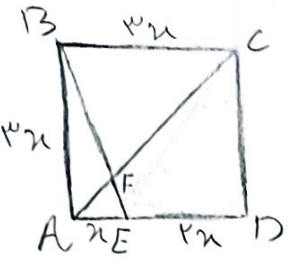


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مسئله ۱۰۰



$AE = x$
 $BE = \sqrt{9x^2 + x^2} = x\sqrt{10}$
 $\triangle BFC \sim \triangle AEF \Rightarrow \frac{BF}{FE} = \frac{3x}{x} = 3 \Rightarrow BF = 3FE$
 $\Rightarrow BF + FE = x\sqrt{10} \Rightarrow 3FE + FE = x\sqrt{10} \Rightarrow FE = \frac{x\sqrt{10}}{4}$

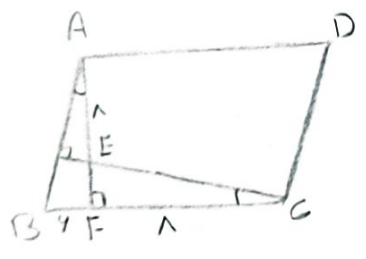
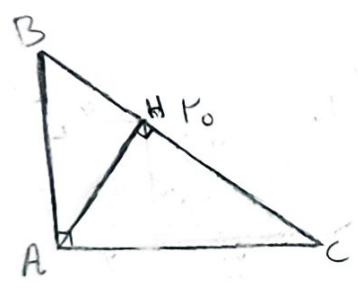
$AC = \sqrt{9x^2 + 9x^2} = 3\sqrt{2}x$
 $\triangle BFC \sim \triangle AEF \Rightarrow \frac{CF}{AF} = \frac{3x}{x} = 3 \Rightarrow CF = 3AF$
 $\Rightarrow CF + FA = 3\sqrt{2}x \Rightarrow 3AF + AF = 3\sqrt{2}x \Rightarrow AF = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4}x$

$\frac{EF}{AF} = \frac{\frac{x\sqrt{10}}{4}}{\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4}x} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{3\sqrt{2}}$

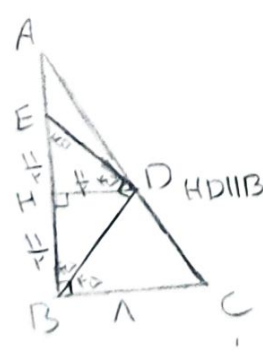
$\triangle AED \sim \triangle ABC \Rightarrow \frac{AD}{AB} = \frac{AE}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{2x}{2x} = \frac{x}{3\sqrt{2}x} \Rightarrow 1 = \frac{1}{3\sqrt{2}}$

$DE \parallel BC \Rightarrow \frac{AE}{AC} = \frac{DE}{BC} \Rightarrow \frac{x}{3\sqrt{2}x} = \frac{DE}{3\sqrt{2}x} \Rightarrow DE = x$

$\triangle HDE \sim \triangle HFC \Rightarrow \frac{DE}{FC} = \frac{HE}{HF} = \frac{HD}{HC}$
 $BC = 3DE$
 $BF + FC = 3DE$
 $3 + FC = 3DE$
 $3 = \frac{3}{2}FC \Rightarrow FC = 2$
 $\Rightarrow BC = 3 + 2 = 5$



$\triangle EFC \sim \triangle AEF \Rightarrow \frac{FC}{AF} = \frac{EF}{BF} \Rightarrow \frac{12}{12+EF} = \frac{EF}{4}$
 $EF^2 + 12EF - 48 = 0$
 $(EF+12)(EF-4) = 0$
 $EF = 4$
 $AF = 12 + 4 = 16$



$HD \parallel BC \Rightarrow \frac{AH}{AB} = \frac{HD}{BC} \Rightarrow \frac{AE + \frac{11}{2}}{AE + 11} = \frac{\frac{11}{2}}{11}$
 $11AE + 11 \cdot \frac{11}{2} = \frac{11}{2}AE + \frac{11 \cdot 11}{2}$
 $\frac{11}{2}AE = \frac{11 \cdot 11}{2} \Rightarrow AE = 11$

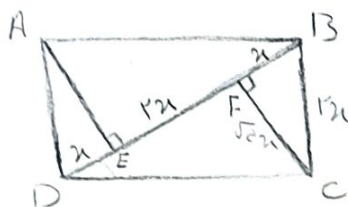
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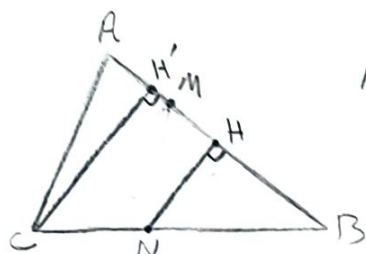
$$DE = x$$

$$FC^2 = FD \cdot FB \Rightarrow FC = \sqrt{3}x$$

$$BC^2 = BF^2 + CF^2 \Rightarrow BC = 2x$$

$$DC^2 = DF^2 + CF^2 \Rightarrow DC = \sqrt{3}x$$

$$\frac{S_{BCF}}{S_{ABCD}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \cdot FC \cdot EF}{\frac{1}{2} \cdot AC \cdot BD} = \frac{1}{4}$$

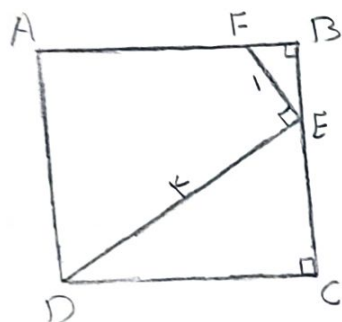


$$\triangle NHB \sim \triangle CH'B \Rightarrow \frac{NH}{CH'} = \frac{BN}{BC} = \frac{BN}{BN+CN} = \frac{BN}{BN+\frac{2}{3}BN} = \frac{3}{5}$$

$$\frac{S_{MNB}}{S_{ABC}} = \frac{NH}{CH'} \times \frac{MB}{AB} = \frac{3}{5} \times \frac{1/3}{1} = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{MB}{AB} = \frac{1}{9} \quad \frac{MB}{AB-MB} = \frac{1}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{MB}{AM} = \frac{1}{8}$$



$$\angle FEB + \angle FED + \angle DEC = 180^\circ$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \angle FEB + \angle DEC &= 90^\circ \\ \angle FEB + \angle FED &= 90^\circ \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \angle DEC = \angle FED \Rightarrow \triangle FEB \sim \triangle DEC$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{FB}{EC} = \frac{BE}{CD} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow FB = EC, BE = CD, BE = BE + EC, 3BE = EC$$

$$FB^2 + BE^2 = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}BE\right)^2 + BE^2 = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{9}BE^2 = 1 \Rightarrow BE = \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \Rightarrow EC = 3 \times \frac{1}{3} = 1, \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow S_{ABCD} = BC^2 = (1 + \frac{1}{3})^2 = \frac{16}{9}$$

۱- در مثلث AGC به علت اینکه GE=EC است AE میانه است و چون BD میانه است پس AD=DC و GD میانه دیگری در مثلث AGC است مثل برخورد دو میانه است پس داریم:

$$\frac{FD}{DG} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{DG}{BD} = \frac{1}{3} \Rightarrow \frac{FD}{DG} \times \frac{DG}{BD} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{9} = \frac{FD}{BD} \Rightarrow \frac{BD}{FD} = 9$$

BD میانه است پس داریم: