

$$2x^2 - \varepsilon n + y^2 + 7y + k = 0 \rightarrow 2(x^2 - \varepsilon n) + (y+7)^2 - 49 + k = 0$$

$$\rightarrow 2((x-1)^2 - 1) + (y+7)^2 - 49 + k = 0 \rightarrow 2(x-1)^2 - 2 + (y+7)^2 - 49 + k = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \underbrace{2(x-1)^2}_{\geq 0} + \underbrace{(y+7)^2}_{\geq 0} + (k-11) = 0 \rightarrow k-11 \leq 0 \rightarrow k \leq 11$$

نقطه این تابع (۳، -۱) است که برای $k=11$ بدست میاد.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + \varepsilon n & x \geq a \\ 2n + a + 2 & x < a \end{cases} \rightarrow a^2 + \varepsilon a = 2a + 2 \rightarrow a^2 + a - 2 = 0$$

$$\xrightarrow{a+b+c=0} \begin{cases} a=1 \checkmark \\ a=-2 \times a \neq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\rightarrow f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + \varepsilon n & x \geq 1 \\ 2n + 2 & x < 1 \end{cases} \rightarrow f(1) = 5 \checkmark$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^2 - b & |x+1| \geq 2 \rightarrow x+1 \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 1 \quad x+1 \leq -2 \rightarrow x \leq -3 \\ a+2n & -2 < x+1 < 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\xrightarrow{x=-1} 2x^2 - b = a+2n \rightarrow 18 - b = a - 4 \rightarrow \boxed{a+b=22}$$

$$y = \sqrt{4x-a} + \sqrt{b-4x} \rightarrow D_f = \{x\} \rightarrow y = \sqrt{12-a} + \sqrt{b-4}$$

اگر a کوچکتر از ۱۲ یا b بزرگتر از ۴ باشد به غیر از ۲ اعداد ریشه در راسد و عدد راسد

$$\rightarrow b \geq 4 \quad \rightarrow a < 12 \quad \rightarrow b=4 \quad a=12 \quad \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1}{3} \checkmark$$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{|n-4|}} + \sqrt{\frac{4-x}{x^2+2n+2}} \rightarrow \left. \begin{aligned} &\frac{x+1}{|n-4|} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-4+\frac{4}{x}} \geq 0 \\ &\frac{4-x}{x^2+2n+2} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{4}{4-b} \geq 0 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow D_f = [-1, 4] \cup \{4\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{[x]-2} + \sqrt{2-[x]} \rightarrow \begin{cases} [x]-2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [x] \geq 2 \rightarrow x \geq 2 \\ 2-[x] \geq 0 \rightarrow 2 \geq [x] \rightarrow x < 3 \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = \emptyset$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - x - 7}{x^2 - 13x^2 + 37}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - x - 7}{x^2 - 13x^2 + 37} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{-x^2 - x - 7}{-12x^2 + 37} \geq 0$

$\rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -7) \cup (7, +\infty) - \{7\} \pm 7 \pm 7$ ✓

(2)

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 2x^2 - 2x + 7}{x^2 + 13x^2 - 2x - 7}} \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x+2)(x-7)}{(x+1)(x-1)(x+7)} \geq 0$

$\rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -7) \cup (-1, 1) \cup (1, 7) \cup (7, +\infty)$ ✓

الف) $y = \sqrt{-x} - 2 \rightarrow [-x] - 2 \geq 0 \rightarrow [-x] \geq 2 \rightarrow -x \geq 2 \rightarrow x \leq -2$

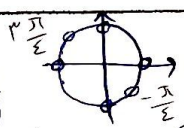
✓ $D_f = (-\infty, -2]$

(2)

ب) $y = \frac{8x^2 + 7}{[x]^2 - 2[x] - 3} \rightarrow [x]^2 - 2[x] - 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} [x] \neq 3 \rightarrow x \neq [3, 4) \\ [x] \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq [-1, 0) \end{cases}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - [3, 4) - [-1, 0)$ ✓

الف) $y = \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} \sin x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \{k\pi\} \\ \cos x \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}\} \\ \tan x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \tan x \neq -1 \rightarrow x \neq \{k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\} \end{cases}$



$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\} \subseteq D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{\frac{k\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\}$ ✓

(2)

ب) $y = \sqrt{1 - \varepsilon \sin^2 x} \rightarrow 1 - \varepsilon \sin^2 x \geq 0 \rightarrow \varepsilon \sin^2 x \leq 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \leq \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\varepsilon}} \leq \sin x \leq \frac{1}{\sqrt{\varepsilon}}$



$\rightarrow D_f = [k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}]$ ✓

الف) $y = \sqrt{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{F}} x - 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \\ 1 - \log_{\frac{1}{F}} x \geq 0 \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{F}} x \leq 1 \rightarrow x - 1 \geq \frac{1}{F} \rightarrow x \geq \frac{F}{F} \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = [\frac{F}{F}, +\infty)$

(2)

ب) $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 - x}}{1 - \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x} \rightarrow \begin{cases} x^2 - x \geq 0 \rightarrow x \leq 0 \text{ or } x \geq 1 \\ 1 - \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x > 0 \rightarrow \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x < 1 \rightarrow x < 2 \\ \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 2 \end{cases} \rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup (1, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \sqrt{r^{\varepsilon x - x^2} - x} \rightarrow r^{-x^2 + \varepsilon x} \geq 0 \rightarrow -x^2 + \varepsilon x \geq 0 \rightarrow x^2 - \varepsilon x \leq 0 \rightarrow x \in [0, \varepsilon]$

(2)

$\rightarrow D_f = [0, \varepsilon]$ ✓

ب) $y = \left(\frac{r_n x + \delta}{r_n x + \varepsilon}\right)!$ $\rightarrow \frac{r_n x + \delta}{r_n x + \varepsilon} \in \mathbb{N} \rightarrow x \in \frac{-(\varepsilon \mathbb{N} - \delta)}{r_n \mathbb{N} - r_n} \rightarrow D_f = \{x \mid x = \frac{-\varepsilon k + \delta}{r_n k - r_n}, k \in \mathbb{N}\}$

$r_n x + \varepsilon \mathbb{N} = r_n x + \delta \rightarrow r_n x - r_n = \delta - \varepsilon \mathbb{N}$

$\rightarrow x(r_n - r_n) = \delta - \varepsilon \mathbb{N} \rightarrow x = \frac{\delta - \varepsilon \mathbb{N}}{r_n - r_n}$