

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} A(4, -4) \\ B(2, 1) \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow m = \frac{1 - (-4)}{2 - 4} = \frac{14}{-2} = -7 \rightarrow m = -7$$

$$\text{وسط نقطه} = \left(\frac{4+2}{2}, \frac{1+(-4)}{2} \right) = (3, -1.5)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{معادله} = y = \frac{1}{7}x + b \rightarrow 1 = \frac{1}{7}(2) + b \rightarrow b = \frac{5}{7} \Rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = \frac{1}{7}x + \frac{5}{7} \checkmark$$

$$\text{معادله: } 7y - x - 5 = 0$$

$$|BC| = \sqrt{(-1 - (-4))^2 + (2 - 3)^2} = \sqrt{(3)^2 + (-1)^2} = \sqrt{10} \checkmark$$

$$AC \text{ فاصله} = \text{فاصله از مرکز} = \frac{|ax + by + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|4(3) + 3(1) - 5|}{\sqrt{9 + 14}} = \frac{10}{5} = 2 \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10}{5} = 2 \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow 2 - 2 = 0 \checkmark$$

$$\begin{cases} 4y = ax + 2 \\ x^2(y = x + 7) \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{|c - c'|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}} = \frac{|14 - 2|}{\sqrt{14 + 4}} = \frac{12}{\sqrt{18}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow 4y = 2x + 14 \Rightarrow a = 2, c = 14$$

$$\Rightarrow r = 3 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{8} \Rightarrow S = \pi r^2 = \pi \left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{8} \right)^2 = \frac{9}{8} \pi = 1.125\pi \checkmark$$

$$M \text{ نقطه: } \left(\frac{2+4}{2}, \frac{3+1}{2} \right) = (3, 2)$$

$$m_{B,A} = \frac{1 - 3}{2 - 4} = \frac{-2}{-2} = 1 \rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = -1(2) + b \rightarrow b = 3 \Rightarrow y = -x + 3$$

$$m_{C,H} = \text{عکس و متعامد} m_{A,B} = 1 \rightarrow \text{معادله خط} = -1 = 1(-1) + b \rightarrow b = 0 \Rightarrow y = x - 1$$

$$\rightarrow \text{حل برخورد معادله} = x - 1 = -x + 3 \rightarrow 2x = 4 \rightarrow x = 2 \Rightarrow y = 1 \Rightarrow H(2, 1)$$

$$\Rightarrow |MH| = \sqrt{(2 - 3)^2 + (1 - 2)^2} = \sqrt{1 + 1} = \sqrt{2} \checkmark$$

$$\text{معمود بودن} = m_1 \cdot m_2 = -1 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m_1 = -\frac{(3m - 2)}{8 - m} = \frac{3m - 2}{m - 8} \\ m_2 = -\frac{(m + 1)}{-(2m - 4)} = \frac{m + 1}{2m - 4} \end{cases}$$

$$\left(\frac{3m - 2}{m - 8} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{m + 1}{2m - 4} \right) = -1 \rightarrow \frac{3m - 2}{m - 8} = -\frac{(2m - 4)}{(m + 1)} \Rightarrow \frac{3m - 2}{m - 8} = \frac{4 - 2m}{m + 1} \Rightarrow 8m^2 - 13m + 18 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta < 0 \Rightarrow \text{فاصله عمود بر خط نمی‌گردد} \Rightarrow \text{معمود} \times$$

