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$$S = \overbrace{r_n \times r_n}^{\text{نسبت}} \times \sin 100 = r_n^2 \times \frac{1}{r} = r_n^2 = \omega^2 \rightarrow r_n^2 = 11 \rightarrow r_n = \sqrt{11}$$

$$P = 2(r_n + r_n) = 4r_n = 4(\sqrt{11}) = \boxed{4\sqrt{11}}$$

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$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{r} \times AB \times AC \times \sin A \quad \text{زاویه بین } AC, AB$$

$$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{r} \times \omega \times V \times \sin A$$

$$S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{r} \times r^2 \times V \times \sin A \rightarrow \Delta S = \frac{1}{r} \times V \times \sin A = hV\omega \rightarrow \sin A = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\rightarrow \hat{A} = 100^\circ \rightarrow \tan A = \tan 100 = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{11}}{r}}$$

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$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{\cos \alpha}} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{1}{\cot \alpha}$$

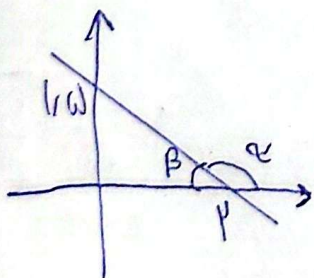
$$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$$

$$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow |\sin \alpha| = -\sin \alpha$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$$

$$\rightarrow \tan \alpha = \frac{-\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} = -\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$$

مربع μ \cos



$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha\right) = \cot \alpha$$

$$\text{چون } \alpha + \beta = 110 \rightarrow \cot \alpha = -\cot \beta = -\frac{r}{\mu} = \boxed{-\frac{r}{\mu}}$$

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-ω

$$\frac{\mu \cos(\mu \theta) - \nu \sin(\mu \theta)}{\sin(\mu \theta) - \cos(\mu \theta)} = \frac{-\mu \sin \mu \theta - \nu \sin \mu \theta}{-\sin \mu \theta - \sin \mu \theta} = \frac{-\omega \sin \mu \theta}{-2 \sin \mu \theta} = \frac{\omega}{2} = \boxed{\nu, \omega}$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha \leftarrow \sin(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{\mu}) - \sin(\alpha - \pi)}{\tan^2(\alpha) = 1}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{\mu}{\omega}$$

-γ

$$\sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{\mu^2}{\omega^2} = \frac{\omega^2 - \mu^2}{\omega^2}$$

$$\frac{\mu \omega}{\sin \alpha \omega} = \frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\mu} = \sin \alpha \implies \tan \alpha = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\mu}}{\frac{\mu}{\omega}} = \frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\mu}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{|\tan \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\frac{\mu}{\omega} - \frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\mu}}{|\frac{\mu}{\omega} - 1|} = \frac{\mu - \sqrt{\omega}}{\mu} = \frac{\mu(\mu - \sqrt{\omega})}{\mu} = \boxed{\frac{\mu - \sqrt{\omega}}{\mu}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \mu \cos \alpha$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \implies \mu^2 \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \omega \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \implies \cos \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{\omega}}{\omega}$$

-ν

$$\mu m x + (\mu^2 - 1)y = \mu \implies a = -\frac{\mu m}{\mu^2 - 1} \quad (I)$$

$$\tan \theta_0 = \sqrt{\mu} \implies \frac{\mu m}{\mu^2 - 1} = \sqrt{\mu} \implies \sqrt{\mu} m^2 + \mu - \sqrt{\mu} = 0$$

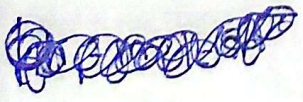
$$\Delta = (\mu)^2 - 4(-\sqrt{\mu})(-\sqrt{\mu}) = \mu + 4\mu = 5\mu$$

$$m_1 = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{\mu}{\mu - \sqrt{\mu}}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{\mu}} = \frac{-\omega}{\mu - \sqrt{\mu}}$$

$$|m_1 - m_2| = \left| \frac{\mu}{\mu - \sqrt{\mu}} \right| = \frac{\mu}{\sqrt{\mu}} = \boxed{\frac{\mu}{\mu}}$$

-λ



$$\tan\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right) = \frac{1-m}{1+m}$$

$$-\frac{\pi}{4} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{4} \rightarrow 0 < \frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha < \frac{\pi}{2}$$

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↳ ربع اول $\rightarrow \tan > 0$

س

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1-m}{1+m} > 0 \rightarrow -1 < m < 1$$

$$\tan(\pi_0) \cos(\pi_0) + \tan(\pi_0) \sin(\pi_0) = -\tan \pi_0 \times -\cos \pi_0 + (-\cot \pi_0) \times \cos \pi_0$$

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$$\rightarrow (-\sqrt{3}) \left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) + (-\sqrt{3}) \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{3}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 0$$