

$$x_5 = \frac{-b}{2a} = 2 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{2a-2} = 2 \Rightarrow a = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{x^2}{2} + x + 2 = -\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$-x^2 + \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2} = 0 \rightarrow x^2 - \frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1+20}}{2} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{21}}{2}$$

$$\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow 20 - \frac{1}{4} > 0 \Rightarrow m^2 < \frac{20}{4} \Rightarrow -\frac{20}{4} < m < \frac{20}{4} \quad (I)$$

$$a < 0 \Rightarrow m < 0 \quad (II)$$

$$(I) \cap (II) \rightarrow m \in (-\frac{20}{4}, 0)$$

$$x^2 - 5x + p = 0$$

$$x^2 - \left(\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2} + \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right)x + \left(\frac{3-\sqrt{5}}{2} \times \frac{3+\sqrt{5}}{2} \right) = x^2 + 2x + \frac{4}{2}$$

$$2\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 2\alpha^2 + 2\beta^2 + \alpha^2 - \beta^2 = 2(\alpha^2 + \beta^2) + (\alpha - \beta)(\alpha + \beta)$$

$$= 2(S^2 - 2P) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} \right)(S) = 2(14 - (m+1)) - \frac{\sqrt{-4m+4}}{2} \times 2 = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow 28 - 2m - 2 - \sqrt{-4m+4} = 12 \Rightarrow \sqrt{-4m+4} = 12 - 26 = -14$$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 - 4m + 4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{m \geq 2}$$

$$\Delta = 4K + 9 \Rightarrow K = -1 \Rightarrow y = -(x-1)^2 + 9 = -x^2 + 2x + 8$$

$$\Rightarrow -x^2 + 2x + 8 > 0 \quad \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+32}}{-2} = \frac{-1 \pm 5}{-2}$$

$$\boxed{x \in (-1, 8)} \quad \begin{matrix} x < -1 \\ x > 8 \end{matrix}$$

$$\alpha\beta^2 - \sqrt{\beta} + 9\beta = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha\beta^2 + 2\beta = 0 \rightarrow \beta(\alpha\beta + 2) = 0$$

$$\alpha^2 - \sqrt{\alpha} + 9\beta = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{-1}{\beta^2} + \frac{1}{\beta} + 9\beta = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = -\frac{5}{\beta}$$

$$\beta^2 t \rightarrow 9t^2 + 1 \cdot t - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1+36}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm 5}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} = \frac{S}{P} = \frac{5}{7} \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{5}{7}}$$

$$\alpha^2 + m\alpha - 2m = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha^2 = -m\alpha + 2m$$

$$\beta^2 + m\beta - 2m = 0 \Rightarrow -m\beta = \beta^2 - 2m$$

$$\alpha^2 - m\beta = 1 \Rightarrow -m\alpha + 2m + \beta^2 - 2m = 1 \Rightarrow -m(\alpha + \beta) + 2m = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow m^2 + 2m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow S = \frac{-b}{a} = \boxed{-2}$$

$$y_s = \frac{-\Delta}{\epsilon a} = \Lambda \Rightarrow - \frac{(14 - \epsilon m (\frac{m}{r} + v))}{\epsilon m} = \Lambda$$

-1

$$\Rightarrow r m^2 + \epsilon m - 14 = \epsilon r m \rightarrow r m^2 - \epsilon m - 14 = 0 \Rightarrow m^2 - \epsilon m - \frac{14}{r} = 0$$

$$y = -r m^2 + \epsilon m + 9 \rightarrow m = \frac{-1}{1r}$$

$$m = \frac{\epsilon}{-r}$$

$$y = K (1 - r)^r + 9 \rightarrow \epsilon = K (-r)^r + 9 \Rightarrow K = -\frac{1}{r}$$

-9

$$y = -\frac{(1-r)^r}{r} + 9 = -\frac{r^r}{r} + r m + \epsilon$$

$$\frac{1}{\alpha} + \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{\beta + \alpha}{\alpha \beta} = \frac{S}{P} = -\frac{\epsilon}{\Lambda} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$x = r \Rightarrow \epsilon - \Lambda a - \Lambda + r a^r + 9 a + r = 0$$

$$r a^r - r a - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow r a^r - \Lambda a + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow r a^r - \frac{\Lambda}{r} + \frac{\epsilon}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{r}$$