alpha = -\frac{\alpha}{\beta} \end{cases} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\beta}$$



$$y \leq \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 2 \Rightarrow y = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 2 \leq \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 1 \rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 1 = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{x} - 1 = \frac{1}{x} + 1 \rightarrow x = -1 \\ \frac{1}{x} - 1 = \frac{1}{x} + 1 \rightarrow x = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 1 = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| + 1 \rightarrow x \neq -1 \text{ غلط}$$

$$y = \left| \frac{1}{x} \right| - 1 = y$$

$$|x+1| - |x| = -2$$

