

$$\frac{1}{n-1} = |n-1| \rightarrow n > 1 : |n-1| = n^2 - 2n + 1 \rightarrow n^2 - 2n = 0 \Rightarrow n(n-2) = 0$$

فقط $n=0$ $n=2$

$$n < 1 : |n-1| = -(n^2 - 2n + 1) \Rightarrow n^2 - 2n + 2 = 1 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$$

جواب ندارد

جواب: $n=2$ ✓

الف) $\left| \frac{2n-1}{n} \right| < 2 \rightarrow -2 < \frac{2n-1}{n} < 2$

$$-2n < 2n-1$$

$$1 < 4n$$

$$\frac{1}{4} < n$$

مربع جواب: ✓

ب) $\left| \frac{n-2}{2n+1} \right| > 1$ اجتماع $\left\{ -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2} \right\}$

$$\frac{n-2}{2n+1} > 1 \rightarrow \frac{n-2-2n-1}{2n+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-n-3}{2n+1} > 0$$

$$\frac{n-2}{2n+1} < -1 \rightarrow \frac{n-2-2n-1}{2n+1} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-n-3}{2n+1} < 0$$

جواب: $n < -3$ و $n > -1$

$$m^2 < |m+2| \rightarrow m^2 < m+2 \rightarrow m^2 - m - 2 < 0 \rightarrow (m-2)(m+1) < 0$$

$$m \in (-1, 2)$$

$$\begin{cases} \alpha + \beta = 2 \\ \alpha - \beta = -1 \end{cases} \rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{2}$$

جواب: $\alpha = \frac{1}{2}$ ✓

Min: -1

Max: 2

Max + Min = 2 - 1 = 1 ✓

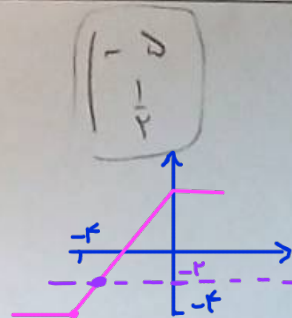
تغییرات محقق در هر نقطه n اجزای مثبت

$$y' = \left| \frac{1}{2}(n+2) \right| - 2 + 1 = \left| \frac{1}{2}(n+2) \right| - 1$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{2}n + 1 \right| - 1 = \left| \frac{1}{2}n \right| - 2$$

$$\left| \frac{1}{2}(n+2) \right| - \left| \frac{1}{2}n \right| = -1$$

جواب: $n = -2$



$$-4 < n < 0$$

$$n + 2 + n = -2 \rightarrow n = -2$$

الف) $f(n) = [1-n - n]$ $\Delta \quad 1-n-2 \leq -5$ $\begin{cases} -4 < n < 1 \\ -4 < 2n < 1 \\ -5 < -2n-2 < 5 \\ -5 < [-2n-2] < 5 \end{cases}$ $\Delta \quad n \leq -4$ $R_f: [-5, 5]$ ✓ $\{5, \dots, -4, -5\}$ چونه بیاکت داریم، بره معطل شمل اوله مع این بانه مر بانه	ب) $f(n) = \frac{1}{n} - [\frac{n+1}{n}]$ $\frac{1}{n} - [1 + \frac{1}{n}] = \frac{1}{n} - [\frac{1}{n}] - 1$ $0 \leq \frac{1}{n} - [\frac{1}{n}] \leq 1$ $-1 \leq \frac{1}{n} - [\frac{1}{n}] - 1 \leq 0$ ✓ (1, 1/5)
الف) $y = [2n] - 1 \quad n \in (-1, 1)$ $\begin{cases} -3 & \frac{1}{2} < n < 1 \\ -2 & 0 < n \leq \frac{1}{2} \\ -1 & -\frac{1}{2} < n < 0 \\ 0 & -1 < n \leq -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases}$ یه طرف تو خالی یه طرف تعبیر!	ب) $y = n - 2[\frac{n}{2}] \quad n \in (-2, 2)$ $\begin{cases} n+2 & -2 < n < 0 \\ n & 0 \leq n < 2 \end{cases}$ (1, 1/5)
الف) $y = [n - 1]$ $n \in [-2, 2]$ $\begin{cases} n - 1 = -2 & -2 \leq n < -1 \\ n - 1 = -1 & -1 \leq n < 0 \\ n - 1 = 0 & 0 \leq n < 1 \\ n - 1 = 1 & 1 \leq n < 2 \\ n - 1 = 2 & n = 2 \end{cases}$ $n=2$ بیاکت له	ب) $y = [n^2 - 2n]$ $n \in [-1, 2]$ بیاکت (0, 1/5)
$a + [b] = 4, 2 \xrightarrow[\text{است}]{\text{نسبت اعضای } a}$ $\begin{cases} [a] + [b] = 4 \\ [b] - [a] = 2 \end{cases}$ $b - [a] = 2, 1/2 \xrightarrow[\text{است}]{\text{نسبت اعضای } b}$ $2[b] = 2$ $[b] = 1 \rightarrow b = 1, 2$ $[a] = 1 \rightarrow a = 1, 2$ $\rightarrow a+b = 4, 4$ ✓ (2)	(2)
$(1+\sqrt{2})^4 + (1-\sqrt{2})^4 = 198$ $1-\sqrt{2} \approx 1-1,414 = -0,414 \rightarrow (-0,414)^4 = (0,414)^4 \rightarrow 0,29 < 1 \quad (1-\sqrt{2})^4 = n$ $\Rightarrow 198 < (1+\sqrt{2})^4 < 199 \sim$ $[(1+\sqrt{2})^4] = 198$ ✓	(2) (10)

$$\left| \frac{n-r}{r_{n+1}} \right| > 1 \quad n \neq -\frac{1}{r}$$

٢.ب

$$|n-r| > |r_{n+1}| \xrightarrow{\text{توان}} n^r - r_{n+1} > r_{n+1} + r_{n+1}$$

$$r_{n+1} + 1 \cdot n - r < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-r}{+1} \quad \frac{1}{r} \quad (-r, \frac{1}{r}) - \left\{ -\frac{1}{r} \right\}$$