

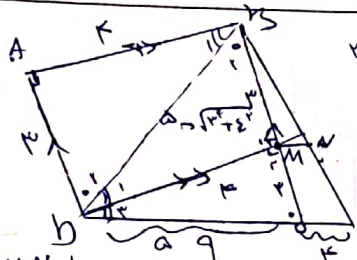
$$DE \parallel BE \Rightarrow \frac{AD}{BE} = \frac{AE}{EC} = \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\frac{S_{BDE}}{S_{ADE}} = \frac{\cancel{BD} \propto EH}{\cancel{AD} \propto EH} = \frac{V}{G}$$

→ $S_{BPE} \leq V_S$
 $S_{APE} \leq Q_S \rightarrow S_{ABG} \leq V_S$

$$\frac{S_{ABSE}}{S_{ECB3}} = \frac{\cancel{A} \cancel{E} \cancel{B} \cancel{H}}{\cancel{E} \cancel{C} \cancel{A} \cancel{B} \cancel{H}} = \frac{a}{V} \rightarrow \frac{195}{S_{ECB3}} \cdot \frac{a}{V} \rightarrow S_{ECB3} \cdot \frac{195}{a} \cdot V$$

$$\frac{S_{BCE}}{S_{SPE}} = \frac{\frac{AEI}{\omega} S}{\cancel{VS}} = \frac{I}{\omega} S$$



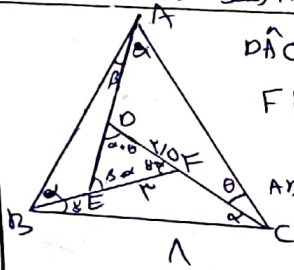
$$K_{PM} = K_{PC} \rightarrow K_{PM} = MPE \text{ の}$$

$\begin{matrix} AB \parallel DM, BD \rightarrow \hat{B}_1 = \hat{D}_1 \\ AB \parallel BM, BD \rightarrow \hat{B}_1 = \hat{D}_1 \\ BD \text{ is } \end{matrix} \left. \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \end{matrix} \right\} \rightarrow \hat{A} \hat{B} \hat{D} \cong \hat{B} \hat{M} \hat{D} \rightarrow \hat{B} \hat{M} = \hat{B} \hat{D} = AB$
 $\hat{A} \hat{B} \hat{D} \cong \hat{B} \hat{M} \hat{D} \rightarrow \hat{B} \hat{M} = \hat{B} \hat{D} = AB$
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① $\hat{B}_1, \hat{B}_r, \hat{B}_M \cong \hat{B}_M \rightarrow M_0 = \psi = B_M$
 $\hat{M}_1, \hat{M}_r, \hat{M}_M \cong \hat{M}_M \rightarrow M_0 = \psi = B_M$

$$MN \parallel OC \Rightarrow \frac{BM}{MO} = \frac{BN}{NC} = \frac{c}{c} = 1$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{C} \rightarrow \text{B} \rightarrow \text{A} \rightarrow \text{M} \rightarrow \text{N} \rightarrow \text{P} \\ \text{A} \quad \text{B} \quad \text{C} \quad \text{M} \quad \text{N} \quad \text{P} \end{array}$$



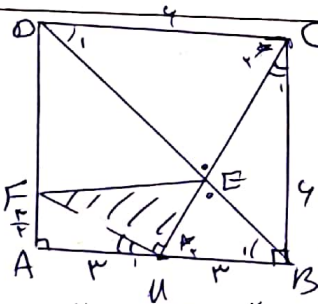
$$PAC = BCF = A \hat{B} E = \alpha \quad B \hat{A} E_s / S \rightarrow \text{زاویه } E \text{ زاویه}$$

$$F_{\text{Re}}^{\hat{A}} = \gamma \rightarrow \frac{n!}{\gamma} \rightarrow F_{\gamma}^{\hat{A}} = \gamma + \alpha$$

$\hat{A} \hat{C} p_{5\theta} \rightarrow \hat{p}_{5\theta} + \alpha$
 $\hat{A} \hat{B} C \rightarrow \hat{p}_{5\theta} + \alpha$

$\hat{A} \propto \alpha + \beta$
 $\hat{B} = \beta \propto \alpha$
 $\hat{C} \propto \alpha + \theta$

$$\vec{E} = \beta + \alpha \quad \text{Ans} \rightarrow \frac{DE}{AC} = \frac{EF}{AB} = \frac{DF}{BC} \rightarrow \frac{1/2}{1} = \frac{4}{AB}$$

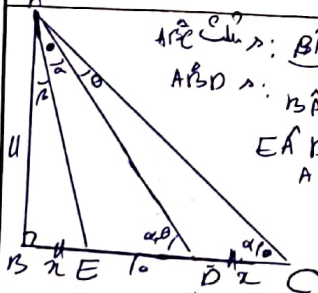


$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \hat{C}_1 = \hat{M}_1 \\ \hat{A} = \hat{B} = 9_0 \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow \text{CBM} \sim \text{AFM} \rightarrow \frac{AM}{BP} \sim \frac{AF}{MB}$$

$$MF = AF + AM \cdot \frac{q}{r} + q \cdot \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow MF = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow AF = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\frac{MB}{DE + MB} = \frac{ME}{ME} \rightarrow \frac{MB}{DE} = \frac{ME}{CE}$$

$$ME^P + MB^P, ME^P \rightarrow P^* + 9 + 12 \rightarrow ME = 3\sqrt{a}, 365 \frac{1}{T} \times FM \times ME = \frac{1}{T} \times \frac{40}{T} \times \sqrt{a} = \frac{10}{T} \text{ s/v}$$



