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$$S = ab \sin \alpha \Rightarrow ab = 10A$$

$$P = 2 \times 9\sqrt{2} + 2 \times 4\sqrt{2} = 30\sqrt{2}$$

$$\begin{cases} ab = 10A \\ \frac{a}{b} = \frac{r}{p} \rightarrow a = \frac{r}{p}b \end{cases} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{p}b^2 = 10A \rightarrow b = 9\sqrt{2}, a = 4\sqrt{2}$$

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$$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 1/2 VA \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \times V \times (\underbrace{\cos \hat{A} - r \sin \hat{A}}_{\sin \hat{A}}) = 1/2 VA \rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow \hat{A} = 30^\circ$$

$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{\sin 30^\circ}{\cos 30^\circ} = \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

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$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \cos \frac{3}{2} \sin \alpha < 0$$

$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin \alpha < 0 \\ \cos \alpha < 0 \end{cases} \rightarrow$ ربع سوم

$$\frac{\sqrt{\frac{1}{\cos^2 \alpha}}}{\left| \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \right|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{-\cos \alpha}$$

\downarrow
 $\cos \alpha < 0$

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$$\cot(\underbrace{90^\circ - \alpha}_{\alpha'}) = \frac{r}{1/2} = \frac{r}{p} \Rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha'\right) = \cot \alpha' = -\frac{r}{p}$$

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$$\frac{r \cos(41^\circ + 11^\circ) - r \sin(41^\circ + 9^\circ)}{\sin(180^\circ - 41^\circ) - \cos(180^\circ - 41^\circ)} = \frac{-r \cos(41^\circ) - r \cos(41^\circ)}{-\cos(41^\circ) - \cos(41^\circ)} = \frac{r}{r/2}$$

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$$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{p} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = -\sqrt{1 - \frac{r^2}{p^2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{p^2 - r^2}}{p} \text{ و } \tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{p^2 - r^2}}{r}$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{|\tan \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\frac{r}{p} + \frac{\sqrt{p^2 - r^2}}{p}}{\left| \frac{\sqrt{p^2 - r^2}}{r} - 1 \right|} = \frac{r(r + \sqrt{p^2 - r^2})}{r^2 - r\sqrt{p^2 - r^2}}$$

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$$\frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

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$$\frac{r}{p} = \tan 30^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{-r}{m^2 - 1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow \sqrt{3}m^2 + r - \sqrt{3} = 0$$

$$m^2 + 2m - 3 = 0 \xrightarrow{11r - 3 = 0} m \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} \\ -\sqrt{3} \end{cases}$$

اقلوب مقابله = $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = (-\sqrt{3}) = \frac{r\sqrt{3}}{p}$

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{\pi}{r} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{r} \\ -\frac{\pi}{r} < -\alpha < \frac{\pi}{r} \end{aligned} \left. \begin{array}{l} \downarrow -1 \\ \downarrow +\frac{\pi}{r} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$0 < \frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha < \frac{\pi}{r} \Rightarrow \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - \alpha\right) > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r_m}{r+m} > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} -\infty \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad +\infty \\ | \quad | \quad | \quad | \\ - \quad + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \rightarrow (-1, 1)$$

$$\frac{\tan(140^\circ)}{-\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\cos(110^\circ)}{-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} + \frac{\tan(140^\circ)}{-\sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sin(140^\circ)}{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = \frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = 0$$