

لیکھ مسلمان یا زدهم سپر A

تکلیف ۱۴ ۲۰ آفرین!

$$\frac{-\Delta}{4a} = v \Rightarrow \frac{-b^2 - 12}{-4} = v \Rightarrow -b^2 - 12 = -28 \Rightarrow b^2 = 16 \Rightarrow b = \pm 4 \quad (2) - 1$$

الف) $x^2 = t \Rightarrow t^2 + 2t + 3 \rightarrow$ ریشه ندارد ✓ (2) ۲

ب) $4 - x^2 = t \Rightarrow t^2 - 2t - 10 = 0 \Rightarrow t = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 40}}{2} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{44}}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{11}$
 $\Delta \Rightarrow 4 - x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = 4 \Rightarrow x = \pm 2$
 $4 - x^2 = -2 \Rightarrow x^2 = 6 \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{6}$
 $\Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{6}$

$$x + x + 2 = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{14}{4} = \frac{7}{2} \Rightarrow 2x + 2 = \frac{7}{2} \Rightarrow 2x = \frac{7}{2} - 2 = \frac{3}{2} \Rightarrow x = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = \frac{m}{4} = 3 \Rightarrow m = 12 \quad (2) - 2$$

$$\frac{3}{4}(\alpha + \beta) + \frac{1}{4}(\alpha - \beta) = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{4} \times 2 + \frac{1}{4}(\alpha - \beta) = 4 \Rightarrow \alpha - \beta = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{34 - 12(m-1)}}{4} = 2 \Rightarrow 34 - 12m + 12 = 64 \Rightarrow -12m = 18 \Rightarrow m = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{m^2 - 5}{-m} = 1 \Rightarrow m^2 + m - 5 = 0 \Rightarrow m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 + 20}}{2} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{21}}{2}$$

① $\Rightarrow -x^2 + 4x - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = 16 - 4 = 12$
 $\Rightarrow 2x^2 + 4x + 5 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta = 16 - 40 = -24$

$$\alpha\beta = \frac{c}{a} = 3 \Rightarrow \alpha\beta^2 = 3\beta = 4 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{4}{\beta^2}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{4}{\beta^2} + \beta = \frac{4 + \beta^3}{\beta^2} = \frac{4 + 8}{4} = \frac{12}{4} = 3 \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{m}{12} \Rightarrow m = 36 \quad (2) - 3$$

$$\alpha + 3\alpha = \frac{-b}{a} = 4 \Rightarrow \alpha = 1$$

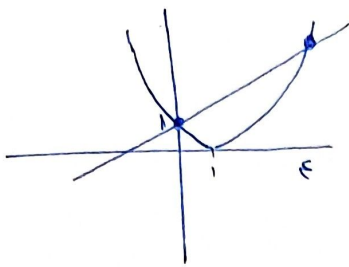
$$m = \frac{c}{a} = \alpha \times 3\alpha = 1 \times 3 = 3 \quad (2) - 4$$

$$\alpha\beta = 2 \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{2}{\alpha} \Rightarrow \beta^2 = \frac{4}{\alpha^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \alpha^2 + \frac{4}{\alpha^2} = \alpha^2 + \beta^2 = (\alpha + \beta)^2 - 2(\alpha\beta)(\alpha + \beta) = 4^2 - 2 \times 2 \times 4 = 0$$

$$Max_{\text{میانگین}} = \frac{-\Delta}{4a} = -\frac{40 \times 40}{-40} = 40, 0 \quad -10t^2 + 40t = 0 \rightarrow t = 0 \quad (2) - 5$$

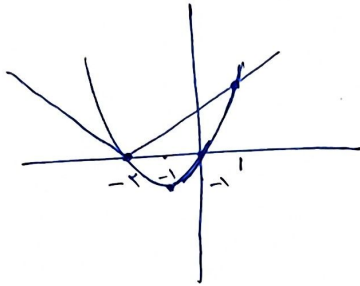
الف)



$$x_1 \geq x_2 \quad \checkmark$$

٢) -10

ب)



$$x_1 \geq x_2 \quad \checkmark$$