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if $n-1=0 \rightarrow \overline{000}$

5. $f(x) = x^{n-1} < 0 \Rightarrow n < 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{n-1} = 1-n \Rightarrow -n^2 - 1 + 2n - 1 \Rightarrow -n^2 + 2n - 2 < 0$

$\Rightarrow$ $\frac{1}{2} \times 10 = 5$ ✓

10) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

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11) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

12) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

13) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

14) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

15) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

16) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

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20) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$ (بجانب 0)

$\frac{n-1}{x_{n+1}} \rightarrow$ Wiederholung: $x, \frac{1}{x}$

$n-1$	x	$\frac{1}{x}$
x_{n+1}	x_{n+1}	$\frac{1}{x_{n+1}}$

(~~0~~, ~~90~~) (~~1~~, ~~1~~) = {1}

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$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{z} &= \frac{z - r}{r_{n+1}} > 1 \rightarrow n < -r \Rightarrow (-\infty, -r) \\ \frac{r}{z} &= \frac{r - n}{r_{n+1}} > 1 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{r} n < \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \left(\frac{-1}{r}, \frac{1}{r}\right) \\ \frac{r}{z} &= \frac{n+r}{r_{n+1}} > 1 \rightarrow n > -r \Rightarrow (\bar{\varnothing}) \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\lfloor L_0 \rfloor}{U} = \langle -r, -\frac{1}{r} \rangle \cup \left(\frac{-1}{r}, \frac{1}{r} \right) \\ \qquad \qquad \qquad \textcolor{blue}{(-r, -\frac{1}{r})} \end{array} \right.$$

20 $x+4 > 0 \rightarrow x > -4 \rightarrow x-4 < 0 \rightarrow (x+4)(x-4) < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-4}{+1-1+} = (-4, 4)$

$x - 4 < 0 \rightarrow x^2 < -x - 4 \rightarrow x^2 + x + 4 < 0 \rightarrow$ معتمداً على x و y متغيرين

$$|m - \alpha| < \beta \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{-r + r}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \text{ q } \beta \Rightarrow m = -r \Rightarrow \beta = +\frac{\omega}{r} \Rightarrow |m - \frac{1}{r}| < \frac{\omega}{r} \Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha = \frac{1}{r}}$$

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$y = \cancel{u+1} - \cancel{u_n} + \cancel{u-r}$

$\begin{array}{c|c|c|c} -1 & 0 & 0 & +r \end{array} \quad (6)$

$-\cancel{u+1} + \cancel{u_n} + \cancel{u-r}$	$u+1 + u_n - u + r$	$u+1 - u_n - u + r$	$u+1 - u_n + u - r$
$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$
(1)	$u_n + r$	$-u_n + r$	(-1)
	$\downarrow$	$\downarrow$	
	$(\lg r)$	$(-\lg r)$	

30 $\min = -1 \quad \Rightarrow$
 $\max = 2 \quad \rightarrow \min + \max = 2 + (-1) = (1) \checkmark$

$$-1 < u < 0$$

$$u + \frac{1}{u} = -1 \rightarrow u = -1$$

اداره سوال ۵

$$|\frac{1}{x} - 1| \leq 2 \xrightarrow{\text{مقدار مثبت}} |\frac{1}{x} - 1| \leq 2 \xrightarrow{\text{مقدار مثبت}} |\frac{1}{x} - 1| \leq 2 \xrightarrow{\text{مقدار مثبت}} |\frac{1}{x} - 1| \leq 2 \quad (1)$$

$$|\frac{1}{x} - 1| \leq 2 \Rightarrow |\frac{1}{x} - 1| \leq 2 \Rightarrow -2 \leq \frac{1}{x} - 1 \leq 2 \Rightarrow -1 \leq \frac{1}{x} \leq 3 \Rightarrow -x \leq x \leq 3x \Rightarrow -1 \leq x \leq 3 \quad (2)$$

$$x^2 \rightarrow \text{تابع آبی، آبی}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1 < x \rightarrow [x-1, x-1] &= [-5] = (-5) \\ -4 \leq x \leq 1 \rightarrow [1-x, x-1] &= [-2x] = (-2) \\ x < -2 \rightarrow [-x+1, x+1] &= [5] = (5) \end{aligned} \quad \left\{ \begin{aligned} x = -2 \rightarrow y = 5 \\ x = 1 \rightarrow y = -5 \end{aligned} \right\} \rightarrow [-5, 5] \quad (3)$$

$$U \rightarrow [-5, 5] \rightarrow \{-5, -4, \dots, 5\} \quad \text{چون برای یک دایره، بر خط شامل اولاد مع این بازه می‌باشد}$$

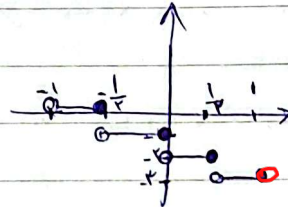
$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{x} - \left\lfloor \frac{x+1}{x} \right\rfloor$$

$$\frac{1}{x} - \left\lfloor 1 + \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor = \frac{1}{x} - \left\lfloor \frac{1}{x} \right\rfloor - 1$$

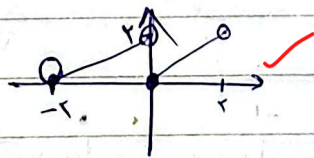
$$0 < \frac{1}{x} < 1 \rightarrow R = [-1, 0)$$

$$\text{الف)} y = [-2x] - 1 \rightarrow x \in (-1, 1) \Rightarrow -2x < 1 \Rightarrow 2 > 2x > -2$$

$$\begin{cases} -2 \leq -2x < -1 \rightarrow [-2x] = -2, \frac{1}{2} < x < 1 \rightarrow y = -2 \\ -1 \leq -2x < 0 \rightarrow [-2x] = -1, 0 < x \leq \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow y = -1 \\ 0 \leq -2x < 1 \rightarrow [-2x] = 0, -\frac{1}{2} < x \leq 0 \rightarrow y = 0 \\ 1 \leq -2x < 2 \rightarrow [-2x] = 1, -1 < x \leq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow y = 1 \end{cases}$$



$$\Rightarrow x - 2 \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor, x \in (-2, 2) \rightarrow -1 < \frac{x}{2} < 1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} -1 < \frac{x}{2} < 0 \rightarrow \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor = -1 \\ y = x + 2, -2 < x < 0 \\ 0 \leq \frac{x}{2} < 1 \rightarrow \left\lfloor \frac{x}{2} \right\rfloor = 0 \rightarrow y = x \\ 1 \leq \frac{x}{2} < 2 \end{cases}$$



$$\text{ب)} y = \{ |x| - 1 \}, x \in [-2, 2] \Rightarrow \begin{cases} y = |x| - 1, x \in [-2, 2] \\ y = |x| - 1, x \in [-2, 2] \\ y = |x| - 1, x \in [-2, 2] \end{cases} \quad (4)$$

$$\text{ب)} y = \{ x^2 - 2x \}, x \in [-1, 2] \Rightarrow \begin{cases} y = x^2 - 2x, x \in [-1, 2] \\ y = x^2 - 2x, x \in [-1, 2] \\ y = x^2 - 2x, x \in [-1, 2] \end{cases}$$

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④ $a \cdot \{b\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow$ a من $\{1, 2\}$ ، $b - \{a\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow$ b من $\{1, 2\}$

$\rightarrow \{a \cdot \{b\}\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{b - \{a\}\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{a\} \cdot \{b\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{b\} - \{a\} = \{1, 2\}$ (2)

$\{a\} \cdot \{b\} = \{1, 2\}$

$\{a\} \cdot \{b\} = \{1, 2\}$

$\{a\} \cdot \{b\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{b\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{a\} = \{1\}$ $\frac{\text{من } \{1, 2\}}{\text{من } \{1, 2\}}$ $b - \{a\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{b\} = \{1, 2\}$

$\frac{\text{من } \{1, 2\}}{\text{من } \{1, 2\}}$ $a \cdot \{b\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow a \cdot \{1, 2\} = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow a \cdot 1 = \{1, 2\} \rightarrow \{a\} = \{1, 2\}$

$\{a \cdot b\} = \{1, 2, 1, 2\} = \{1, 2\}$ ✓

$(1 + \sqrt{2})^4 + (1 - \sqrt{2})^4 = 19 \rightarrow \{(1 + \sqrt{2})^4\} = ?$ (2) (10)

$(1 + \sqrt{2})^4 + (1 - \sqrt{2})^4 \xrightarrow{\sqrt{2} \approx 1.4} \rightarrow (2.4)^4 + (-0.4)^4 = 19 \rightarrow (1 + \sqrt{2})^4 = 19 - (-0.4)^4 = 19$

$\{(1 + \sqrt{2})^4\} = \{19, -\} = 19$ ✓ $\leftarrow (1 + \sqrt{2})^4 = 19$

$-2 < \frac{n-1}{n} < 2 \rightarrow -2 < 2 - \frac{1}{n} < 2 \rightarrow -2 < -\frac{1}{n} < 0$ (2)

$\begin{cases} -\frac{1}{n} > -2 \rightarrow n > \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{n} < 0 \rightarrow n > 0 \end{cases}$

$\rightarrow n > \frac{1}{2}$

$\left| \frac{n-2}{n+1} \right| > 1 \rightarrow n \neq -\frac{1}{2}$

$|n-2| > |n+1| \rightarrow n^2 - 4n + 4 > n^2 + 2n + 1$

$n^2 + 4n - 3 < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 12}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{28}}{2} = \frac{-4 \pm 2\sqrt{7}}{2} = -2 \pm \sqrt{7}$