

نام و نام خانوادگی: کوروش کسایان پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲... کلاس: پانزدهم ... پیر A

$$\underbrace{rx^2 + tx}_{a} + \underbrace{y^2 + 4y + k}_{b} = 0 \quad \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 14 - 4(r \times c) = 14 - 4rc > 0 \quad 14 > 4rc \quad 1$$

$$c < \frac{7}{2r}$$

$$y^2 + 4y + k < 0 \quad \underbrace{y^2}_{a'} + \underbrace{4y}_{b'} + \underbrace{k}_{c'} < 0$$

$$\Delta' = b'^2 - 4a'c' > 0 \quad 16 - 4(k - r) > 0 \quad 4 - (k - r) > 0 \quad r - k + 4 > 0 \quad r > k - 4 \quad k < r + 4$$

$$x = a \quad a^2 + tx = 3a + r \quad a^2 + a - r = 0 \quad (a+r)(a-1) = 0 \quad \frac{a}{r} > 0 \rightarrow a = 1$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + tx & x > 1 \\ rx - r & x \leq 1 \end{cases} \quad x = 1 \Rightarrow r + r = 0$$

$$x = r \Rightarrow \underbrace{rx}_{14} \underbrace{(-r)}_{-4} - b = a + \underbrace{rx}_{-4} \underbrace{(-r)}_{-4} \quad 14 + 4 = a + b = 2r$$

حدا دراد: $x = 0$ و $y = 0$ فقط! بنشیند داریم: $x = r \Rightarrow y = \sqrt{12 - a} + \sqrt{b - 4} \rightarrow$

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt{12 - a} = 0 \quad a = 12, \sqrt{b - 4} = 0 \quad b = 4 \quad \frac{b}{a} = \frac{4}{12} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\text{الف) } \frac{x+1}{|x-3|} > 0 \quad \frac{-1}{-3} + \frac{r}{3} > 0 \quad \frac{4-x}{x^2+2x+1} > 0 \quad \frac{4}{+3} - \Rightarrow D = [-1, 3) \cup (3, 4]$$

$$\text{ب) } [x] - t > 0 \quad [x] > t \quad x > t \quad r - [x] > 0 \quad r > [x] \quad x < r$$

$$D = \emptyset$$

$$\text{Sol 1)} \sqrt{\frac{(x-y)(x+y)}{(x^2-y^2)(x^2+z^2)}} = \sqrt{\frac{(x-y)(x+y)}{(x+y)(x-y)(x+z)(x-z)}} > 0 \quad + \frac{x}{x} - \frac{x}{x} - \frac{x}{x} + \frac{x}{x}$$

$$O = (-\infty, -r) \cup (r, r) \cup (r, \infty)$$

[illegible]

الف) $[-\infty, -r] \cup (-r, \infty) = (-\infty, \infty)$ $x \leq -r$ $0 = (-\infty, r]$

ii) $[x] = t \quad (t-r, r, -r \neq 0) \quad (t-r)(t+r) \neq 0 \quad [x] \neq r \quad [x] \neq -r$

$$\underbrace{+ \leq x < + \quad -1 \leq x < 0}_{\substack{\downarrow \\ \text{für } b, c, d}} \quad D = (-\infty, -1) \cup [0, +) \cup [+ , \infty)$$

الف) $x \neq \{k\pi, k\pi, \frac{\pi}{r}\}$ $D = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi, \frac{\pi}{r}\}$

$y = \sqrt{(1 - \cos \alpha)(1 + \cos \alpha)}$

$$O = \left[\tau_K \pi - \frac{\pi}{r}, \tau_K \pi + \frac{\pi}{r} \right] \cup \left[\tau_K \pi + \frac{\pi}{r}, \tau_K \pi + \frac{6\pi}{r} \right]$$

$$\text{Wir } x-1 > 0 \quad x > 1 \quad 1 - \log^{x-1} > 0 \quad \log^{\frac{x-1}{x}} < 1 \quad x-1 \leq \frac{1}{x} \quad x \leq 1, \Delta$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cup \quad x^r - x > 0 \quad x(x-1) > 0 \quad \frac{0}{\cancel{1} - \cancel{1} +} \quad x \leq 0 \quad x \geq 1 \\ x^r - rx > 0 \quad x(x-r) > 0 \quad \frac{0}{\cancel{r} - \cancel{r} +} \quad x < 0 \quad x > r \end{aligned}$$

$$1 - \log x^{r-r_0} \neq 0 \quad \log x^{r-r_0} \neq 1 \quad x^{r-r_0} \neq t \quad x^{r-r_0} - t \neq 0$$

$$(x-t)(x+1) \neq 0 \quad x \neq -1, t \quad D = (-\infty, -1) \cup (-1, 0) \cup (r, t) \cup (t, \infty)$$

(ii) $x^{r+x-r} > 1$ $x^{r-x-r} > r$ $x^r - (x-r) \leq 0$ $(x-r)(x-1) \leq 0$
 $\frac{1}{-} \quad \frac{r}{-} \quad \frac{1}{+}$ $D = [1, r]$

$$\text{v.) } D = \left\{ x \mid \frac{x(x-1)}{x-1} \in k, k \in W \right\}$$