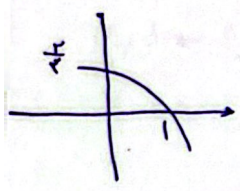
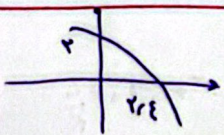


$f(x) = (a+c)x + b$
 $\rightarrow 1 - \frac{r}{c} = \frac{b}{c} \rightarrow -\frac{r}{c} = \frac{b}{c} - 1 \rightarrow \frac{r}{c} = 1 - \frac{b}{c} \rightarrow r = c - b$
 $-\frac{r}{a} + r = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow r(1 - \frac{1}{a}) = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow r = \frac{1}{a - 1}$
 $b + c = -\frac{r}{a} \rightarrow b + c = -\frac{1}{a(a-1)}$
 $c = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow b = -r - \frac{1}{a}$



$f(-1) = ? \quad f(x) = 1 + c \cdot x^{a+b}$
 $(1, 1) \rightarrow 1 + c \cdot 1^{a+b} = 1 \rightarrow c = 0$
 $(\frac{1}{a}, \frac{1}{a}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} + c \cdot (\frac{1}{a})^{a+b} = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow c = 0$
 $-1 \rightarrow 1 + c \cdot (-1)^{a+b} = ?$
 $\frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{a} = \frac{2}{a}$



$y = c + \frac{b}{a}x$
 $c + \frac{b}{a}x = r \rightarrow c = r - \frac{b}{a}x$
 $\frac{b}{a}x = r - c \rightarrow x = \frac{a}{b}(r - c)$
 $\frac{a}{b} = -\frac{r}{a}$

$|x^2 - r| - x > 0 \rightarrow |x^2 - r| > x$
 $x^2 - r > x \rightarrow x^2 - x - r > 0$
 $x^2 - r < -x \rightarrow x^2 + x - r < 0$
 $(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{4} - r > 0 \rightarrow (x - \frac{1}{2})^2 > r + \frac{1}{4}$
 $x < -\sqrt{r + \frac{1}{4}} \quad \text{or} \quad x > \sqrt{r + \frac{1}{4}}$
 $(x + \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{4} - r < 0 \rightarrow (x + \frac{1}{2})^2 < r + \frac{1}{4}$
 $-\sqrt{r + \frac{1}{4}} < x < \sqrt{r + \frac{1}{4}}$

$f(x) = r + r^{b-a}x$
 $f^{-1}(1) = 1 \rightarrow f(-1) = 1 \rightarrow r - a = 1$
 $r + r^{b+a} = 1 \rightarrow r^{b+a} = 1 - r \rightarrow b + a = 1$
 $r - a = 1 \rightarrow a = r - 1$
 $b + a = 1 \rightarrow b = 1 - a = 1 - (r - 1) = 2 - r$

A(1,0) B(2,2)

است $f(x) = -x + (\frac{1}{x})^{A+B}$ 7 منزلت یک تابع معکوس

$-x + (\frac{1}{x})^{A+B} = 0 \rightarrow (\frac{1}{x})^{A+B} = x \rightarrow A+B = 1$

$-x + (\frac{1}{x})^{2A+B} = x \rightarrow (\frac{1}{x})^{2A+B} = 2x \rightarrow 2A+B = 2$

$\rightarrow A=1, B=0$

$f(x) = -x + (\frac{1}{x})^{-1} = -x + 1 = \boxed{4}$

$m(x) = m \cdot (\frac{A}{x})^{\frac{1}{v}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} m = m \cdot (\frac{A}{x})^{\frac{1}{v}} \rightarrow (\frac{A}{x})^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{1}{v}$ 7

$dy^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{1}{v} \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{v}{x} \rightarrow dy^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{v}{x} \rightarrow dy^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{v}{x} \rightarrow \frac{dy^{\frac{1}{v}}}{dx} = \frac{v}{x}$

$t \frac{dy^{\frac{1}{v}}}{dx} = -dy^{\frac{1}{v}} \rightarrow t (\frac{dy^{\frac{1}{v}}}{dx} + dy^{\frac{1}{v}}) = 0$

$t (\frac{v}{x} - \frac{v}{x}) = -(\frac{v}{x} + \frac{v}{x}) \rightarrow t (\frac{v}{x} - \frac{v}{x}) = -(\frac{2v}{x}) \rightarrow -\Delta t = -\frac{2v}{x} \rightarrow t = \frac{2v}{x}$

$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{2v}{x} = \boxed{3.1}$

$m(x) = m \cdot (\frac{v}{x})^{\frac{1}{v}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} m = m \cdot (\frac{v}{x})^{\frac{1}{v}} \rightarrow (\frac{v}{x})^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{1}{v}$ 8

$dy^{\frac{1}{v}} = dy(\frac{1}{x}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} \frac{dy^{\frac{1}{v}}}{dx} = \frac{dy^{\frac{1}{v}}}{dx} \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} (dy^{\frac{1}{v}} - dy^{\frac{1}{v}}) = -dy^{\frac{1}{v}}$

$dy^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{1}{x} = \frac{v}{x} \rightarrow dy^{\frac{1}{v}} = \frac{v}{x} \rightarrow \frac{dy^{\frac{1}{v}}}{dx} = \frac{v}{x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{v} (\frac{v}{x} - \frac{v}{x}) = -\frac{v}{x}$

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{v} (\frac{v}{x} - \frac{v}{x}) = -\frac{v}{x} \rightarrow t = \frac{v}{x}$

$f(x) = A(\frac{97}{1-x})^t \rightarrow \frac{A}{x} = A(\frac{97}{1-x})^t \rightarrow (\frac{97}{1-x})^t = \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow dy(\frac{97}{1-x})^t = dy \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow t(dy \frac{97}{1-x} - dy \frac{1}{x}) = -dy^{\frac{1}{x}}$ 9

$\frac{97}{1-x} = \frac{97}{1-x} \rightarrow t(dy^{\frac{97}{1-x}} + dy^{\frac{1}{x}} - \frac{1}{x}) = -dy^{\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow t(\frac{97}{1-x} + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x}) = -\frac{1}{x}$

$t(1/8 + 1/8 - 1) = -1/8 \rightarrow -0.125t = -0.125 \rightarrow t = \boxed{1}$

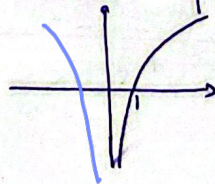
الف) $y = 9 dy^{\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow y = x dy^{\frac{1}{x}}$



$D_f: (0, +\infty)$

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ب) $y = dy^{\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow x dy^{\frac{1}{x}}$
 $a > 1$



$D_f: (0, +\infty)$
 $R_f: \mathbb{R}$

$D = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$