

$f(x) = \mu^{Ax+B}$ تقاطع $\left\{ \begin{matrix} (1, y) \\ (2, y_2) \end{matrix} \right\} \Rightarrow$ عرض از مبدا $f(x) = ?$

$y = \mu^x \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} x=1 & y=\mu^1 & y=1 \\ x=2 & y=\mu^2 & y=9 \end{matrix} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} 1 = \mu^{A+B} \\ 9 = \mu^{2A+B} \end{matrix} \right.$

$\Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} A+B=0 \\ \mu A+B=2 \end{matrix} \right. \Rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} -A-B=0 \\ +\mu A+B=2 \end{matrix} \right. \oplus \rightarrow \mu A=2 \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{matrix} A=1 \\ B=-1 \end{matrix} \right.$ عرض از مبدا \leftarrow $\mu^0 = 1$

$\Rightarrow f(x) = \mu^B = \mu^{-1} = \left(\frac{1}{\mu} \right) \checkmark$

$\log_y (x^2 + 15) = x + 3 \xrightarrow{\log_a b = c} x^2 + 15 = y^{x+3} \rightarrow (y^x)^2 + 15 = y^x \times y^3 \rightarrow (y^x)^2 + 15 = y^x \times y^3$

\Rightarrow تغییر متغیر $y^x = t \rightarrow t^2 - 1t + 15 = 0 \rightarrow (t-5)(t-3) = 0$

$t = 5 \rightarrow y^x = 5 \rightarrow x = \log_y 5$

$t = 3 \rightarrow y^x = 3 \rightarrow x = \log_y 3$

\Rightarrow مجموع جوابها $= \log_y 5 + \log_y 3 = \log_y 15 \checkmark$

$(\log_{y_1} \mu)^2 + \log_{y_1} (14V) \cdot \log_{y_1} (1323) = ? \xrightarrow{x \cdot y} \left\{ \begin{matrix} 14V = V \times 21 \\ 1323 = 9 \times 14V \end{matrix} \right. \rightarrow \log_{y_1}^{14V} \times 2 \log_{y_1}^9$

$\rightarrow (\log_{y_1} \mu)^2 + (\log_{y_1} \mu \times \log_{y_1} 9) \Rightarrow (\log_{y_1} \mu)^2 + (\log_{y_1} \mu \cdot \log_{y_1} 9 + (\log_{y_1} \mu)^2)$

$\rightarrow (\log_{y_1} \mu + \log_{y_1} 9)^2 = (\log_{y_1} \mu \times V \times 21)^2 = (\log_{y_1} \mu \times V \times 21)^2 = \mu^2 = 4 \checkmark$

$\log_y (x^2 - 2x + 1) + 3 \log_y (1-x) = 5 \rightarrow \log_y (x-1)^2 + \log_y (1-x)^3 = 5$

$\log_y (-x) = ? \rightarrow (x-1)^2 \rightarrow \log_y - (x-1)^2 = 5 \rightarrow - (x-1)^2 = 10$

$\Rightarrow -x+1 = 10 \rightarrow x = -9 \checkmark$

$\Rightarrow \log_y (-x) = \log_y 9 = 2 \checkmark$

$\log_y (x^2 + 2x + 1) + \log_y (x-2) = 3 \rightarrow \log_y (x^2 + 2x + 1)(x-2) = 3$

$\log_y^{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}} = ? \Rightarrow x^{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}} = 14 \rightarrow x = \sqrt[3]{14} = y^{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}}$

$\rightarrow \log_y^{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}} = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x}} \log_y^{\frac{x}{\sqrt{x}}} = 3 \checkmark$

$\log^{(r-x)} - \log \frac{1}{(x-r)^r} = r \Rightarrow \log^{(r-x)} - \log^{(r-x)-r} = r \Rightarrow \log^{(r-x)} - r \log^{(r-x)} = r$ (2)

$\log^{(r-x)} = r$

$\Rightarrow r \log^{(r-x)} = r \rightarrow \log^{(r-x)} = 1 \Rightarrow r-x=10 \rightarrow x = -1$ ✓

$\hookrightarrow \log^{+1} = \log^{+r} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{\frac{1}{r}} \log^r = 4$ ✓

$r^{x^r-r} = 11 \rightarrow r^{x^r} \div r^r = (r^r)^{11} \rightarrow r^{x^r} = r^{r \cdot 11} \rightarrow x^r = r \cdot 11 \rightarrow x^r - r \cdot 11 = 0$ (2)

$\log_4^{(x-r)} = 8$

$\Rightarrow x = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{14+11}}{r} = \frac{r \pm \sqrt{25}}{r} = r \pm \sqrt{4}$

$r + \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \checkmark$
 $r - \sqrt{4} \rightarrow \text{X}$

$\hookrightarrow \log_4^{(r+\sqrt{4}-r)} = \log_4^{\sqrt{4}} = \frac{1}{2}$ ✓

$\log^r = \frac{a}{11}$

$\log^1 = 8$

$\frac{\log^1}{\log^1} \Rightarrow C=2 \rightarrow \frac{\log^r}{\log^r + \log^9} = \frac{r \log^r}{1 + \log^r} = \frac{r}{1 + \frac{r}{a}} = \frac{r}{1 + \frac{14}{a}}$ (2)

$\Rightarrow \frac{r}{\frac{r}{a}} = \frac{r \times a}{r \times r} = \frac{a}{r}$ ✓

$\log^r = 0.11$

$\log^4 = 8$

$\log^4 = \frac{\log^r + \log^r}{\log^r + r \log^r} \rightarrow C=r \Rightarrow \frac{\log^r + \log^r}{\log^r + r \log^r} \cdot \log^r = 0.11$ (2)

$\log^r = \frac{1}{r}$

$\Rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{r} + 0.11}{0.11 + r \times \frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1 \cdot r}{1 \cdot 11} = \frac{13}{11}$ ✓

$(a \log^r) x^r + a x + b \log^r = 0 \quad \alpha = -1 \quad \beta \rightarrow a + c = b$

$(\sqrt{r})^{\frac{b}{a}} = 8$

$\hookrightarrow a \log^r + b \log^r = a \rightarrow b \log^r = a - a \log^r = a(1 - \log^r)$ (2)

$\Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = \frac{1 - \log^r}{\log^r} = \frac{\log^1 - \log^r}{\log^r} = \frac{\log^0}{\log^r} = \log^{\frac{0}{r}}$

$\hookrightarrow (\sqrt{r})^{\frac{1-\log^r}{\log^r}} \rightarrow a \log^{\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}} = a^{\frac{1}{r}} = \sqrt{a}$ ✓