

نام و نام خانوادگی: شماره: ۲۵ کلاس: یازدهم پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲۵ کلاس یازدهم A

$$\frac{1}{x-1} = |x-1| \rightarrow x-1 |x-1| = 1$$

$$x \geq 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x = 0 \rightarrow x = 0 \text{ یا } x = 2 \rightarrow x = 2$$

$$x \leq 1 \rightarrow -x^2 + 2x - 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$$

الف) $\left| \frac{x-1}{x} \right| < 2 \rightarrow -2 < \frac{x-1}{x} < 2 \rightarrow \frac{x-1}{x} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{x}} > 0$
 $\frac{1}{1-\frac{1}{x}} > 0 \rightarrow x > 0$

ب) $\left| \frac{x-2}{x+1} \right| > 1$

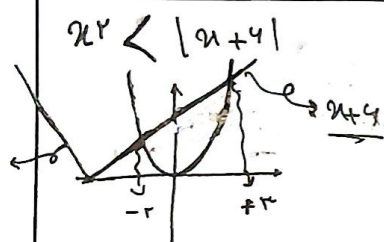
جواب ب: $\left[-\frac{2}{3}, \frac{1}{2} \right] \cup \left[\frac{1}{2}, 1 \right]$

$$\frac{x-2}{x+1} > 1 \rightarrow \frac{x-2-x-1}{x+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-2x-3}{x+1} > 0$$

$$\frac{x-2}{x+1} < -1 \rightarrow \frac{x-2+x+1}{x+1} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{2x-1}{x+1} < 0$$

$$\frac{-2x-3}{x+1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{-2x-3}{x+1} > 0 \rightarrow x < -\frac{3}{2} \text{ یا } x > -1$$

$$\frac{2x-1}{x+1} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{2x-1}{x+1} < 0 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} < x < -1$$



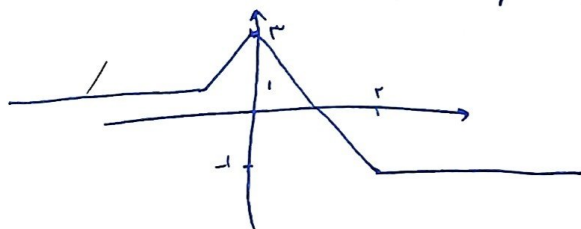
$$x^2 = x+4 \rightarrow x^2 - x - 4 = 0 \rightarrow (x-2)(x+2) = 0 \rightarrow x = -2, 2$$

$$\rightarrow -2 < x < 2 \rightarrow -2, \Delta < x - / \Delta < 2, \delta$$

$$\rightarrow |x - / \Delta| < 2, \delta \rightarrow \underline{\underline{\alpha = / \Delta}}$$

$$|x+1| - |x-1| = y$$

$$\frac{-1}{1} \quad \frac{0}{x+1} \quad \frac{1}{-x-1} \quad \frac{1}{-1}$$



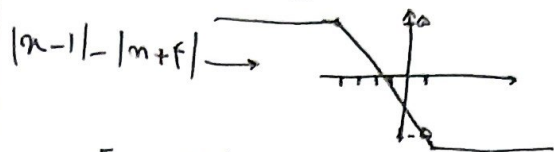
max $\rightarrow 2$
min $\rightarrow -2$

$$\frac{1}{2} |x| - 2 \xrightarrow{\text{و } 2} y = \left| \frac{1}{2} (x+2) \right| - 2 \xrightarrow{\text{و } 2} y = \left| \frac{1}{2} x + 1 \right| - 1$$

$$y = \left| \frac{1}{2} x \right| - 2 \text{ و } y = \left| \frac{1}{2} x + 1 \right| - 1 \rightarrow \left| \frac{1}{2} x \right| - 2 = \left| \frac{1}{2} x + 1 \right| - 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} x < 0 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} x < 0 \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} x - 2 = \frac{1}{2} x + 1 - 1 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{x = -2}}$$

الف) $f(x) = \lfloor |x-1| - |x+1| \rfloor$



$\rightarrow [0] = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ $[0, 1) = \{0\} \xrightarrow{f} [-1, 0)$

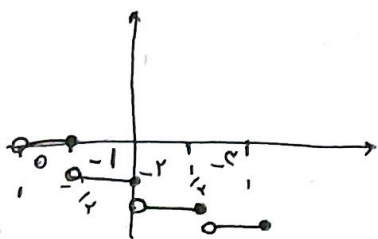
ب) $f(n) = \frac{1}{n} - \lfloor \frac{n+1}{n} \rfloor$

$f(n), \frac{1}{n} - \lfloor \frac{n+1}{n} \rfloor = \frac{1}{n} - \lfloor \frac{1}{n} \rfloor = 1$

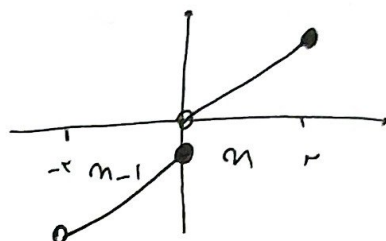
$0 \leq \lfloor \frac{1}{n} \rfloor \leq 1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{n} - \lfloor \frac{1}{n} \rfloor \rightarrow [0, 1)$

$[0, 1) = \{0\} \xrightarrow{f} [-1, 0)$

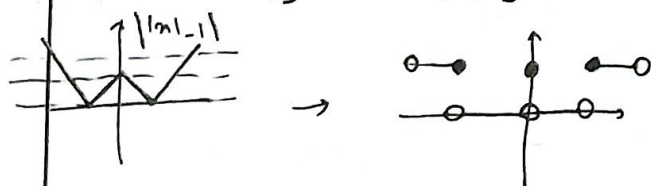
الف) $y = \lfloor -rx \rfloor - 1$



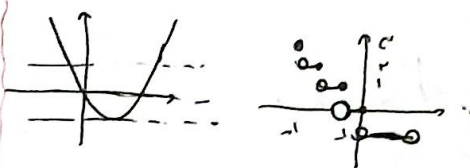
ب) $f(x) = x - \lfloor \frac{x}{r} \rfloor$ $x \in (-r, r)$



الف) $\lfloor \frac{|x|-1}{r} \rfloor$ $x \in [-r, r]$



ب) $y = \lfloor x^r - rx \rfloor$



$b = [a], r, f$

$a + [b], f, r$

$b = \cup, f$

$[a] + [b], f \rightarrow [b] = r$

$a = \cup, r$

$[b] - [a] = r, [a] = 1$

$b = r, f, a = 1, r$

$(1+\sqrt{r})^4 + (1-\sqrt{r})^4 = 19\lambda \rightarrow (1+\sqrt{r})^4 \geq 19\lambda - (1-\sqrt{r})^4$

$-4 < 1-\sqrt{r} < 0 \rightarrow 0 < (1-\sqrt{r})^4 < 1 \rightarrow -1 > -(1-\sqrt{r})^4 > 0 \rightarrow 19\sqrt{19\lambda - (1-\sqrt{r})^4} < 19\lambda$

$\rightarrow 19\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{r})^4} < 19\lambda \rightarrow \lfloor (1+\sqrt{r})^4 \rfloor = 19\lambda$