

$$-\frac{\Delta}{\epsilon a} = V \rightarrow \frac{b^2 + 12}{r} = V \rightarrow b = \pm \sqrt{rV}$$

رومی زاد

$$x^2 = b \quad b^2 + 2b + 3 = 0 \rightarrow b = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-12}}{2} \rightarrow \Delta < 0 \quad (\text{ریشه ندارد})$$

$$r - x^2 = b$$

$$t^2 - 2b - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (t+1)(t-1) = 0$$

$$r - x^2 + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x^2 = r+1 \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{r+1}$$

$$r - x^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{r}$$

$$\alpha = 2 + \beta$$

$$\alpha + \beta = 2 + 2\beta = 3 \Rightarrow \boxed{\beta = 1}, \boxed{\alpha = 3}$$

$$S = 1 \times 3 = \frac{m}{2} \Rightarrow \boxed{m = 12}$$

$$P = 2\alpha - 1 \rightarrow S = \alpha + \beta = 2\alpha - 1 = 2 \rightarrow \alpha = 2, \beta = 0$$

$$\rightarrow P = \frac{m-1}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{m = 1}$$

$$\Delta > 0 \quad 12 + 12m(m-2) > 0$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{x} \quad P = 1 \rightarrow \frac{m^2 - 2}{-m} = 1 \rightarrow m^2 + m - 2 = 0 \begin{cases} m=1 \rightarrow \Delta > 0 \\ m=-2 \rightarrow \Delta = 0 \end{cases} \quad \boxed{m=1}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = m$$

$$\alpha\beta = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \alpha\beta(1) = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \beta = \frac{1}{4\alpha}, \alpha = \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \frac{9}{4} + \frac{1}{9} = \frac{81+4}{36} = \frac{85}{36} = m$$

$$\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow 14 - 4m > 0 \Rightarrow m < \frac{7}{2} \checkmark$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{\beta} \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = \frac{1}{\beta} + \beta = \frac{1}{\beta} + \frac{1}{\alpha} \Rightarrow \beta = 1, \alpha = 1$$

$$\alpha\beta = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{1 \cdot 1} = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\left(\alpha + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)^m = \alpha^m + \frac{1}{\alpha^m} + m\alpha^{m-1}\left(\alpha + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right) \Rightarrow \checkmark = \alpha^m + \frac{1}{\alpha^m} + m\alpha^{m-1} \Rightarrow \alpha^m + \frac{1}{\alpha^m} = \frac{1}{\alpha^m} \Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = 1}$$

$$\alpha + \frac{1}{\alpha} = \frac{\alpha^2 + 1}{\alpha} = \checkmark$$

$$\alpha^2 - \checkmark\alpha + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{\checkmark \pm \sqrt{\checkmark^2 - 4}}{2} = \checkmark$$

$$\frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-(0)}{2(1)} = \frac{0}{2} = \frac{0}{2} = \boxed{0}$$

$$b = 0, \Delta = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{0}$$

$$-1.4 \pm 0.6 = 0 \Rightarrow b = \frac{-0.6 \pm \sqrt{0.6^2}}{-1.4} = 0$$

$$-1.6, 0$$



$$(x-1)^2 = y_{n+1} \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = y_{n+1} \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x = 0$$

$$\boxed{x = 0, 2}$$



$$x^2 + 2x = (x+1)^2 \Rightarrow x = -1$$

$$x + 2 > 0 \Rightarrow x^2 + 2x = x + 2 \Rightarrow x^2 + x - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 1}$$

$$x + 2 < 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{x = -2}$$