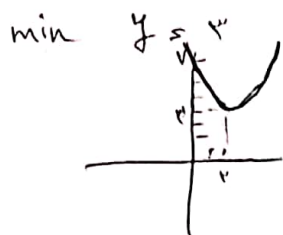


الف - $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2$



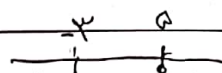
ب - $x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-4}{-2} = 2$

max $y = 3$



الف) $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow m^2 - 2m + 1 - 4m - 12 > 0$

$m^2 - 2m - 11 > 0 \Rightarrow (m+3)(m-5) > 0$

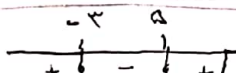


$(-\infty, -3) \cup (5, \infty)$

ب) $\Delta \leq 0$

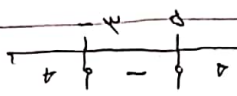
$m = -3, 5$

ج) $\Delta < 0 \Rightarrow m^2 - 2m - 11 < 0$



$(-3, 5)$

د) $\Delta \geq 0 \Rightarrow (m+3)(m-5) \geq 0$



$(-\infty, -3] \cup [5, \infty)$

الف) $5m^2 + 8m + 4 - 40m + 20 = 0 \Rightarrow 5m^2 - 32m + 24 > 0$

$p > 0$ و $s < 0$ $p = \frac{10}{m-2} > 0 \Rightarrow m > 2$ ①

$s = \frac{4(m+1)}{m-2} < 0 \Rightarrow (-1, 2)$ ②

① و ② $= \emptyset$

ب) $s < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{4(m+1)}{m-2} < 0 \Rightarrow p < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{10}{m-2} < 0 \Rightarrow m < 2$ ①

$m = (-1, 2)$ ② $\Rightarrow$ ① و ② $= (-1, 2)$

الف) $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{c}{a} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{10}{m-2} < 0 \Rightarrow m < 2$

ب) $-2 = \frac{-b}{2a} \Rightarrow \frac{2m+2}{2m-4} = -2 \Rightarrow m \leq 1$

$\frac{2m^2}{3} - 2(1) + \frac{4}{3} = 0 \Rightarrow 2m^2 - 12m + 4 = 0$

$\Delta \geq 0$

$\sin \alpha \geq \sin(\frac{\pi}{6})$

$\sin \alpha \geq 1$

$\sin \alpha \geq 1 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \pm 1$

$(m-2)(m-2) = \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow m = \frac{m}{3}$

$n \neq \pm 1$ $\gamma m^r - \gamma m - a$ $n^r - \gamma m - 1$ $(m - a)(m + r)$ $\frac{a}{r} = -\frac{r}{r}$	$\gamma m^r - \gamma m - 1$ $n^r - \gamma m - r$ $n - r \quad m + 1$ $\frac{r}{r} = -\frac{1}{r}$ $\gamma m a u = \frac{\gamma \wedge 9}{\gamma r}$ $\alpha m a u = \frac{-1r}{1r} = \boxed{\frac{1r}{1r}}$ $\gamma m a u = \frac{\gamma \wedge 9}{\gamma r}$ $\frac{(m-1)(\gamma m+1)(\gamma m-a)(m+1)}{(1-m)(1+a)}$ $\sim -\gamma m^r + 1\gamma m + a$	f
$\gamma s = d\beta + v$ $-\frac{10}{m} = \frac{\gamma m + \gamma - v m}{m}$ $\gamma m + \gamma - v m + 10 = 0$ $\epsilon m = 14$ $m = 8$ $S = \frac{m + \gamma}{\gamma m} = \frac{r}{\gamma}$ $\rho = -\frac{r}{m} = -\frac{1}{\gamma}$	$\alpha^r + \beta^r = s^r - \gamma p$ $\frac{q}{\epsilon} - r\left(-\frac{1}{\gamma}\right) = \frac{q}{\epsilon} + \frac{a}{\epsilon} = \boxed{\frac{1r}{\epsilon}}$	v
$\frac{\epsilon \alpha + \beta^0}{d\beta^r}$ $\alpha \beta = r$ $\beta = \frac{r}{\alpha}$	$\frac{\beta^r}{a} + \frac{\epsilon \alpha}{d\beta^r} \sim \frac{\beta^r + \alpha^r}{a} = \frac{s^r - \gamma s p}{a} = \frac{a^r - r_0}{a}$ $\frac{r}{\alpha^r}$ $\frac{a^r - r_0}{a}$ $\boxed{19}$	s 1
$r(-r) + 10 = r$ $9a - r b + \epsilon = \epsilon$ $\boxed{b = 4a}$ $\omega, \alpha = \frac{-b}{ra} = \boxed{\frac{-r}{\gamma}}$	$r(r) + 10 = 1r$ $1\epsilon = \epsilon a + 4b + \epsilon$ $\epsilon a + 4a = 10 \quad a = 1$ $b = 4a = 4$	9
$\gamma m^r + (m+1)m + m + \gamma = 2$ $\gamma m^r + m m + m + \gamma = 0$ $m^r - \wedge m - \epsilon \wedge = 0 \quad m > m = 14$ $(m - 14)(m + \epsilon)$ $m = -\epsilon$	$\omega_{200} \Delta = 0$ $m^r + \gamma m + a = (m + \gamma)^r$ $m = -\gamma$ $m^r - \gamma m + 1 = 0$ $(m-1)^r \quad \boxed{m=1} \checkmark$	1.