

أدین مکملان یازدهم A

$$x^2 + y^2 - 4x + 4y + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x(x-4) + y^2 + 4y + 4 = 0$$

$$x(x-4) + y^2 + 4y + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow x(x-4+1) + (y+2)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x(x-3) + (y+2)^2 = 0$$

$$x-3 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 3 \quad \checkmark$$

$$a = a \Rightarrow a^2 + 4a + 4 = 0 \Rightarrow a^2 + a - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow a = -2, 1, a) \Rightarrow a = 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$f(1) = x^2 + 4x + 4 = 1 + 4 + 4 = 9 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x^2 - b : |x+1| \geq 2 \Rightarrow x+1 \geq 2 \Rightarrow x \geq 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x+1 \leq -2 \Rightarrow x \leq -3 \quad \checkmark \quad \text{if } x=3 \Rightarrow x^2 - b = a + 2x \Rightarrow 11 - b = a - 4 \Rightarrow a + b = 15 \quad \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{4x-a} + \sqrt{b-2x} \Rightarrow \text{if } x=2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{12-a} + \sqrt{b-4} = y = 0 \Rightarrow a=12, b=4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{x+1}{|x-1|} \Rightarrow x = -1, 3 \quad \frac{-1}{-1+1} + \frac{3}{3-1} = 2 \Rightarrow D = [-1, +\infty) - \{1\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{y-2}{x^2+x+4}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{y-2}{(x+1/2)^2 + 15/4}} \Rightarrow \frac{y-2}{(x+1/2)^2 + 15/4} \geq 0 \Rightarrow y-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow y \geq 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{x-4} \Rightarrow x-4 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 4 \Rightarrow x \geq 4 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{1-x} \Rightarrow 1-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 1 \Rightarrow x \leq 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$x^2 = t \Rightarrow x^2 - 12x + 4 = t^2 - 12t + 4 = (t-5)(t-1) = (x-5)(x-1)(x-1)(x-1)$$

$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (1, 3) \cup (3, +\infty) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x^3 - 2x^2 - 5x + 4}{x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x - 4}} = \sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x-3)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x+3)(x-2)}} \quad \begin{array}{cccccc} -3 & -2 & -1 & 1 & 2 & 3 \\ + & - & + & - & + & - \end{array}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -3) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, +\infty) \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{-x-2} \Rightarrow [-x-2] \geq 0 \Rightarrow [-x] \geq 2 \Rightarrow -x \geq 2 \Rightarrow x \leq -2 \checkmark \quad (د) \quad (V)$$

$$y = \frac{\Delta x^2 + 4}{[x]^2 - 1[x] - 2} \Rightarrow [x]^2 - 1[x] - 2 \neq 0 \quad \Delta = 1^2 - 4 = -3$$

(1, 2.5)

$\Rightarrow x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{-3}}{2} \Rightarrow [x] = -1, 2$

$\Rightarrow [x] \neq -1, 2 \Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{[x, 2) \cup [0, 0]\}$

0.15 $\notin [-1, 0)$ $\nearrow$ $\notin [2, 2)$

$$y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \Rightarrow \frac{\tan x + 1 \neq 0}{\tan x \neq -1}, \underbrace{\cos \neq 0, \sin \neq 0}_{\frac{K\pi}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{K\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}}{2}, \frac{K\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}}{2}, \frac{K\pi}{2} \right\}$$

(2)

$$y = \sqrt{1 - \epsilon \sin^2 x} \Rightarrow 1 - \epsilon \sin^2 x \geq 0 \Rightarrow \epsilon \sin^2 x \leq 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{\epsilon} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon}} \checkmark$$

$$D_f = \left[\frac{K\pi}{2}, \frac{K\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}}{2} \right] \cup \left[\frac{K\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}}{2}, \frac{K\pi + \frac{5\pi}{2}}{2} \right] \checkmark$$

$$y = \sqrt{1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x}} \Rightarrow x-1 > 0 \Rightarrow [x > 1], \quad 1 - \log \frac{x-1}{x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \log \frac{x-1}{x} \leq 1 \Rightarrow x-1 \leq \frac{1}{x}$$

(الف) (1)

$$D_f = \left(1, \frac{2}{x} \right] \quad \left[\frac{x}{2}, +\infty \right)$$

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$$y = \frac{\sqrt{2x^2 - 2}}{1 - \log \frac{x^2 - 2x}{x}} \quad 2x^2 - 2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x(x-1) \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{0}{+} - \frac{1}{+} \Rightarrow (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty) \checkmark$$

$$1 - \log \frac{x^2 - 2x}{x} \neq 0 \Rightarrow \log \frac{x^2 - 2x}{x} \neq 1 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x \neq e \Rightarrow x^2 - 2x - e \neq 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{0}{+} - \frac{2}{+}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty) - \{e, -1\}$$

$$(-\infty, 0) \cup (3, +\infty) - \{-1, 4\}$$

$$y = \sqrt{y^{2-2r} - 1} \Rightarrow y^{2-2r} - 1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow y^{2-2r} \geq 1 \quad (الف، ١٥)$$

$$\Rightarrow 2-2r \geq 0 \Rightarrow -2r + 2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow 2r - 2 \leq 0 \Rightarrow (r-1)(r-1) \leq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r-1} - \frac{r}{r-1} \Rightarrow D_f = [1, 2] \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{r^2 + \omega}{r + t} \in W \Rightarrow r^2 + \omega \in r^2 W + tW \Rightarrow r^2 - r^2 W \in tW - \omega$$

$$r^2 + t$$

$$\Rightarrow r(r - rW) \in tW - \omega$$

$$\Rightarrow r \in \frac{tW - \omega}{r - rW} \Rightarrow D_f = \{r \mid r \in \frac{tW - \omega}{r - rW}, K \in W\} \quad \checkmark$$