

۱۹, ۷۵

نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۱۷. کلاس:
 نام و نام خانوادگی:
 کلاس: شماره: ۱۷

$S = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C \Rightarrow \frac{9}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} \times \sin \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $\alpha_1 = 45^\circ$
 $\alpha_2 = 135^\circ$ } (برابر) ✓

۲
۱

$\cos \alpha = \frac{10}{r} = \frac{10}{\sqrt{10}} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$
 $\sqrt{10} = r \sin \alpha$
 $r = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\sin \alpha}$

۲
۲

$\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{n}{r} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{n}{r}$
 $\frac{n}{r} = \frac{1 - \frac{9}{2r}}{\frac{9}{2r}} \rightarrow r = \frac{2 \cdot 9}{2 - 9/r}$
 $r = 9$

۱, ۷۵
۳

$\tan(\pi - \alpha) = \frac{\sqrt{v}}{1} \Rightarrow \tan \alpha = -\frac{\sqrt{v}}{1}$

۲
۴

$r \tan^2 \alpha + 1 = \frac{r}{\cos^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow \frac{r}{\cos^2 \alpha} = r(1 + \tan^2 \alpha)$
 $\frac{r}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{r}{\cos^2 \alpha}$
 $\tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$

۲
۵

$$\sin^2 \alpha = 1 - \cos^2 \alpha \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = (1 - \cos^2 \alpha)^r$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{\cos^2 \alpha + 1 - \sin^2 \alpha}{1 + \cos^2 \alpha} = \cos^2 \alpha + 1 - \sin^2 \alpha - 1$$

$\text{---} (\cos^2 \alpha) \checkmark$

(r)

9

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{r} + \alpha\right) \cos\left(\alpha + \frac{\pi}{r}\right) - \tan\left(\alpha - \frac{r\pi}{r}\right)$$

$$-\cos \alpha \sin \alpha + \cos \alpha \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{-1/r}{10} + \frac{1/r}{r} = \frac{1/r}{10} \checkmark$$

(r)

7

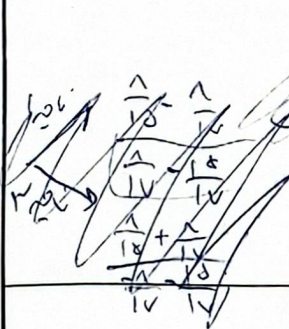
$$r \cos \frac{\pi}{r} + \sqrt{r} \left(\frac{\sin \frac{\pi}{r}}{r} - \cos \frac{\pi}{r} \right) = \frac{r}{r} - 1 = \frac{1}{r} \checkmark$$

~~$-r \sin \frac{\pi}{r}$~~

(r)

1

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10}$$



~~... (r) ...~~

~~... (r) ...~~

~~... (r) ...~~

~~... (r) ...~~

$$\frac{1}{10} - \frac{1}{10} = \frac{1}{10} \checkmark$$

$$k\pi < \alpha < k\pi + \frac{\pi}{r}$$

$$r k \pi < \alpha < r k \pi + \pi$$

(r)

9

$$r \sin \alpha < r \sin \alpha \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sin \alpha > 0$$

$\text{---} (\sin \alpha > 0) \checkmark$

... $\rightarrow \sin \alpha < 0$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} > 0 \rightarrow \cos \alpha > 0$$

$\text{---} (\cos \alpha > 0) \checkmark$

(r)

1.