

$$y_1 = \frac{-\Delta}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{\epsilon_0 a c - b^2}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{-12 - b^2}{-4} = \frac{b^2 + 12}{4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow b = \pm 4 \checkmark$$

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$$\text{الف) } f(t) = 2t^2 + 2t + 3 \xrightarrow{t=0} t^2 + 2t + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta < 0 \Rightarrow \text{جواب ندارد} \checkmark$$

(۲) ۲

$$\text{ب) } f(t) = (t-2)^2 - 2(t-2) - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{t=2} t^2 - 2t - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (t-2)(t+3) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow t = -3 \Rightarrow t - 2 = -5 \Rightarrow 2^2 = 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{2 = \pm \sqrt{1}} \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 0 \Rightarrow t - 2 = -2 \Rightarrow 2^2 = -1 \Rightarrow \text{موجود نیست}$$

$$S = \frac{-b}{a} = -\frac{-14}{4} = \frac{7}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = \frac{7}{2} \Rightarrow 2\alpha + 2\beta = 7 \Rightarrow \alpha = 1, \beta = \frac{5}{2} \checkmark$$

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$$P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{m}{4} = \alpha\beta = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow m = 3 \checkmark \rightarrow 4t^2 - 14t + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta > 0$$

$$S = \alpha + \beta = -\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{-4}{4} = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = 1, \beta = 0$$

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$$P = \frac{c}{a} = \alpha\beta = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{m-1}{4} = 0 \Rightarrow m = 1 \checkmark \rightarrow 4t^2 - 4t = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta > 0$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{\beta} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{\beta} \times \beta = \frac{m^2 - 2}{-m} \Rightarrow m^2 - 2 = -m \Rightarrow m^2 + m - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 1 \\ m = -2 \end{array} \right.$$

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$$m = 1 \Rightarrow -2^2 + 4 - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta > 0 \checkmark$$

$$m = -2 \Rightarrow 2^2 + 4 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta > 0 \text{ موجود نیست} \Rightarrow \boxed{m = 1} \checkmark$$

$$P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\beta} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{4}{3} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{9}{4}$$

(۲) ۹

$$S = \frac{-b}{a} = m \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = \frac{4}{3} + \frac{9}{4} = \frac{25}{12} = m \checkmark \rightarrow 4t^2 - \frac{25}{12}t + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow \Delta > 0 \checkmark$$

$$\alpha = \beta \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \Rightarrow \alpha\beta = 5 \Rightarrow \beta = 1 \\ \alpha = \beta \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow \alpha = 5$$

(2) 5 ✓

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} p = m = \alpha\beta \\ \alpha\beta = 4 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow m = 4 \checkmark \rightarrow 2^2 - 4x + 4 \rightarrow \Delta > 0$$

$$p = \frac{c}{a} = 1 \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{1}{\alpha} \xrightarrow{\alpha\beta=5} \beta = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$S = -\frac{b}{a} = 1$$

$$p = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{c}{a}$$

(2) 1 ✓

$$\alpha^2 + \frac{1}{\alpha^2} = \alpha^2 + \beta^2 = 5^2 - 2ps = 25 - 4 = 21 \checkmark$$

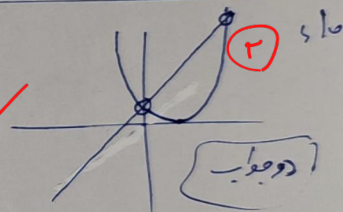
$$h(t) = -10t^2 + 20t = -10(t^2 - 2t) = -10(t - 1)^2 + 10 \Rightarrow -10(t - 1)^2 + 10 \geq 0$$

$t = 0$ $\rightarrow$ $t = 2$ $\checkmark$

(2) 9 ✓

$$g_2 = \frac{-\Delta}{4a} = \frac{0 - 4 \cdot 200}{-40} \Rightarrow g_2 = \frac{200}{1} = 200 \checkmark$$

$$c) (2-1)^2 = 2x+1 \Rightarrow 2^2 - 2x + 1 = 2x+1 \Rightarrow 2^2 - 4x = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x=0 \\ x=1 \end{array} \checkmark$$



$$1) 2^2 + 2x = |2x+1|$$

$$\frac{-2}{-2-1} \quad 2x+1$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2 \geq 1 \Rightarrow 2^2 + 2x = 2x+1 \Rightarrow 2^2 + 2 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1 \\ 2 < 1 \Rightarrow 2^2 + 2x = -(2x+1) \Rightarrow 2^2 + 2x + 2x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -1 \end{array} \right\} \Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x = 1 \\ x = -1 \end{array} \checkmark$$