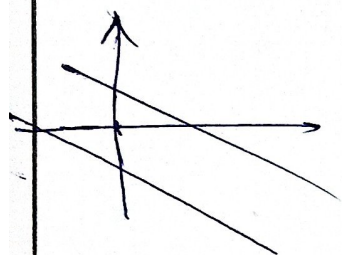
$$AC, AB \text{ تقاطع} \rightarrow A \text{ نقطه} \Rightarrow -\frac{x}{4} + \frac{y}{3} = 2x - 1 \rightarrow 2,5x = 2,8 \rightarrow x = 1, y = 1$$

$$BC, AB \text{ " } \rightarrow B \text{ " } \Rightarrow -\frac{x}{4} + \frac{y}{3} = -x + 2 \rightarrow \frac{x}{4} = 2,8 \rightarrow x = 8, y = 1$$

$$BC, AC \text{ " } \rightarrow C \text{ " } \Rightarrow -x + 2 = 2x - 1 \rightarrow 3x = 3 \rightarrow x = 1, y = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\text{ارتفاع} = \frac{|1 + 1 - 4|}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$M \text{ نقطه} = \left(\frac{8+8}{2}, \frac{-1+\frac{5}{3}}{2} \right) = \left(\frac{8}{2}, \frac{1}{4} \right) \Rightarrow |AM| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{8}{2}-1\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{4}-1\right)^2} = \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2}$$



$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2}x + b \xrightarrow{\text{فرم کلی}} 2y - x - 2b = 0$$

$$\text{فاصله} = \frac{|ax_0 + by_0 + c|}{\sqrt{a^2 + b^2}}$$

$$\text{مبدأ: } (0,0) \Rightarrow \frac{|0 - 0 - 2b|}{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{|2b|}{2} = \sqrt{10} \Rightarrow |2b| = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2b = 10 \rightarrow b = 5 \\ 2b = -10 \rightarrow b = -5 \end{cases} \rightarrow y = \frac{1}{2}x \pm 5$$

$$\oplus y = 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2}x \pm 5 = 0 \rightarrow x = \pm 10$$

$$\ominus x = 0 \rightarrow y = \pm 5$$

$$\text{فاصله} \Rightarrow \sqrt{5^2 + 10^2} = \sqrt{125}$$

$$y + mx = x + 2 \rightarrow y = (1-m)x + 2$$

$$my - 4x = 2m \rightarrow y = \frac{4}{m}x + 2$$

چون گفته باشه محور x ها محور از پس قاعده آن بری محور y ها است و ضلع مستقیم آن فاصله بین ۲ ریشه است

* از طرفی چون عرض از مبدأ هر ۲ معادله خط برابر ۲ است پس این ۲ معادله خط همگرا در نقطه (۰، ۲) قطع می کنند و ارتفاع آن روی محور y ها قرار دارد و اندازه آن برابر ۲ است $\leftarrow$ اندازه قاعده $\frac{8}{2}$ ✓

$$(1-m)x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow x_1 = \frac{-2}{1-m}$$

$$\frac{4}{m}x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow x_2 = \frac{-2m}{4}$$

$$\left| \frac{-2m}{4} - \frac{-2}{1-m} \right| = \frac{8}{4} \rightarrow \frac{2m^2 - 8m - 4}{4} = 8 \rightarrow 2m^2 - 8m - 4 = 32 \rightarrow 2m^2 - 8m - 36 = 0 \rightarrow m^2 - 4m - 18 = 0 \rightarrow m = 3$$

$$\text{در این معادله صحت می کند} \rightarrow \text{نقطه برخورد} = (0, -3)$$

$$\Rightarrow (2, -2) \text{ و } (0, -3) \rightarrow 2(2, -2) - (0, -3) = (4, -1)$$

$$\rightarrow \text{شیب خط قرینه تفسیری نمی کند} \Rightarrow y = 2x + b \xrightarrow{(4, -1)} -1 = 2(4) + b \rightarrow b = -9$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{معادله: } y = 2x - 9 \quad \checkmark$$

$$A(1, 2) \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m = -1 \Rightarrow y = -x + b \rightarrow 2 = -1 + b \rightarrow b = 3 \Rightarrow y = -x + 3 \\ y = x + 8 \end{array} \right.$$

$$\Rightarrow -x + 3 = x + 8 \Rightarrow -2x = 5 \rightarrow x = -2,5 \quad y = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow A' = 2H - A \rightarrow A' = 2(-2,5) - (1, 2) = (-5, -2)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b - a = 2(4) - (-3) = 11 \quad \checkmark$$