

1- (1, 75)
 2- جواب
 3- (1, 75)

$$\text{Sol)} \quad \left| \frac{r_{2-1}}{x} \right| < r \Rightarrow \frac{|r_{2-1}|}{|x|} < r \xrightarrow{|x| > 0} |r_{2-1}| < r|x| \quad (1, \infty) - r$$

$$\Rightarrow (|y_2 - 1|)^y < (|y/2|)^y \Rightarrow \varepsilon_2^y - \varepsilon_2 + 1 < \varepsilon_2^y \Rightarrow \varepsilon_2 > 1 \Rightarrow 2 > \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{c) } \left| \frac{z-2}{z+1} \right| > 1 \Rightarrow \frac{|z-2|}{|z+1|} > 1 \Rightarrow |z-2| > |z+1| \Rightarrow (|z-2|)^2 > (|z+1|)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow 2^2 - 2 \cdot 1 > 2^2 + 2 \cdot 1 \quad \Rightarrow 2 > -\frac{q}{k}, \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow R = (-\infty, -\frac{1}{k}) \cup (\frac{1}{k}, +\infty)$$

$$3^2 < |2+9| \Rightarrow 2^2 < 2+9 \Rightarrow 2^2 - 2 - 9 < 0 \Rightarrow (2-3)(2+2) < 0$$

$$|2 - \alpha| < \beta \Rightarrow -\beta < 2 - \alpha < \beta \Rightarrow \alpha \in (-2, 2)$$

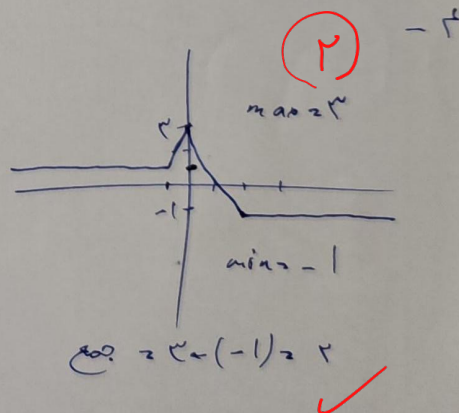
$$\alpha - \beta \mid \alpha \mid \alpha + \beta \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha + \beta \mid \alpha \quad \Rightarrow \quad \alpha \mid \alpha + \beta \quad \Rightarrow \quad \alpha \mid \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} \quad \Rightarrow \quad \beta \mid \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + \beta} \end{array} \right.$$

$$2), \quad \psi; \quad (x+1) - (y+1) + (z-y) = -1$$

$$0(2 \leq y; (n+1) - (y-1) - (n-y) = 2 - y + y)$$

$$-1 < z < 0 \quad (z+1) + (y_2) - (x-y) = y_2 + y$$

$$z < -1, \quad -(2+1) + (12) - (2-5) = +1$$



$$y = \left(\frac{1}{x} z - 1 \right) \xrightarrow{\text{مطلوبه}} \left| \frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right| - 1 \xrightarrow{\text{مطلوبه}} y = \left| \frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right| - 1 + 1 \quad \text{جواب}$$

$$\xrightarrow{y=y} \left| \frac{1}{x} z \right| - 1 = \left| \frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right| - 1 \Rightarrow \underbrace{\left| \frac{1}{x} z \right| - \left| \frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right|}_{y} = 0$$

$$y = \begin{cases} z \geq 0 : \left(\frac{1}{x} z \right) - \left(\frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right) = -1 \\ -1 < z < 0 : -\left(\frac{1}{x} z \right) - \left(\frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right) = -z-1 \\ z \leq -1 : -\left(\frac{1}{x} z \right) + \left(\frac{1}{x} (z+1) \right) = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$y = 1 \quad -1 - 1 = -2 \quad 2 = -2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ع1)} f(x) = [1-x - |x+1|]$$

$$x \geq 1 : (x-1) - (x+1) = -2$$

$$-1 < x < 1 : -(x-1) - (x+1) = -x-1-x = -2x-2$$

$$x \leq -1 : -(x-1) + (x+1) = 2$$

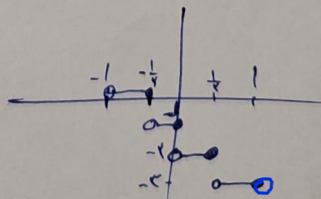
$$= \{-2, -2, -2, -2, -2, -1, 0, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2\} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\text{ب)} f(x) = \frac{1}{2} - \left\lfloor \frac{x+1}{2} \right\rfloor = \frac{1}{2} - \left\lfloor 1 + \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor = \frac{1}{2} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor - 1$$

$$0 \leq \frac{1}{2} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor < 1 \quad \text{ب) } 1 < \frac{1}{2} - \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor + 1 < 2 \quad \text{ب) } R = [-1, 0]$$

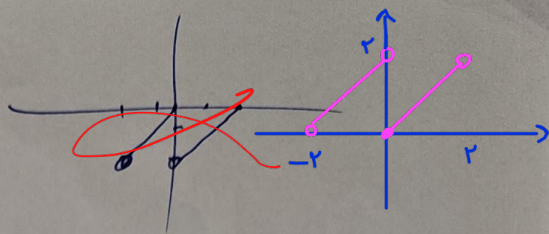
$$\text{ع1)} y = \lfloor -x \rfloor - 1 \quad x \in (-1, 1)$$

$$\begin{cases} -1 < x \leq -\frac{1}{2} : 1-1=0 \\ -\frac{1}{2} < x \leq 0 : 0-1=-1 \\ 0 < x \leq \frac{1}{2} : -1-1=-2 \\ \frac{1}{2} < x \leq 1 : -1-1=-2 \end{cases}$$



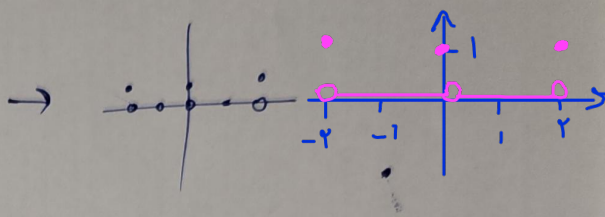
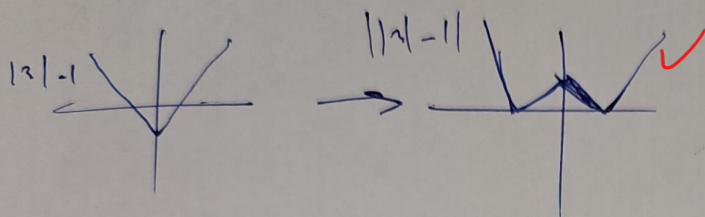
$$b) \quad 2 - x \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \quad x \in (-1, 1)$$

$$y \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) - y \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] = x \left(\frac{x}{2} - \left[\frac{x}{2} \right] \right)$$

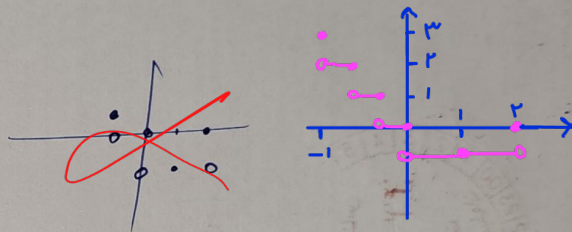
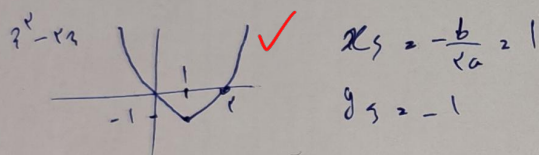


$$a) \quad y = [|x| - 1] \quad x \in [-1, 1]$$

① 1 جواب



$$b) \quad y = [x^2 - x_2] \quad x \in [-1, 1]$$



$$a \in [b] = \{x\} \longrightarrow [a] + [b] = x$$

$$\Rightarrow y[b] = x \Rightarrow [b] = x$$

$$b - [a] = \{x\} \longrightarrow [b] - [a] = x$$

$$[a] + x = x \Rightarrow [a] = 0$$

سوال 19

①, ②

$$a = 1 + 6x \in [1, 7] \quad \Rightarrow a + b = \{x\} \quad \boxed{4, 4}$$

$$b = \{x\} \in [1, 4] \quad b - [a] = \{x\} \quad \rightarrow b = 3, 4$$

10 جواب

②

$$(1 + \sqrt{x})^4 + (1 - \sqrt{x})^4 = 19 \quad [(1 + \sqrt{x})^4] = ?$$

$$(1 + \sqrt{x})^4 = t \quad t + \frac{1}{t} = 19 \quad \Rightarrow t^2 - 19t + 1 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow t = \frac{19 \pm \sqrt{19^2 - 4}}{2} \quad \Rightarrow t = \frac{19 \pm 18\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{t} = \frac{1}{(1 + \sqrt{x})^4} = \frac{(\sqrt{x} - 1)^4}{(x - 1)^4} = (\sqrt{x} - 1)^4$$

$$= 49 \pm 10\sqrt{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \sqrt{x} \approx 1.41 \Rightarrow 44 + 10\sqrt{2} \approx 19\sqrt{2}$$

$$[19\sqrt{2}] = 19\sqrt{2}$$

$$\left| \frac{n-r}{r_{n+1}} \right| > 1 \quad n \neq -\frac{1}{r}$$

ب. ٢

$$|n-r| > |r_{n+1}| \xrightarrow{\text{توان}} n^r - r_{n+1} < r_{n+1} + r_{n+1}$$

$$r_{n+1} + n - r < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-r}{+1} \quad \frac{1}{r} \quad (-r, \frac{1}{r}) - \left\{ -\frac{1}{r} \right\}$$