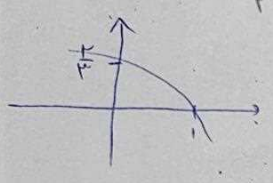


$y = 1 + \log_c(x)$ $(a+c)b = ?$
 $c > 0, \neq 1$
 $b+c = -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{c} + c = -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow c^2 + \frac{r}{c} - 1 = 0$
 $x=0 \rightarrow y = 1 - \log_c b = r \quad \log_c b = -1 \quad \frac{1}{c} = b$

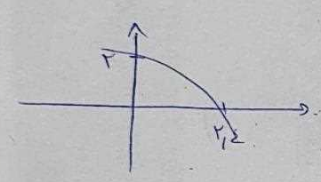
$$\frac{\frac{r}{r} + \sqrt{\frac{4}{r^2} + 4}}{2} = \frac{-\frac{r}{r} + \frac{d}{r}}{r} \rightarrow \frac{1}{r} = c$$

$$c = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow b = -r$$

 $-r = c \cdot b$



$f(x) = 1 + c x^a$
 $\frac{r}{r} = 1 + c x^a = -\frac{1}{r} = c x^a$
 $f(-1) = ?$
 $0 = 1 + c x^a = -1 = c x^a$
 $1 + c x^a = 1 + c x^{\frac{a}{r}} = -\frac{1}{r}$
 $-1 = c x^{\frac{a}{r}}$
 $\rightarrow b = 1$



$y = c + \log_a(x)$
 $r = c + \log_a b \rightarrow r - c = \log_a b \quad a^{r-c} = b$
 $\frac{a}{b} = ?$
 $-c = \log_a r^{\frac{1}{a} + b}$
 $a^{-c} = r^{\frac{1}{a} + b}$
 $a^r x a^{-c} = b$
 $\leftarrow r a (r^{\frac{1}{a} + b}) = b$

$\frac{a}{b} = \frac{a}{-r \log_a a} = -\frac{r}{a}$

$f(x) = \log_r(|a^x - r| - a) > 0$

$|a^x - r| > a \rightarrow a^x - r > a \quad a^x - a > r$
 $(a^x - r)(a^x + r) > 0$
 $\begin{matrix} a^x - r < -a \\ a^x + a - r < 0 \end{matrix}$
 $(a^x + r)(a^x - 1) < 0$

$$\begin{matrix} -r & 1 \\ + & | & - & | & + \end{matrix}$$

$D_f = (-r, -1)$

$g(x) = -a^x - r x + 1 \rightarrow a = 1 \quad y = -1 + r + 1 = r$

$f(x) = r + r^{b-a x} \rightarrow \frac{r}{r} = r^{b-a} \quad b-a = 1$

$f^{-1}(1) = -1 \rightarrow f(-1) = 1 \rightarrow x + r = \sqrt{a} = r^r \quad b+a = r$
 $r b - a = ? \quad r x r - 1 = r^r$

$$\begin{matrix} b+a = r \\ b-a = 1 \\ \hline b = r \\ a = 1 \end{matrix}$$

$$f(x) = -x + \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{A+B} \quad \Rightarrow -x + \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{A+B} \rightarrow y = y \quad \begin{matrix} -A-B \\ A+B = -1 \end{matrix}$$

$$y = ax^r - a \quad \begin{matrix} m=1 \\ m=r \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} y=0 \\ y=r \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} y = -x + x^{-A-B} \\ = y = y \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} rA+B = -r \\ A = -1 \\ B = 0 \end{matrix}$$

$$f(x) = ? \quad -x + \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-1} = 9$$

$x^{-1} = \frac{1}{x}$

$$m_x = m_1 \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^t \quad \frac{1}{4} = \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^t \quad \log_a 4^{-1} = \log_a \left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^t$$

$$-(1y_a^r + 1y_a^r) = t(1y_a^r - 1y_a^r) \Rightarrow -\left(\frac{a}{1r} + \frac{a}{v}\right) = t\left(1r \times \frac{a}{1r} - 1r \times \frac{a}{v}\right)$$

$$-\frac{ra + 4a}{1r} = t\left(\frac{1a}{1r} - \frac{1a}{v}\right) = t\left(\frac{1a - 1r}{1r}\right) \rightarrow \frac{9a}{1r} = t\left(\frac{1a}{1r}\right) = \frac{9a}{1a} = t$$

$$m_y = m_1 \left(\frac{v}{a}\right)^t \quad \frac{11a}{1m} = \frac{1}{a} \rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow \frac{v}{a} \text{ only}$$

$$\frac{1}{v} = \left(\frac{v}{a}\right)^t \rightarrow \log_a \frac{1}{v} = t \left(\log_a \frac{v}{a}\right) = -\left(\frac{1}{4}\right) = t \left(\log_a v - \log_a a\right)$$

$$-\frac{a}{v} = t \left(\frac{a}{v} - \frac{1a}{a}\right) = t \left(\frac{a - 1a}{v}\right) \Rightarrow \frac{a}{v} = t \left(\frac{a}{v}\right) \rightarrow t = 1 \text{ حسب } \rightarrow \boxed{a \text{ في } v}$$

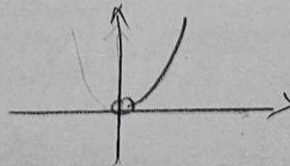
$$\left(\frac{1}{1a}\right) \left(\frac{1}{1a}\right) = \frac{1}{1r} = \left(\frac{1r}{1a}\right)^0 \quad \log_a 1 = \log_a \left(\frac{1r}{1a}\right)^0$$

$$-1(-1.48) = D \left(\log_a 1.1 - \log_a 1.0\right) = -0.148 = D(1.148 - 1.48)$$

$$1 - 1.48 = -0.48 \quad \log_a 1.1 + \log_a 1.0 \quad 0.148 + 1.148 - 1.148$$

$$\boxed{D = 1.48}$$

الف) $a > 0$ $\log_a x \rightarrow a^{\log_a x} = x^1$



$\log_a a^x = x \log_a a$

