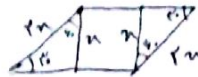


مسئله هندسی
مساحت Δ و Δ' را بیابید



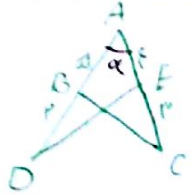
→



$h = r \sin(\alpha)$
 $h = r \sin(\alpha)$

$S = r \sin \alpha = 0.8$
 $r^2 = 16$
 $r = 4\sqrt{2}$

$r(r + r \cos \alpha) = 16 \Rightarrow r = 4\sqrt{2}$



مساحت ΔADE و ΔABC را بیابید

$S_{ABC} = \frac{a \times b \times \sin \alpha}{2}$

$S_{ADE} = \frac{e \times v \times \sin \alpha}{2}$

$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{2} a \sin \alpha = 16$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$
 $\alpha = 30^\circ$

Global

$\tan \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{r}$

$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3} \sin \alpha} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$

$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$

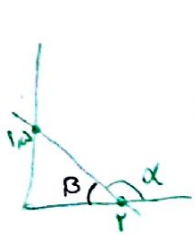
$\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha}$

$\rightarrow \frac{-\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$

→ $\sin \alpha < 0$
 $\cos \alpha < 0$ } ربع سوم

→ $\cos \alpha < 0$

مسئله هندسی



$\beta = \pi - \alpha$

$\beta - \frac{\pi}{2} = \frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} - \alpha) = ?$ $\tan(\beta - \frac{\pi}{2}) = -\cot(\beta) = \frac{-\epsilon}{r}$

$\frac{r \cos(r \cos \alpha) - r \sin(r \sin \alpha)}{\sin(r \cos \alpha) - \cos(r \sin \alpha)}$ $\frac{r \cos(r \cos \alpha) - r \sin(r \sin \alpha)}{\sin(r \cos \alpha) - \cos(r \sin \alpha)}$

→ $= \frac{-r \sin(r \cos \alpha) - r \sin(r \sin \alpha)}{-\sin(r \cos \alpha) - \sin(r \sin \alpha)} = \frac{r}{r} = r$

$\cos \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2}}$
 $\sin \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{\omega^2}}{\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2}}$
 $\tan \alpha = \frac{-\sqrt{\omega^2}}{r}$

$$\frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha) - \sin(\alpha - \frac{\pi}{r})}{|\tan \alpha - 1|} = \frac{\cos(\alpha) + \sin(\alpha)}{|\tan \alpha - 1|}$$

$$\rightarrow = \frac{\frac{r}{\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\omega^2}}{\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{r^2 + \omega^2}}} = \frac{r - \sqrt{\omega^2}}{1} = r - \sqrt{\omega^2}$$

$\sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha$
 $C + S < 0$
 $\cos \alpha = ? \frac{-\sqrt{\omega^2}}{\omega}$

$S^r + C^r = 1$
 $(rC)^r + C^r = 1 \rightarrow r^r C^r + C^r = 1$
 $C^r = \frac{1}{r^r + 1}$
 $|C| = \frac{\sqrt{\omega^2}}{\omega}$

$Ym m + (m^2 - 1)y = r$ $y = \frac{-r m}{m^2 - 1} x + \frac{r}{m^2 - 1}$

میدان (میدان) ...

$d = 4, \tan \alpha = \sqrt{r^2} = \frac{-r m}{m^2 - 1}$ $\sqrt{r^2} m^2 + r m - \sqrt{r^2} = 0$
 m $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{1}{\sqrt{r^2}} \\ \frac{-r}{\sqrt{r^2}} \end{array} \right.$

m ... $\frac{1}{\sqrt{r^2}} - \frac{-r}{\sqrt{r^2}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r^2}} = \frac{r}{r} = 1$

$-\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} < \alpha < \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}$

$\tan(\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} - \alpha) = \frac{1 - m}{r + m}$

$\frac{1 - m}{r + m} = \frac{-r}{-b + b -}$

$-\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} < -\alpha < \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}$
 $\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} - \alpha < \frac{\pi}{\epsilon}$

$0 < \tan(\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} - \alpha) < \infty$

m ... $m: (-r, 1)$

$\tan(r \cdot) \cos(r \cdot) + \tan(\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} \cdot) \sin(\frac{\pi}{\epsilon} \cdot)$

$-\sqrt{r^2} \left(\frac{-\sqrt{r^2}}{r} \right) + \left(\sqrt{r^2} \right) \frac{\sqrt{r^2}}{r} = 0$