

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos^2 \alpha}} - \frac{1}{\cot \alpha} = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

20 (1)  
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$$\frac{1 - 1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow |\cos \alpha| = \cos \alpha$$

$\cos \alpha \sin \alpha > 0$   
دکھو!

$$\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha}} \rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\cos \alpha}{|\sin \alpha|} \rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = \sin \alpha$$

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$$-\frac{\pi}{1p} < \alpha < \frac{2\pi}{1p} \rightarrow -\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{2\pi}{4} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{p} < \sin \alpha \leq 1$$

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$$-\frac{1}{p} < \frac{m-1}{k} \leq 1$$

$$-p < m-1 \leq k \rightarrow -1 \leq m \leq a$$



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مجموع مقادیر  $\rightarrow [-1, a]$

$$\tan \alpha + \cot \alpha = -p \rightarrow \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}{\sin \alpha \cos \alpha} = -p$$

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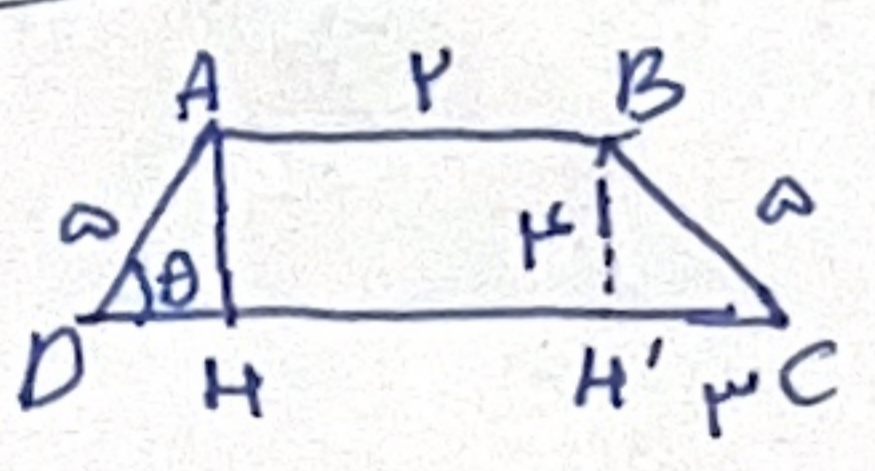
$$\sin \alpha \cos \alpha = \frac{-1}{p}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = (\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha - \sin \alpha \cos \alpha) = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{p}} \times \frac{k}{p} = \frac{-k}{\sqrt{p} p}$$

$$(\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha)^2 = \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha + 2 \sin \alpha \cos \alpha$$

$$\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{p}} \quad \frac{-p}{p} = \frac{1}{p} \quad \frac{kp}{p} < k \alpha < \frac{kp}{p} \rightarrow \frac{kp}{k} < \alpha < \frac{kp}{k}$$

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دکھو!  
 $-\frac{kp}{\sqrt{p} k}$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{DH}{AD} = \frac{DH}{a} = \frac{4}{10}$$

$$\rightarrow DH = p \quad AB = HH' = p$$

$$CD = p + p + p = 1 \quad AD^2 = DH^2 + AH^2 \rightarrow AH = k$$

$$\text{مساحت } S = \frac{(AB + CD) \times AH}{2} = \frac{(p + 1) \times k}{2} \quad (۲۰)$$

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$$\tan(\pi\omega) \tan(-\pi\omega) - \sin(109\omega) \cos(\pi\omega) = k \cos^2 \omega$$

$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi x}{y} + \omega\right) \tan(-\pi + \omega) - \sin(\pi x + \omega) \cos\left(\frac{\pi x}{y} - \omega\right)$$

$$= \cot \omega \tan \omega - \sin \omega \times -\sin \omega = -1 + \sin^2 \omega = -1 + (1 - \cos^2 \omega)$$

$$= -\cos^2 \omega = k \cos^2 \omega \rightarrow \boxed{k = -1}$$

$$A = \sqrt{\mu} \cos(\pi\omega) \times \sin(\pi x) - \sqrt{\nu} \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{\mu}\right) \cos(\pi x)$$

$$\sqrt{\mu} \times -\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\nu} \times \sin\left(\frac{\pi x}{\nu} - \pi x\right) - \sqrt{\nu} \times \frac{\sqrt{\nu}}{\mu} \times \cos(\pi - \pi x)$$

$$-\frac{\mu}{\nu} \times -\cos \pi x - 1 \times -\cos \pi x = \frac{\mu}{\nu} \cos \pi x + \cos \pi x = \frac{\mu}{\nu} \cos \pi x$$

$$\frac{A}{\cos \pi x} = \frac{\frac{\mu}{\nu} \cos \pi x}{\cos \pi x} = \frac{\mu}{\nu}$$

$$f\left(\frac{\pi}{\mu}\right)$$

$$f(x) = 14 \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi x}{\mu}\right) \cos^2(\pi x) \cos^2(\pi x) \cos^2(\pi x)$$

$$14 \times \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{\mu}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{\mu}\right) \cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{\mu}\right)$$

$$= 14 \times \frac{\mu + \sqrt{\mu}}{\mu} \times \frac{1}{\mu} \times \frac{\mu}{\mu} \times \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{4 + \mu\sqrt{\mu}}{14}$$

$$\cos^2\left(\frac{\pi}{\mu}\right) = \frac{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{\mu}}{2} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}}{2} = \frac{\mu + \sqrt{\mu}}{\mu}$$

Sing/cos n

$$(\sin x + \cos x)^2 = \sin^2 x + \cos^2 x + 2 \sin x \cos x$$

$$\frac{1 - \sin \alpha}{1 + \sin \alpha} = k$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 - \sin \alpha &= k + k \sin \alpha \\ \Delta \sin \alpha &= -k \\ \sin \alpha &= \frac{-k}{\Delta} \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\frac{9}{10} + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} \cos \alpha = \frac{-k}{\Delta} \checkmark \\ \cos \alpha = \frac{k}{\Delta} \text{ GÖZE} \end{cases}$$

$$\tan \frac{\alpha}{2} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{1 + \cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{-k}{\Delta}}{1 - \frac{k}{\Delta}} = \frac{\frac{-k}{\Delta}}{\frac{\Delta - k}{\Delta}} = \frac{-k}{\Delta - k} = \frac{-k}{\Delta}$$

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(-k)

$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 - \cos \theta} + \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} \xrightarrow{\text{KZTS}} \cot \frac{\theta}{2} + \cot \frac{\theta}{2} = 2 \cot \frac{\theta}{2} = k \cot \frac{\theta}{2}$$

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$$\frac{\sin \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta} = \tan \frac{\theta}{2}$$

KZTS

$$\cos \left( \frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha \right) = \cos \frac{11\pi}{6} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{11\pi}{6} \sin \alpha$$

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$$\frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = 0 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \frac{9}{100} + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\begin{cases} \cos \alpha = \frac{+\sqrt{91}}{10} \text{ GÖZE} \\ \cos \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{91}}{10} \checkmark \end{cases}$$