

$$\begin{aligned} a^2 + fa &= fa + a + f \\ a^2 + a - f &= 0 \\ a &= 1 \quad a = -f \end{aligned}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} 1 &\geq 1 \\ 1 &\geq -f \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow f(1) = 1^2 + f \cdot 1 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} x+1 &\geq f & f(-c) &= 1 \wedge -b = a - f \\ x+1 &\leq -f & a+b &= f \cdot f \\ x &\leq -c \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x - a &\geq 0 & b - cx &\geq 0 & \frac{b}{a} &= \frac{f}{1f} = \frac{1}{f} \\ x &\geq \frac{a}{4} & x &\leq \frac{b}{c} \\ x \cdot f &= \frac{a}{f} \quad a = 1f & x = f &= \frac{b}{c} \quad b = f \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{الف)} \quad x+1 &\geq 0 & x^2 + f x + f &= 0 & f-x &\geq 0 \\ x &\geq -1 & \Delta &= f - 1f < 0 & f &\geq x \\ x &\neq c & x^2 + f x + f &> 0 & D_f &= [-1, f] - \{c\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ب)} \quad [x] - f &\geq 0 & f - [x] &\geq 0 \\ [x] &\geq f & [x] &\leq f & D_f &= \emptyset \\ x &\geq f & x &< f \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{الف)} \quad \frac{(x-c)(x+f)}{(x^2-f)(x^2-f)} = \frac{(x-c)(x+f)}{(x-f)(x+f)(x-c)(x+c)} \geq 0$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -c) \cup (f, +\infty) - \{c\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{ب)} \quad \frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 5x + 7}{-x^2 + x^2} \cdot \frac{x-1}{x^2 - x - 7} &= \frac{x^2 + f x^2 - 5x - 7}{-x^2 - x^2} \cdot \frac{x+1}{x^2 + x - 7} \cdot \frac{(x-1)(x-c)(x+f)}{(x+1)(x+c)(x-f)} \geq 0 \\ \frac{-x^2 - 5x + 7}{+x^2 - x} &= \frac{x^2 - 5x - 7}{-x^2 - x} \cdot \frac{-c \quad -f \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad f \quad f}{+c \quad - \quad - \quad + \quad + \quad -} \\ \frac{-7x + 7}{+7x - 7} &= \frac{-7x - 7}{+7x + 7} & D_f &= (-\infty, c) \cup [-f, -1) \cup [f, f) \cup [c, +\infty) \end{aligned}$$

الف)

$$[-x] - 2 \geq 0$$

$$[-x] \geq 2$$

$$-x \geq 2 \quad x \leq -2$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, -2]$$

-V

ب)

$$[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3 = 0$$

$$([x] - 3)([x] + 1) = 0$$

$$[x] = 3 \quad [x] = -1$$

$$3 \leq x < 4 \quad -1 \leq x < 0$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{ [0, 4) \cup [-1, 0) \}$$

الف)

$$x \neq \frac{k\pi}{r}$$

$$\tan x + 1 = 0$$

$$x \neq k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{k\pi}{r} \cup \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \right\} \right\}$$

-A

ب)

$$1 - r \sin^2 x \geq 0$$

$$r \sin^2 x \leq 1$$

$$\sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{r}$$

$$-\frac{1}{r} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{r}$$

$$D_f = \left[k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \right]$$

-9

الف)

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{r}} x - 1 \geq 0$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{r}} x - 1 \leq 0$$

$$x - 1 > 0$$

$$x > 1$$

$$D_f = (1, \frac{e}{r}]$$

$$x - 1 \leq \frac{1}{r}$$

$$x \leq \frac{e}{r}$$

ب)

$$x(x-1) \geq 0$$

$$\frac{0}{+} \frac{1}{-} \frac{+}{+}$$

$$1 - \log_{\frac{1}{r}} x^r - c x = 0$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{r}} x^r - c x = 1$$

$$x(x-c) > 0$$

$$\frac{0}{+} \frac{c}{-} \frac{+}{+}$$

$$D_f = ((-\infty, 0) - \{-1\}) \cup ((c, +\infty) - \{r\})$$

$$x^r - c x = r$$

$$x^r - c x - r = 0$$

$$x = -1 \quad x = r$$

الف)

$$r^2 x - x^r \geq 1$$

$$r^2 x - x^r \geq r$$

$$x^r - r^2 x + c \leq 0$$

$$\frac{1}{+} \frac{r}{-} \frac{+}{+}$$

$$D_f = [1, c]$$

-10

ب)

$$\frac{c x + a}{r x + r} \in \mathbb{W}$$

$$x \in - \frac{r w - a}{r w - c}$$

$$x \in \frac{a - r w}{r w - c}$$