

Subject

Date : Year: Month: Day:

سارینا استانی - یازدهم ریاضت - شماره تلفن (۲۰)

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{k_2^k - \sqrt{2n+1}}{\omega n^k - \lambda n + k} = \frac{(\cancel{2-1})(k_2 - k)}{(\cancel{2-1})(\omega n - k)} = \frac{1}{k} \quad (1)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 0} \frac{\overset{-}{|k_2-1|} - \overset{+}{|k_2+1|}}{n} = \frac{-k_2 + 1 - k_2 - 1}{n} = \frac{-4n}{n} = (-4) \quad (2)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow k} \frac{n - k}{\sqrt{n} - k} = \frac{(\sqrt{n} - k)(\sqrt{n} + k)}{(\sqrt{n} - k)} = (k) \quad (3)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow k} \frac{n - \sqrt{k_2 n}}{k_2^k - n - 4} \xrightarrow{\text{hop}} \frac{1 - \frac{k}{\sqrt{k_2 n}}}{k_2 n - 1} = \frac{1}{k} \quad (4)$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow 1} \frac{1 - \sqrt{2n}}{k - \sqrt{\omega - n}} \times \frac{1 + \sqrt{2n}}{1 + \sqrt{2n}} \times \frac{k + \sqrt{\omega - n}}{k + \sqrt{\omega - n}} = \frac{1 - k^{-1}}{k - \omega + n} \times \frac{k}{k} = (-k) \quad (5)$$

~~(2-1)~~

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow k} \frac{\sqrt{k_2 + k} - k}{\sqrt{\omega n + V} - k} \times \frac{\sqrt{k_2 + k} + k}{\sqrt{k_2 + k} + k} \times \frac{\sqrt{(\omega n + V)^k + 9} + k \sqrt{\omega n + V}}{\sqrt{(\omega n + V)^k + 9} + k \sqrt{\omega n + V}} =$$

$$\frac{k_2 + k - 14}{\omega n + V - kV} \times \frac{kV}{\lambda} = \frac{k_2 - 14}{(\omega n - k_0)} \times \frac{kV}{\lambda} = \left(\frac{11}{k_0} \right)$$

~~(2-k)~~

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} - x}{\sqrt{x} - 1} \times \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x}{\sqrt{x^2 + \sqrt{x}} + x} \times \frac{\sqrt[3]{2x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{x}}{\sqrt[3]{2x^2 + 1} + \sqrt[3]{x}} \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{x^2 + \sqrt{x} - x}{x - 1} \times \frac{x}{x} = \frac{x(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}})}{(\sqrt{x} - 1)(\sqrt{x} + 1)} = \frac{x \times \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}}{x} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}$$

recalling $\rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 = x \\ \frac{-x}{\sqrt{x}} = x \end{cases}$

$$\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} \times \frac{\sqrt{x}}{x} = \frac{x1}{x} = 1$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi} \frac{1 + \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x} = \frac{(1 + \cos x)(1 + \cos x - \cos x)}{(1 - \cos x)(1 + \cos x)} = \frac{1 + 1 + 1}{x} = \frac{3}{x} \quad (2)$$

$1 - \cos^2 x \leftarrow$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{1 - \tan x}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}}{\sin x - \cos x} = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{\cos x} = \frac{-1}{\cos x} = \frac{-1}{\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}} = \frac{-x}{\sqrt{x}} = -\sqrt{x} \quad (3)$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{\tan^2 x - 1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{\frac{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x}{\cos^2 x}}{\cos^2 x - \sin^2 x} = \frac{-1}{\cos^2 x} = \frac{-1}{\frac{x}{x}} = -1 \quad (4)$$

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