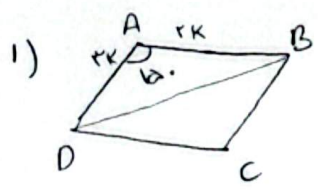


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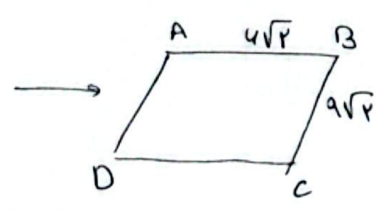


$S_{ABCD} = \alpha \cdot r = rV$ حاصل المساحة = $r^2 \sin A$

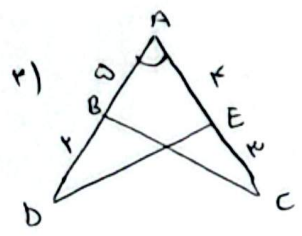
$S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} \times AD \times AB \times \sin A \rightarrow rV = \frac{1}{2} \times r^2 \times \sin A$

$\rightarrow 1/2 r^2 = rV \rightarrow r^2 = 2rV \rightarrow r = 2\sqrt{V}$

9



$P = r(4\sqrt{V} + 9\sqrt{V}) = 13\sqrt{V}$



$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = 1/2 a b$

$\tan A = e \rightarrow S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} \times a \times b \times \sin A - \frac{1}{2} \times r \times r \times \sin A = 1/2 a b$

$S_{\Delta} = \frac{r^2}{2} \sin A - r^2 \sin A = 1/2 a b \rightarrow \frac{r^2}{2} \sin A = 1/2 a b + r^2 \sin A$

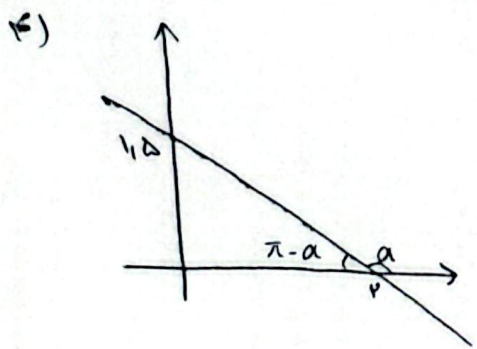
$\sin A (\frac{r^2}{2} - r^2) = 1/2 a b$
 $\frac{1/2 a b - r^2}{r^2} = \sin A$

$r^2 \sin A = 1/2 a b \rightarrow \sin A = \frac{1/2 a b}{r^2}$
 $\tan r = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$

9

3) $\frac{|\sin a|}{\cos a} = \frac{-\sin a}{\cos a} \rightarrow \sin a < 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{|\cos a|} - \frac{\sin a}{\sin a} = \frac{1 + \sin a}{|\cos a|}$
 $\cos a < 0$

9



$\tan(\pi - a) = \frac{1/a}{r} \rightarrow \tan a = -\frac{r}{a}$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - a) = \cot a = \frac{1}{\tan a} = \frac{1}{-\frac{r}{a}} = -\frac{a}{r}$

9

$$a) \frac{r \cos(\pi - \alpha) - r \sin(\pi - \alpha)}{\sin(\pi - \alpha) - \cos(\pi - \alpha)} = \frac{r \cos(\pi - \alpha) - r \sin(\pi - \alpha)}{\sin(\pi - \alpha) - \cos(\pi - \alpha)}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-r \sin \alpha - r \sin \alpha}{-\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha} = \frac{-2r \sin \alpha}{-r \sin \alpha} = 2$$

5)

$$4) \frac{\sin(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{4}) - \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{4})}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha)}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|}$$

فرق بين α

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{r} \rightsquigarrow \begin{array}{c} r \\ \alpha \\ r \end{array} \rightsquigarrow \begin{cases} \sin \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r} \\ \tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r} \end{cases}$$

5)

$$\frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{|\tan^2 \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\frac{r}{r} + (-\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{r})}{|\frac{\Delta}{r^2} - 1|} = \frac{\frac{r - \sqrt{\Delta}}{r}}{\frac{\Delta - r^2}{r^2}} = \frac{r(r - \sqrt{\Delta})}{\Delta - r^2}$$

$$v) \sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\Delta \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\Delta}} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{\Delta}$$

5)

$$a) \frac{-rM}{M^2 - 1} \tan \alpha = \sqrt{r} \quad \frac{-rM}{M^2 - 1} = \sqrt{r} \rightarrow \sqrt{r} M^2 - \sqrt{r} = -rM$$

$$\sqrt{r} M^2 + rM - \sqrt{r} = 0$$

$$\Delta = r - r(\sqrt{r})(-\sqrt{r}) = 14$$

$$M = \frac{-r \pm \sqrt{14}}{\sqrt{r}} \rightarrow \begin{cases} M = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} \\ M = -\frac{r}{\sqrt{r}} \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{r}{\sqrt{r}}$$

$$9) \quad -\frac{\pi}{r} < x < \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{r} < x < \frac{\pi}{r} \xrightarrow{(-1)} -\frac{\pi}{r} < -x < \frac{\pi}{r} \xrightarrow{+\frac{\pi}{r}} 0 < \frac{\pi}{r} - x < \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{r} - x\right) > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1-m}{r+m} > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c|c|c} -r & 1 & \\ \hline - & + & - \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} -r < x < 1 \\ (-r, 1) \end{array}$$

$$10) \quad \tan(\pi) \cos(\pi) + \tan(\pi) \sin(\pi) =$$

$$\left(-\sqrt{\frac{r}{r}}\right)\left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) + \left(-\sqrt{\frac{r}{r}}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}\right) = \frac{r}{r} - \frac{r}{r} = 0$$