

$$(2x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + K50) - 1 \quad (1.5)$$

$$\rightarrow (y+2)^2 + 2(x-1)^2 = 0 = 2x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + 1050$$

$$\rightarrow K = 10$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 4x & ; x > a \\ 2x + a + 2 & ; x \leq a \end{cases}$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=a} a^2 + 4a \quad a^2 + a - 2 = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$\rightarrow a = -2, a = 1 \rightarrow f(a) = 1 + 4 = 5$$

شهادت دومین شهید محراب آیت الله مدنی به دست منافقان (۱۳۶۰ هـ.ش)

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - b & ; |x+1| \geq 2 \\ a + 2x & ; -3 \leq x \leq -1 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{cases} x+1 \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \\ x+1 \leq -2 \rightarrow x \leq -3 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow \text{اگر } x \leq -3 \rightarrow 2(-3)^2 - b = a + 2(-3)$$

$$\rightarrow 18 - b = a - 6 \rightarrow a + b \leq 24 \quad \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{4x-a} + \sqrt{b-3x} \rightarrow b-3x \geq 0 \rightarrow 3x \leq b \rightarrow x \leq \frac{b}{3}$$

$$\rightarrow 4x-a \geq 0 \rightarrow 4x \geq a \rightarrow x \geq \frac{a}{4}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{a}{4} \leq \frac{b}{3} \leq 2 \rightarrow a \leq 12, b \leq 4 \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} \leq \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark$$

الف) $y \leq \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{|x+3|}} + \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+4}} \rightarrow x \leq 4$ (2) - 11

$\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{|x+3|}}$ $\rightarrow x+1 > 0 \rightarrow (x, -1)$

$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow$ دالة موجبة

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$\rightarrow Df \leq [-1, 4] - \{3\}$ ✓

ب) $\sqrt{[x]-4} + \sqrt{4-[x]}$

$[x]-4 > 0 \rightarrow [x] > 4 \rightarrow x > 4 \rightarrow Df \leq \emptyset$ ✓

$4-[x] > 0 \rightarrow [x] \leq 4 \rightarrow x < 5$

الف)

$y \leq \sqrt{\frac{x^2(x-4)}{x^4-12x^2+32}} = \sqrt{\frac{(x-4)(x+4)}{(x-2)(x+2)(x-2)(x+2)}}$ (2) (4) (2) (4) - 14 (2)

$Df \leq \mathbb{R} - \{[-2, 2] \cup \{2\}\}$ ✓

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ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x-3)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x+3)(x-2)}}$ (1) (3) (2) (-1) (-3) (2) - 13 - 2 - 1 - 1 - 2 - 3

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$Df \leq (-\infty, -4) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, +\infty)$ ✓

$$\text{a)} y \leq \sqrt{[-x] - 2} \rightarrow [-x] \geq 2 \rightarrow -x \geq 2 \rightarrow x \leq -2 \quad \text{---} \checkmark$$

$$\rightarrow Df \leq (-\infty, -2] \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{---)} y = \frac{2x^2 + 4}{[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3} \rightarrow \text{مقسوم عليه}$$

$$[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3 \rightarrow ([x] - 3)([x] + 1)$$

$$([x] \neq 3) \quad ([x] \neq -1)$$

$$\rightarrow [x] \neq 3 \rightarrow x \notin [3, 4) \rightarrow Df \leq (-\infty, -1) \cup [0, 3) \cup [4, \infty)$$

$$[x] \neq -1 \rightarrow x \notin [-1, 0) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{الف)} y \leq \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + 1 \rightarrow \tan x \neq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1 \rightarrow \cos x \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$Df \leq \mathbb{R} - [K\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, K\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}] \rightarrow K\pi$$

$$\text{---)} y \leq \sqrt{1 - K \sin^2 x} \rightarrow 1 - K \sin^2 x \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow K \sin^2 x \leq 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{K} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{K}} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{K}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$Df \leq [K\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}]$$

$$D = [K\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, K\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}]$$

الف) $y = \sqrt{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-1} \rightarrow x-1 > 0 \Rightarrow x > 1$ ✓

$\frac{1}{x} \rightarrow 1 - \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-1 > 0$ (1)

$\log_{\frac{1}{x}} x-1 < 1 \rightarrow x-1 < \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x < \frac{x}{x-1}$

$Df \subset (1, \frac{x}{x-1}] \cup [\frac{x}{x-1}, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - x}}{1 - \log_{\frac{x}{x-1}} x}$ → (2) (1) $\frac{0}{+ \infty - \infty +}$ ✓

$1 - \log_{\frac{x}{x-1}} x > 0 \rightarrow \frac{0}{+1 - 1+}$

$\log_{\frac{x}{x-1}} x \neq 1 \rightarrow x^2 - x \neq 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - x - 1 \neq 0$

$-1 \quad x$
 $\frac{-1}{+ \infty - \infty +}$ $D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (1, +\infty) - \{ -1, \frac{x}{x-1} \}$ ✓

$Df \subset (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty) - \{ -1, \frac{x}{x-1} \}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-x^2}{x}}$ → (2) - 10

$\frac{x-x^2}{x} > 0 \rightarrow x-x^2 > 0 \rightarrow x(1-x) > 0 \rightarrow x > 0 \wedge 1-x > 0 \rightarrow 0 < x < 1$

$(x-1)(x-0) \leq 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{+ \infty - \infty +} \rightarrow Df \subset [0, 1]$ ✓

$$\therefore \left(\frac{\mu_{x+Q}}{\mu_{x+E}} \right)! \rightarrow \frac{\mu_{x+Q}}{\mu_{x+E}} \cdot SK$$

$$\rightarrow x_s \frac{Q - PK}{PK - \mu} \rightarrow Dfs \left\{ x / x_s \frac{Q - PK}{PK - \mu}, K \in \mu \right\} \checkmark$$