1. $\hat{C} \hat{C}'$: $\hat{B}\hat{A}\hat{E} + \hat{E}\hat{A}\hat{D} + \hat{D}\hat{A}\hat{C} + \hat{A}\hat{C}\hat{D} = 90^\circ \rightarrow \alpha + \beta + \theta = 90^\circ$

$$ABD \wedge: \quad \beta \hat{A}E + E \hat{A}D + A \hat{D}E = 90^\circ \rightarrow \alpha \sqrt{3} + A \hat{D}E = 90^\circ \rightarrow A \hat{D}E = 90^\circ - \alpha + \theta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \widehat{EA}D &= \widehat{AED} = \alpha \\ \widehat{ADE} &= \widehat{EAC} = \alpha + \theta \end{aligned} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \widehat{AED} \sim \widehat{AEC} \rightarrow \frac{ED}{AE} = \frac{AE}{EC} = \frac{AD}{AC}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{10}{\sqrt{x^2 + 121}} = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 121}}{10 + x} \rightarrow x^2 + 121 = 100 + 10x \rightarrow x^2 - 10x + 21 = 0$$

$$(x-4)(x-5) = 0$$

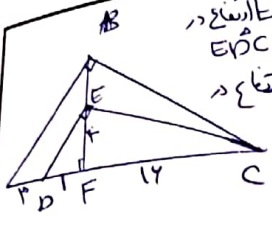
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$$AE^P \leq x^P + 11^P \Rightarrow AE \leq \sqrt{x^P + 11^P}$$

$$AD^r = (1 + \frac{r}{n})^n + |K| \sim AD = \sqrt{(1 + \frac{r}{n})^n} \cdot |K|$$

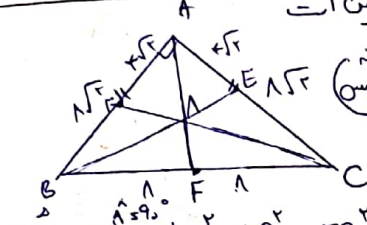
$$Ae^T, (Y_{n+1})^T + |T| \rightarrow Ae, |T|, (Y_{n+1})^T$$

$\triangle EFC \rightarrow EF^2 + DF^2 = FC^2 \rightarrow 14^2 + 1^2 = FC^2 \rightarrow FC = \sqrt{195}$
 $\triangle BFC \rightarrow BF^2 + FC^2 = BC^2 \rightarrow 14^2 + 195 = BC^2 \rightarrow BC = 17$
 $\triangle AEF \rightarrow EF^2 + AE^2 = AF^2 \rightarrow 1^2 + AE^2 = 14^2 \rightarrow AE = \sqrt{195}$
 $\triangle BEF \rightarrow EF^2 + BE^2 = BF^2 \rightarrow 1^2 + BE^2 = 14^2 \rightarrow BE = \sqrt{195}$



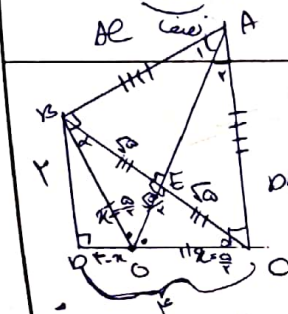
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از آنجا که میانگین هندسی برابر این است که $AF \times FC = EF^2$ (در این نوع مثلث میانگین ارتفاع بر روی وتر است)
 $AF \times 14 = 1^2 \rightarrow AF = \frac{1}{14}$
 $AE^2 + AF^2 = EF^2 \rightarrow AE^2 + (\frac{1}{14})^2 = 1^2 \rightarrow AE = \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{196}} = \sqrt{\frac{195}{196}} = \frac{\sqrt{195}}{14}$
 $BE^2 + BF^2 = EF^2 \rightarrow BE^2 + 14^2 = 1^2 \rightarrow BE = \sqrt{195}$



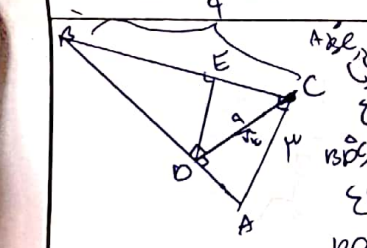
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$\triangle ABE \rightarrow AE^2 + BE^2 = AB^2 \rightarrow (\frac{\sqrt{195}}{14})^2 + (\sqrt{195})^2 = AB^2 \rightarrow AB = \sqrt{195}$
 $\triangle BCE \rightarrow BE^2 + CE^2 = BC^2 \rightarrow (\sqrt{195})^2 + CE^2 = 17^2 \rightarrow CE = \sqrt{195}$
 $\triangle AEC \rightarrow AE^2 + CE^2 = AC^2 \rightarrow (\frac{\sqrt{195}}{14})^2 + (\sqrt{195})^2 = AC^2 \rightarrow AC = \sqrt{195}$



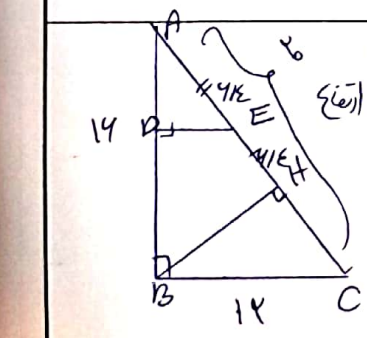
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$\triangle ABE \cong \triangle BCE$ (از آنجا که $AB = BC$ و BE مشترک است)
 $\angle ABE = \angle BCE$
 $\triangle ABE \rightarrow AE^2 + BE^2 = AB^2 \rightarrow (\frac{\sqrt{195}}{14})^2 + (\sqrt{195})^2 = AB^2 \rightarrow AB = \sqrt{195}$
 $\triangle BCE \rightarrow BE^2 + CE^2 = BC^2 \rightarrow (\sqrt{195})^2 + CE^2 = 17^2 \rightarrow CE = \sqrt{195}$



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