

$n=1 \rightarrow r^n = r^{A+B}$   
 $n=r \rightarrow r^n = r^{A+B}$

$1 = r^0 = r^{A+B} \rightarrow A+B=0$   
 $9 = r^2 = r^{2A+B} \rightarrow 2A+B=2$   
 $\left. \begin{matrix} A+B=0 \\ 2A+B=2 \end{matrix} \right\} \begin{matrix} A=1 \\ B=-1 \end{matrix}$   
 $f(n) = r^{n-1}$   
 $n=3 \rightarrow r^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)$  ✓

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$\log_2(\epsilon^n + 10) = n + 3$   
 $r^{n+c} = \epsilon^n + 10$

$r^n = t \rightarrow t^2 - 1t + 10 = 0$   
 $(t-5)(t-2) = 0$

$r^n = 5 \Rightarrow n = \log_2 5$   
 $r^n = 2 \Rightarrow n = \log_2 2$   
 $\Rightarrow \log_2 10 = \log_2 5 + \log_2 2$  ✓

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$(\log_{r_1} r_1^u + \log_{r_1} r_1^v) (\log_{r_1} r_1^u + \log_{r_1} r_1^v) + (\log_{r_1} r_1^c)^2$

$2 + \log_{r_1}^2 + 2 \log_{r_1}^u + \log_{r_1}^v \log_{r_1}^u + \log_{r_1}^c (\log_{r_1}^u + \log_{r_1}^v)$   
 $2 + 1 + 1 = 4$  ✓

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$\log_2(n-1)^2 + c \log_2(1-n) = 0$

$n-1 < 2 \Rightarrow$   
 $-n+1 <$

$\rightarrow 2 \log_2(1-n) + c \log_2(1-n) = 0 \Rightarrow \log_2(1-n) = 0 \Rightarrow 1-n=1 \Rightarrow n=-1$  ✓

$-n=1 \rightarrow \log_2 2 = 1$  ✓

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$\log_2(n^2 - r)(n^2 + r) = 3 \Rightarrow n^2 - 1 = 1 \Rightarrow n^2 = 2 \Rightarrow n = \sqrt{2}$  ✓

$\log_2 \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = 0$  ✓

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$$-\log \frac{1}{a} = +\log a$$

$$\log(r-n) + \log(m-r)^r = r$$

$$\begin{aligned} &\leftarrow r \text{ auf } \sqrt{\phantom{x}} \\ m-r &\rightarrow -n+r \end{aligned}$$

$$\log(r-n) + r \log(r-n) = r$$

$$\log(r-n) = 1 \rightarrow r-n = 1. \quad n = -1 \quad \checkmark \quad \log \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \log \frac{r^0}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \textcircled{9} \quad \checkmark$$

$$r^{n^r - r} = r^{\epsilon n}$$

$$n^r - \epsilon n - r = 0$$

$$\frac{\epsilon \pm \sqrt{\epsilon^2 - 4}}{2} = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{4}}{2} \quad \checkmark \rightarrow \log \frac{\sqrt{4}}{4} = \textcircled{\frac{1}{r}} \quad \checkmark$$

~~$r - \sqrt{4}$~~   $\times$

= in def. insb.  $\rightarrow$   $< 0$

$$\frac{\log r}{\log r} = \frac{\delta k}{\lambda k}$$

$$\frac{r \log r}{r \log r + \log r} = \frac{10k}{14k + 0k} = \frac{10}{14} = \textcircled{\frac{5}{7}} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{\log r}{r \log r} = \frac{\lambda}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda k}{\delta k}$$

$$\frac{\log r + \log r}{r \log r + \log r} = \frac{\lambda k + \delta k}{10k + \lambda k} = \textcircled{\frac{14}{18}} \quad \checkmark \approx 77\% \dots$$

$$m=1 \rightarrow a \log r - a + b \log r = (a+b) \log r = a \rightarrow \frac{a+b}{a} = \frac{1}{\log r}$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 + \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1 \cdot \log r}{\log r} = \log r \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \log r$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \log r = r \cdot \log \sqrt{r} = \sqrt{r} \log r = \textcircled{\sqrt{8}} \quad \checkmark$$