

<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) - 3 = f(2) - 3 = \boxed{\Delta}$</p> <p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) - 3 = f(2) - 3 = \boxed{\Delta}$</p>	۱
---	---

<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} F[x] - 3 = F(2) - 3 = \boxed{\Delta}$ $x > 2 \rightarrow [x] = 2$</p> <p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} F[x] - 3 = F(1) - 3 = \boxed{1}$ $x < 2 \rightarrow [x] = 1$</p>	۲
--	---

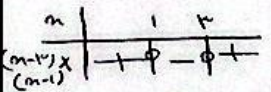
<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} [f(x) - 3] = \boxed{\Delta}$ $x > 2 \rightarrow f(x) > 1 \rightarrow f(x) - 3 > \Delta \rightarrow [f(x) - 3] = \Delta$</p> <p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} [f(x) - 3] = \boxed{F}$ $x < 2 \rightarrow f(x) < 1 \rightarrow f(x) - 3 < \Delta \rightarrow [f(x) - 3] = F$</p>	۳
---	---

<p>الف) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) - 3 \right] = [\Delta] = \boxed{\Delta}$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} f(x) - 3 = f(2) - 3 = \Delta$</p> <p>ب) $\left[\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) - 3 \right] = [\Delta] = \boxed{\Delta}$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^-} f(x) - 3 = f(2) - 3 = \Delta$</p>	۴
---	---

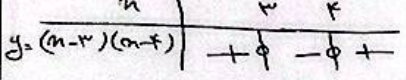
<p>الف) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x) - 3}{x - 2} = \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{2^+} \\ \xrightarrow{2^-} \end{matrix} \frac{f(x) - 3}{x - 2} = \frac{9}{0^+} = \boxed{+\infty}$ $\frac{f(2) - 3}{2 - 2} = \frac{9}{0^-} = \boxed{-\infty} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{حد نمی‌یابد}}$</p> <p>ب) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{f(x) - 3}{(x - 2)^2} = \begin{matrix} \xrightarrow{2^+} \\ \xrightarrow{2^-} \end{matrix} \frac{f(x) - 3}{(x - 2)^2} = \frac{9}{0^+} = \boxed{+\infty}$ $\frac{f(2) - 3}{(2 - 2)^2} = \frac{9}{0^+} = \boxed{+\infty} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{حد نمی‌یابد}}$</p>	۵
---	---

$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{fn - r}{\sqrt{fn - r}} = \begin{cases} r^+ \rightarrow \lim \frac{fxr - r}{\sqrt{r^+ - r}} = \frac{q}{0^+} = +\infty \\ r^- \rightarrow \lim \frac{fxr - r}{\sqrt{r^- - r}} = \frac{q}{0^-} \rightarrow \text{نفس الشيء} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{نفس الشيء}}$$

$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{fn - r}{\sqrt{r^+ - fn + r}} = \begin{cases} r^+ \rightarrow \lim \frac{q}{0^+} = +\infty \\ r^- \rightarrow \lim \frac{q}{0^-} \rightarrow \text{نفس الشيء} \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{نفس الشيء}}$$



$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{fn - r}{n^2 - fn + r} = \begin{cases} r^+ \rightarrow \frac{fxr - r}{0^+} = \frac{q}{0^+} = -\infty \\ r^- \rightarrow \frac{fxr - r}{0^-} = \frac{q}{0^-} = +\infty \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{نفس الشيء}}$$



$$\rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{fn - r}{[n - r]} = \begin{cases} r^+ \rightarrow \frac{fxr - r}{0} = \frac{q}{0} \text{ نفس الشيء} \\ r^- \rightarrow \frac{fxr - r}{-1} = \frac{q}{-1} = -q \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{نفس الشيء}}$$

① $n > r \rightarrow n - r > 0 \rightarrow [n - r] = 0$
 ② $n < r \rightarrow n - r < 0 \rightarrow [n - r] = -1$

$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} [fn] + [-fn] = \begin{cases} r^+ \rightarrow q + (-q) = 0 \\ r^- \rightarrow 1 + (-q) = 1 - q \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\lim_{n \rightarrow r} [fn] + [-fn] = r}$$

① $n > r \rightarrow fn > q \rightarrow [fn] = q$
 $-fn < -q \rightarrow [-fn] = -q$
 $\rightarrow [fn] + [-fn] = q - q = 0$

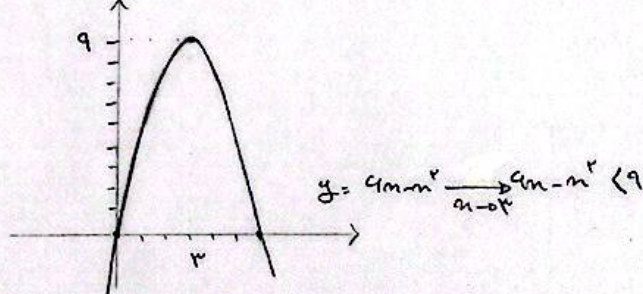
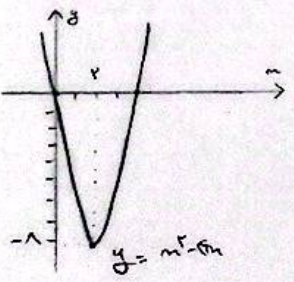
② $n < r \rightarrow fn < q \rightarrow [fn] = 1$
 $-fn > -q \rightarrow [-fn] = q$
 $\rightarrow [fn] + [-fn] = 1 + q = 1 - q$

$$\rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow -q} [-fn] + [fn] = \begin{cases} -q^+ \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow -q} r^+ + (-1r) = 1 - r \\ -q^- \rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow -q} r^- + (-1r) = 1 - r \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\lim_{n \rightarrow -q} [-fn] + [fn] = 1}$$

① $n > -q \rightarrow fn > -1r \rightarrow [fn] = -1r$
 $-fn < r \rightarrow [-fn] = r$
 $\rightarrow [fn] + [-fn] = -1r + r = 1 - r$

② $n < -q \rightarrow fn < -1r \rightarrow [fn] = -1r$
 $-fn > r \rightarrow [-fn] = r$
 $\rightarrow [fn] + [-fn] = -1r + r = 1 - r$

$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} [n^r - fn] \Rightarrow n^r - fn > -1 \rightarrow \boxed{\lim_{n \rightarrow r} [n^r - fn] = 1} \quad \text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} [4n - n^r] = 1$$



$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow r} \frac{|n - r|}{n^r - fn + r} = \frac{|n - r|}{(n - r)(n + r)} = \begin{cases} r^+ \rightarrow \frac{n - r}{(n - r)(n + r)} = \frac{1}{n + r} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1 \\ r^- \rightarrow \frac{-(n - r)}{(n - r)(n + r)} = \frac{-1}{n + r} = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{نفس الشيء}}$$

$$\text{ii) } \lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{n - [n]}{n^r - 1} = \begin{cases} 1^+ \rightarrow \frac{(n - 1)}{(n - 1)(n + 1)} = \frac{1}{n + 1} \\ 1^- \rightarrow \frac{n}{(n - 1)(n + 1)} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty \end{cases} \Rightarrow \boxed{\text{نفس الشيء}}$$