

مسائل

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$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 2(x-1)^2 + (y+3)^2 \\ \underbrace{2(x^2-2x+1)}_{(+2)} \quad \underbrace{(y^2+6y+9)}_{(+9)} \end{array} \right\} + 2 + 9 = 11 \Rightarrow \boxed{x=1}$$

$$x=a \rightarrow \left. \begin{array}{l} a^2 + 5a = a(a+5) \\ 2a + a + 2 = 3a + 2 \end{array} \right\} \left. \begin{array}{l} a^2 + a - 2 = 0 \\ (a+2)(a-1) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} -2 \\ 1 \end{array}$$

$x \geq 1$
 $x < 1$

$$f(1) = x^2 + 5x - (1)^2 + 5(1) = 5$$

$$x+1 \leq -2 \Rightarrow x \leq -3 \quad x+1 \geq 2 \Rightarrow 1 \leq x$$

$$x = -3 \rightarrow \begin{cases} 2(-3)^2 - b = 11 - b \\ a + 2(-3) = a - 6 \end{cases} \rightarrow 11 - b = a - 6 \rightarrow a + b = 11 + 6 = \boxed{17}$$

$$x=2 \rightarrow |2-a| \geq 0 \rightarrow a \leq 12 \quad (-\infty, 12]$$

$$y=2 \rightarrow b-4 \geq 0 \rightarrow 4 \leq b \quad [4, +\infty)$$

$\frac{12}{4} = 3$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1 \Rightarrow D_f = [-b+\infty) - \{3\} \\ y-x \geq 0 \rightarrow y \geq x \quad (-\infty, y] \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow D_f = \boxed{[-1, y] - \{3\}}$$

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$$\left. \begin{array}{l} [x] - 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \geq 4 \rightarrow x \geq 4 \rightarrow [4, +\infty) \\ 2 - [x] \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \leq 2 \rightarrow x \leq 2 \rightarrow (-\infty, 2] \end{array} \right\} \rightarrow D_f = \boxed{\emptyset}$$

ب

$$\sqrt{\frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{(x-4)(x-9)}} = \frac{-2}{+} \frac{2}{-} \frac{4}{+} \frac{9}{-}$$

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$$D_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [2, 4) \cup (9, +\infty)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{(x-1)(x-2)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x+3)(x-4)}} \quad |, 2, -2 \quad \frac{-2 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3}{+ \quad - \quad + \quad - \quad + \quad - \quad +} \quad (-)$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -2) \cup [-2, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, +\infty)$$

$$[-x] - 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [-x] \geq 2 \rightarrow D_f = [-\infty, -2] \quad (-) \quad -V$$

$$[x] = t \rightarrow t^2 - 2t - 3 = 0 \rightarrow (t-3)(t+1) = 0 \rightarrow t = 3, -1 \quad (-) \quad -V$$

$$[x] \neq -1 \quad x \neq [-1, 0)$$

$$[x] \neq 3 \quad x \neq [3, 4)$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - [-1, 0) \cup [3, 4)$$

$$\cot = \frac{\cos}{\sin} \rightarrow \sin \neq 0$$

$$\tan \neq -1$$

$$\tan = \frac{\sin}{\cos} \rightarrow \cos \neq 0$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$$

$$1 - \sqrt{\sin^2 x} \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq \sqrt{\sin^2 x} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \geq \sin^2 x$$

$$D_f = \left[2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, 2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right] \cup \left[2k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{2} \right]$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq \log_{\frac{1}{x}} x \rightarrow x-1 \leq \frac{1}{x} \rightarrow x \leq \frac{x}{x-1}$$

$$x-1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \quad D_f = \left(1, \frac{x}{x-1} \right]$$

$$x^2 - x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(x-1) \geq 0 \quad \frac{0 \quad 1}{+ \quad - \quad +} \quad (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty)$$

$$x^2 - 3x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(x-3) \geq 0 \quad \frac{0 \quad 3}{+ \quad - \quad +} \quad (-\infty, 0] \cup (3, +\infty)$$

$$\log_{\frac{x^2-3x}{x}} x \neq 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 3x \neq x \rightarrow x^2 - 3x - x \neq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1 \quad 4}{+ \quad - \quad +} \quad x \neq \{-1, 4\}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup (3, +\infty) - \{-1, 4\}$$

$$\mu(r^2x - x^2) - 1 \geq 0$$

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$$\mu(r^2x - x^2) \geq 1 \rightarrow \mu(r^2x - x^2) \geq \mu^2$$

$$r^2x - x^2 \geq \mu^2 \rightarrow x(r^2 - x) \geq \mu^2$$

$$-x^2 + r^2x - \mu^2 \geq 0 \xrightarrow{\times(-1)} x^2 - r^2x + \mu^2 \leq 0$$

$(x-1)(x-\mu)$

$$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad \mu \\ \hline + \phi - \phi + \end{array}$$

$$D_f = [1, \mu]$$

$$\frac{\mu x + d}{\mu x + r} \in W$$

$$\frac{r^2w - d}{r^2w - r}$$

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$$\mu x + d = \mu wx + r^2w \rightarrow \mu x - \mu wx = r^2w - d$$

$$\frac{r^2w - d}{\mu - \mu w} \Rightarrow D_f = \left\{ x \mid x = \frac{r^2k - d}{\mu - \mu k}, k \in W \right\}$$