

$$\Delta \approx \{ \sin^2 \alpha - \epsilon \} \quad \sin^2 \alpha \approx 1 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \approx \pm 1$$

$$\sin \alpha \approx 1 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} n^2 \approx n^2 \approx \frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow s = -1$$

$$\sin \alpha \approx -1 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} n^2 \approx -n^2 \approx -\frac{r}{r} \Rightarrow \left(n \frac{r}{r} \right) \approx -1 \Rightarrow n \approx -\frac{r}{r}$$

$$\frac{(n-1)(1+n)(n-1)(1+n)}{(n-1)(1+n)} = -4n^2(1+n)$$

$$m \neq \begin{cases} n_3 \approx \frac{1}{r} \\ y_3 \approx \frac{119}{12} \end{cases}$$

$$s = \frac{m \cdot r}{m} \quad p = -\frac{r}{m}$$

$$r(d \cdot \beta) = d \cdot \beta + V$$

$$\Rightarrow r \frac{m \cdot r}{m} \leq d \left(-\frac{r}{m} \right) + V \Rightarrow m \leq r$$

$$\Rightarrow 8n^2 - 4n - 15 \quad d^2 + \beta^2 s^2 - r p = \frac{9}{4} + 1 = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$p = \frac{c}{a} \approx 1 = d \beta \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{1}{d} = \beta^2 \approx \frac{c}{2r} \Rightarrow s = -\frac{b}{a} \approx 0$$

$$\frac{d^2}{dr} \left(\frac{d \cdot \beta}{\partial \beta} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{d^2 + (d \cdot \beta) \beta^2}{r} = \frac{f(d + \beta^2)}{r} = \frac{13}{4}$$

$$y_1 = a n^2 + b n^2$$

$$y_2 = r n^2 \Rightarrow 1 \epsilon$$

$$y_3 = r n^2 \Rightarrow \textcircled{f}$$

$$105 \text{ Carib}$$

$$s = 9a - 1b$$

$$9a \approx 1b \approx 1b$$

$$\textcircled{a \leq 1} \quad \textcircled{b \leq 1}$$

$$n_3 = -\frac{b}{p a} = -\frac{r}{r}$$

1.

$$y \leq m^2 (m+1) x + m y \leq n$$

$$m^2 - 1 m - 4 \leq 0$$

$$(m-4)(m+1) \leq 0$$

$$m \leq 4$$

سوی برقیست ناحیه اول میانی است پس پایه خطی لازم، اولیه داریم که اینست
مثبت به مایل و این با $m \leq 4$ امکان پذیر است

$$m \leq 4 \Rightarrow m^2 - 1 m - 4 \leq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} \Rightarrow m \leq 4$$