

در این مبحثی و مسئله «گروه A»

$$2x^2 - 4x + y^2 + 6y + k = 0$$

$$(y+3)^2 \rightarrow y^2 + 6y + 9$$

$$2x^2 - 4x + y^2 + 6y + k = 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x + \frac{y^2}{2} + 3y + \frac{k}{2} = 0$$

$$y = 2 \rightarrow 2x^2 - 4x + 2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 9 + 2 = 11 = k$$

$$9x^2 + 4x \xrightarrow{\text{با اِستِزای}} a^2 + 4a$$

$$2x + a + 2 \xrightarrow{\text{با اِستِزای}} 2a + a + 2$$

$$\rightarrow a^2 + 4a - 3a - 2 = 0$$

$$a^2 + a - 2 = 0$$

$$(a+2)(a-1) = 0 \rightarrow a = -2 \rightarrow x$$

$$a = 1 \rightarrow x$$

$$(1)^2 + 4(1) = 5$$

$$f(1)$$

$$|x+1| \geq 2 \rightarrow x+1 \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 1$$

$$x+1 \leq -2 \rightarrow x \leq -3$$

$$2(x+1) - b = a + 2(x+1)$$

$$\rightarrow 2x + 2 - b = a + 2x + 2$$

$$\rightarrow 2 - b = a + 2$$

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$$y = \sqrt{4x-a} + \sqrt{b-3x} \rightarrow 4x \geq a \rightarrow x \geq \frac{a}{4}$$

$$\frac{b}{3} \geq x \rightarrow x \leq \frac{b}{3}$$

$$\frac{a}{4} \leq x \leq \frac{b}{3}$$

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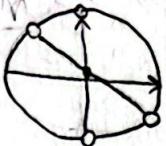
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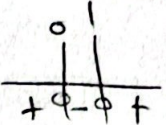
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الف) $\tan x \neq -1$
 $\cos x \neq 0 \rightarrow$  $\rightarrow \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\} = D_f$

ب) $1 \geq \sin^2 x \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \geq \sin x \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow$  $\rightarrow D_f = [k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}] \cup [k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{7\pi}{4}]$

الف) $1 \geq \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x-1) \rightarrow x-1 \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow x \leq \frac{3}{2} = D_f$

ب) $x^2 - x \geq 0 \rightarrow x(x-1) \geq 0 \rightarrow$  $\rightarrow (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty)$

$\log_{\frac{1}{2}}(x^2 - 3x) \neq 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 3x \neq 2 \rightarrow x^2 - 3x - 2 \neq 0$

$(x-4)(x+1) \rightarrow x = 4, -1$

$D_f = (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, +\infty) - \{4, -1\}$

الف) $\sqrt{x-x^2} \geq x^2 \rightarrow x-x^2 \geq x^4$
 $x^2 + x^2 + x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow x = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1-3}}{-2} \Rightarrow x = 1, 2$
 $(x+1)(x+2)$

ب) $\frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{\sqrt{x+1}} \in \mathbb{W} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{x+2}}{\sqrt{x+1}} = \frac{\sqrt{k+2}}{\sqrt{k+1}}$
 $D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{k+2}{k+1}, k \in \mathbb{W}\}$