

-1

$$\begin{cases} y = 1 - \log_c^{-b} \rightarrow b = \frac{1}{c} \Rightarrow b + c = -\frac{1}{c} \rightarrow c + \frac{1}{c}c - 1 = 0 \\ 0 = 1 - \log_c^{-10a+b} \end{cases} \Rightarrow (c+1)(c-\frac{1}{c}) = 0 \begin{cases} -200 \text{ نمره} \\ \frac{1}{c} \Rightarrow b = -2 \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1}{c} = -10a + b \rightarrow a = 1$$

$$(a+c)b = (1+\frac{1}{c}) \times (-2) = -2 \left(1 + \frac{1}{c}\right)$$

-2

$$\begin{cases} 0 = 1 + Cx^{\mu^a+b} \Rightarrow \frac{Cx^{\mu^a}}{\frac{1}{\mu}} \times \mu^b = -1 \Rightarrow \mu^b = \mu \rightarrow b = 1 \\ \frac{1}{\mu} = 1 + Cx^{\mu^a} \rightarrow Cx^{\mu^a} = -\frac{1}{\mu} \end{cases}$$

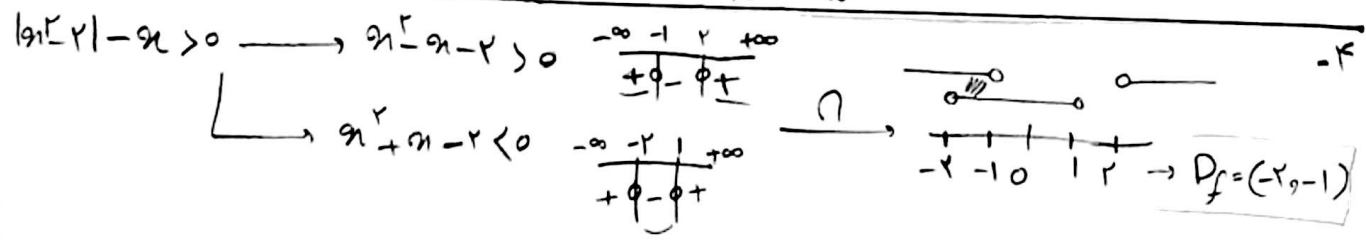
$$f(-1) = 1 + \frac{Cx^{\mu^a}}{-\frac{1}{\mu}} \times \mu^{-1} = \frac{1}{9}$$

-3

$$\begin{cases} y = C + \log_a^b \\ 0 = C + \log_a^{r_1 a + b} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} = ? \rightarrow \frac{-rb}{b} = -\frac{r}{a}$$

$$y = \log_a^b - \log_a^{r_1 a + b} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{r_1 a + b} = r_1 \rightarrow b = r_1 a + r_1 a b$$

$$a = \frac{-r_1 b}{r_1} = -\frac{r_1 b}{r_1}$$



-5

$$x=1 \rightarrow g(1) = -1 - 1 + 1 = -1 \Rightarrow f(1) = y + r^{b-a} \rightarrow b - a = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} f^{-1}(10) = -1 \\ f(-1) = 10 \rightarrow 10 = y + r^{b+a} \rightarrow b + a = 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow \begin{cases} b - a = 1 \\ b + a = 3 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{2b - a}{2} = \frac{2}{1} \Rightarrow \frac{2b - a}{2} = 2$$

-6

$$\begin{cases} x=1 \rightarrow y = 1 - 1 = 0 \\ x=2 \rightarrow y = 2 - 2 = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 0 = -2 + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{A+B} \\ 0 = -2 + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{2A+B} \end{cases} \Rightarrow f(2) = -2 + \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-1 \times 2} = 2$$

$A = -1, B = 0$

$$m(t) = m_0 \times \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^t \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^t = \frac{1}{4} \xrightarrow{\text{از دو طرف لگاریتم بگیریم}} t(\mu \log_{\omega}^2 - \nu \log_{\omega}^3) = -(\log_{\omega}^2 + \log_{\omega}^3)$$

$$\begin{cases} \log_{\omega}^2 = \frac{2}{10} \rightarrow \log_{\omega}^2 = \frac{10}{20} \\ \log_{\omega}^3 = \frac{3}{10} \rightarrow \log_{\omega}^3 = \frac{10}{30} \end{cases} \Rightarrow t\left(3 \times \frac{10}{30} - 2 \times \frac{10}{20}\right) = -\left(\frac{10}{20} + \frac{10}{30}\right)$$

$$t = \frac{19}{\mu} \xrightarrow{\times 40} 210 \text{ min}$$

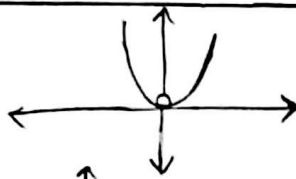
$$m(t) = m_0 \times \left(\frac{1}{11}\right)^t \Rightarrow \left(\frac{1}{11}\right)^t = \sqrt{-1} \xrightarrow{\text{از دو طرف لگاریتم بگیریم}} t(\log_{\mu}^4 - 3 \log_{\mu}^2) = -\log_{\mu}^4$$

$$\begin{cases} \log_{\mu}^2 = \frac{10}{14} \\ \log_{\mu}^4 = \frac{10}{9} \end{cases} \Rightarrow t\left(\frac{10}{9} - 3 \times \frac{10}{14}\right) = -\frac{10}{9} \rightarrow t = 1 \xrightarrow{\times 14} t = 14 \text{ day}$$

$$P(t) = P_0 \times \left(\frac{94}{100}\right)^t \Rightarrow \left(\frac{94}{100}\right)^t = \frac{1}{3} \xrightarrow{\text{از دو طرف لگاریتم بگیریم}} t(\omega \log^2 + \log^3 - 2) = -\log^3 \Rightarrow$$

$$t(1,04 + 0,141 - 2) = -0,141 \rightarrow t = 24$$

الف) $y = 9e^{\log^2_{\mu} 9} = 9e^2$



ب) $y = 2 \log 9x$

